

# WJ200 Series Inverter Quick Reference Guide

- Single-phase Input 200V class
- Three-phase Input 200V class
- Three-phase Input 400V class

Manual Number: NT3251EX Refer to the Instruction Manual for detail
May 2020

Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd.

#### Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Hitachi WJ200 Series Inverter.

This Quick Reference Guide describes how to handle and maintain the Hitachi WJ200 Series Inverter. Read this Quick Reference Guide carefully before using the inverter, and then keep it handy for those who operate, maintain, and inspect the inverter.

Before and during the installation, operation and inspection of the inverter, always refer to this Quick Reference Guide to obtain the necessary related knowledge, and ensure you understand and follow all safety information, precautions, and operating and handling instructions for the correct use of the inverter.

Always use the inverter strictly within the range of the specifications described in this Quick Reference Guide and correctly implement maintenance and inspections to prevent faults occurring.

When using the inverter together with optional products, also read the manuals for those products.

In the manual that relates to this inverter, there are another of this Quick Reference Guide and "WJ200 series Instruction Manual".

Please read the manual when you want to hear of a more detailed content about this inverter. It is not described in Quick Reference Guide, and a detailed content can be confirmed.

Note that this Quick Reference Guide and the manual for each optional product to be used should be delivered to the end user of the inverter.

#### Handling of this Quick Reference Guide

- The contents of this Quick Reference Guide are subject to change without prior notice.
- Even if you lose this Quick Reference Guide, it will not be resupplied, so please keep it carefully.
- No part of this Quick Reference Guide may be reproduced in any form without the publisher's permission.
- If you find any incorrect description, missing description or have a question concerning the contents of this Quick Reference Guide, please contact the publisher.

#### Cautions

#### ■ For a proper use

Before using the inverter, carefully read this Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual of inverter and the Instruction Manuals for optional products.

In addition, any personnel handling or performing maintenance of the product must read carefully the inverter's Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual and each optional products instruction manuals.

Before any attempt to install, operate, maintain or inspect this equipment, a complete understanding of the equipment specifications, safety instructions, precautions, handling and operation instructions is required. Follow all the specifications and instructions for a proper use. Additionally, review the inverter's Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual and each optional product instruction manuals periodically.

#### ■Precautions

It is prohibited to reproduce or reform this document partially or totally in any form without the publisher's permission.

The contents of the document are subject to change without prior notice.

Any handling, maintenance or operation method NOT described on the inverter's Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual and each optional product instruction manuals is not covered by the product warranty. DO NOT perform any procedure NOT described on the WJ200 and optional product guides since it can be the cause of unexpected failures or accidents.

We are not responsible for any impact from operations regardless of unexpected failure or accident due to operation or handling of the product in a manner not specified on the inverter's Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual and each optional product instruction manuals. We appreciate your understanding.

If you find any unclear or incorrect description, missing description, or misplaced or missing pages, please inform the Hitachi inverter technical service office or the supplier where this device was puchased.

Note that, in case the inverter's Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual and each optional product instruction manuals are enclosed, they should be delivered to the end user of the inverter. For details information, please contact the supplier where this device was puchased.

#### **Product Warranty and Inquiry**

- About Product Inquiry
  - For an inquiry about product damage or faults or a question about the product, notify your supplier or Hitachi inverter technical service office.
  - When contacting the technical service, please provide the following information.
    - Model: WJ200 followed by model code on the specification label.
    - Manufacturer Number (MFG No.): It shows on the specification label.
    - Date of purchase: Purchase date by customer.
    - Inquiry contents:
      - Inform us the defective point and its condition.
      - Inform us the suspicious content and its detail.

#### ■ Product Warranty

- The product WJ200 will be warranted by Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd. (afterwards referred as "Hitachi") during the warranty period from your date of purchase only under proper usage of product.
- However, the warranty expressed here is covered only for products delivered from Hitachi, and will not be responsible for others damage or loss of products like a motor or any equipment or systems damage caused by improper usage of the product. We recommend applying safety design which is able to provide a hazard notice to the user in case of malfunction or damage of the delivered product to minimize the consequences on other equipment or system. We advise that the selection of the delivered product is done with sufficient margin for performance, as well as using redundant design for other equipment or systems. Also, the compatibility of the product with the customer's intended use is not warranted, hence the customer has the responsibility to perform validation tests before any operation.
- In case a defective product is delivered, or quality failure during the manufacturing process are detected, Hitachi
  will repair or exchange the product free of charge, only during the product warranty period (afterward, we call
  "warranty service").

- The product will be warranted for one year from the date of purchase. However, depending on the case, actual expenses for sending technical assistance will be charged to the customer. Also, Hitachi will not be responsible of any readjustment or testing on site.
- Warranty period for repaired or replaced part based on a warranty service is 6 months after the repair is completed for the relevant part. Hitachi will be responsible for repairing or exchanging the previously exchanged or repaired part only during this warranty period.
- In order to receive warranty service, you should present the receipt issued by the product supplier or any other document that allow us to check the purchase date. However, any defects, damage, malfunction or any other failure caused by one of the following facts will not be covered by warranty service.
  - (1) Cannot confirm the purchase date.
  - (2) The damage or fault resulted from improper usage or inadequate handling of the product or usage that does not comply with the instructions described in the Instruction Manual or Quick Reference Guide.
  - (3) Incorrect usage of the product and/or the inverter, inadequate setting of the product and/or the inverter, remodeling or inadequate repair or repair carried out by an unqualified repair center.
  - (4) Deterioration and wear as result of normal operation.
  - (5) Fault resulted from natural disaster, such as earthquake, fire disaster, lightning strike, pollution, salt pollution, or abnormal voltage or any others external factors.
  - (6) Shock, falling, or Vibration resulted during transportation or displacement after purchase.
  - (7) Damage or fault resulted from remodeling firmware by unqualified personal not belonging to Hitachi.
  - (8) Damage or fault resulted from using a function program (EzSQ).
- By warranty service, It is very likely that parameters and customer created EzSQ program data will be lost. Make
  sure to back up by own responsibility. However, in case of malfunction resulting from the circuit board of the
  storage devices, the backup will not be possible. It is recommended to keep a backup during the testing phase by
  using Remote Operator(option) or PC software ProDriveNext.

#### ■Liability Limitation

- In this product warranty, all warranties offered to the customer are stipulated, and neither Hitachi, affiliated companies nor related dealers are liable to any express warranties or implied warranties including, but not limited to, product merchantability or specific application fitness.
- Also, Hitachi, affiliated companies or related dealers are not responsible of any incidental damage, special damage, direct loss, or indirect loss (even predictable or not) sustained by the customer as a result of a faulty product.

#### ■Using the Warranty Service

- The customer is able to receive a warranty service during the warranty period from the product supplier or local Hitachi inverter sales office, if the product does not meet the specifications described in Instruction Manual or this guide. However, the Instruction Manual will have priority in case of mismatching content between this and the Instruction Manual.
- A fare-paying service can also be obtained by contacting your supplier, local Hitachi distributor, or local Hitachi inverter sales office.

#### ■ Precautions for Product Operation

- The product should be operated following the working conditions, handling methods and precautions described in Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual or other technical Document.
- Make sure that the Hitachi inverter is correctly configured and installed for the intended purpose in the designed system.
- When using the Hitachi inverter implement the take following actions.
  - (1) Select an inverter with sufficient capacity for the rated current and performance of custmer facilities.
  - (2) Implement safety design such as redundant system design.
  - (3) Implement safety design which minimizes risks in case of an inverter failure.
  - (4) Design the system in a way it can warn the operator about any danger.
  - (5) Carry out periodic maintenance to the customer's equipment as well as the inverter.
- Hitachi inverter is designed and manufactured intentionally to be applied for general industrial equipment
  application. It is not intended to be used for the applications listed below therefore. In case inverter is used for
  these applications, it is out of warranty unless there is a special written agreement.
  - (1) For special application such as aircraft, spacecraft, nuclear, electric power, passenger transportation, medical, submarine repeater, etc.
  - (2) For application such as elevator, amusement equipment, medical equipment which might have a big effect on human life and property.
- Even for above application, in case there is an agreement for the limitation of the purpose and quality, please contact to our sales office. Further study will be carried out to check whether inverter is applicable for that specific application or not.
- For applications that involve human life, or have risk of important loss, make sure to avoid a critical accident by installing a fail-safe device, protecting device, detecting device, alarm device, or spare device, etc.
- This inverter is only for three phase induction motor [IM] or three phase synchronous motor [SM(PMM)].
- · For any other application make inquiries.

#### ■Change on Product Specifications

 Please be aware that the information described in Brochure, Quick Reference Guide, Instruction Manual or Technical Document might be modified without notice.

#### ■Supplement

- This warranty term will not restrict a legal right of customer who has purchased the product.
- · Please contact your sales agent for warranty of products.

#### ■ Contact Information

#### Hitachi America, Ltd. (Charlotte Office)

Industrial Components and Equipment Division 6901 Northpark Blvd., Suite A, Charlotte, NC 28216, U.S.A

TEL: +1(704) 494-3008 FAX: +1(704) 599-4108

#### Hitachi Europe GmbH

Industrial Components & Equipment Group Niederkasseler Lohweg191, 40547 Dusseldorf,

Germany TEL: +49-211-5283-0 FAX: +49-211-204-9049

#### Hitachi Asia Ltd.

Industrial Components & Equipment Division No.30 Pioneer Crescent, #10-15 West Park Bizcentral, Singapore 628560.

Singapore TEL: +65-6305-7400 FAX: +65-6305-7401

#### Hitachi Australia pty Ltd.

Suite 801, Level 8, 123 Epping Road, North Ryde, NSW,

2113, Australia

TEL: +61-2-9888-4100 FAX: +61-2-9888-4188

#### Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd.

AKS Building, 3, Kanda Neribei-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 101-0022

Japan

TEL: +81-3-4345-6529 FAX: +81-3-4345-6913

#### **Revision History**

	Revision History Table		
No.	Revision Comments	Date of Issue	Manual code
1	Initial release of manual NT3251X.	2010/05	NT3251X
2	Description was reviewed.	2012/03	NT3251AX
3	Section Ver.3.0 was added. I want to add functionality d062,d063,d130,d131,d133,d153,d155, F002,F202,F003,F203 A092,A292,A093,A293, b027,b083,b089,b120,b910~b913, C001~C007,C142,C143,C145,C146,C148,C149, C900,P014,P017,P059,P080,P081,P082,P083	2014/10	NT3251CX
4	Section Ver.3.1 and Ver.3.2 were added.	2018/02	NT3251DX
5	Error corrections of the rated capacity of 150LF VT mode.	2020/05	NT3251EX

- The current edition of this Instruction Manual also includes some corrections of simple misprints, missing letters, misdescriptions and certain added explanations other than those listed in the above Revision History table.

#### **UL® Cautions, Warnings and Instructions**

#### Warnings and Cautions for Troubleshooting and Maintenance

(Standard to comply with: UL508C,CSA C22.2 No.14-05)

Warning Markings

GENERAL:

These devices are open type Power Conversion Equipment. They are intended to be used in an enclosure. Insulated gate bipolar transistor (IGBT) incorporating microprocessor technology. They are operated from a single or three-phase source of supply, and intended to control three-phase induction motors by means of a variable frequency output. The units are intended for general-purpose industrial applications.

#### MARKING REQUIREMENTS:

Ratings - Industrial control equipment shall be plainly marked with the Listee's name, trademark, File number, or other descriptive marking by which the organization responsible for the product may be identified;

- a) "Maximum surrounding air temperature rating of 50 °C."
- b) "Solid State motor overload protection reacts with max. 150 % of FLA".
- c) "Install device in pollution degree 2 environment."
- d) "Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 rms Symmetrical Amperes, 240 or 480 Volts Maximum."
- e) "When Protected by CC, G, J or T Class Fuses." or "When Protected By A Circuit Breaker Having An Interrupting Rating Not Less Than 100,000 rms Symmetrical Amperes. 240 or 480 Volts Maximum."
- f) "Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes."
- g) "Motor over temperature protection is not provided by the drive."

## Terminal symbols and Screw size

Inverter Model	Screw Size	Required Torque (N-m)	Wire range
WJ200-001S WJ200-002S WJ200-004S	M3.5	1.0	AWG16 (1.3mm²)
WJ200-007S	M4	1.4	AWG12 (3.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
WJ200-015S WJ200-022S	M4	1.4	AWG10 (5.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
WJ200-001L WJ200-002L WJ200-004L WJ200-007L	M3.5	1.0	AWG16 (1.3mm²)
WJ200-015L	M4	1.4	AWG14 (2.1mm <sup>2</sup> )
WJ200-022L	M4	1.4	AWG12 (3.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
WJ200-037L	M4	1.4	AWG10 (5.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
WJ200-055L WJ200-075L	M5	3.0	AWG6 (13mm²)
WJ200-110L	M6	3.9 to 5.1	AWG4 (21mm²)
WJ200-150L	M8	5.9 to 8.8	AWG2 (34mm²)
WJ200-004H WJ200-007H WJ200-015H	M4	1.4	AWG16 (1.3mm²)
WJ200-022H WJ200-030H	M4	1.4	AWG14 (2.1mm²)
WJ200-040H	M4	1.4	AWG12 (3.3mm <sup>2</sup> )
WJ200-055H WJ200-075H	M5	3.0	AWG10 (5.3mm²)
WJ200-110H WJ200-150H	M6	3.9 to 5.1	AWG6 (13mm²)

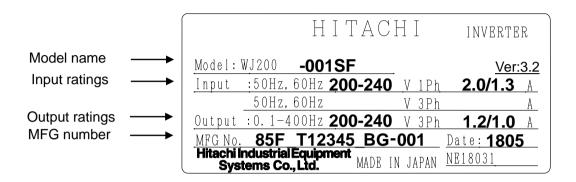
#### **Fuse Sizes**

Distribution fuse and circuit breaker size marking is included in the manual to indicate that the unit shall be connected with a Listed Cartridge Nonrenewable fuse or Inverse time circuit beraker, rated 600 Vac with the current ratings as shown in the table below or Type E Combination Motor Controller marking is included in the manual to indicate that the unit shall be connected with,LS Industrial System Co.,Ltd,Type E Combination Motor Controller MMS Series with the ratings as shown in the table below:

		Fuse	Inverse Time Circuit Breaker	<b>-</b>	
Inverter Model	Туре	Rating (Maximum A)	Rating (Maximum A)	Type E CMC	
WJ200-001S WJ200-002S WJ200-004S		10A, AIC 200kA	00.4	MMS-32H,	
WJ200-007S		20A, AIC 200kA	30A	240V,40A	
WJ200-015S WJ200-022S		30A, AIC 200kA			
WJ200-001L WJ200-002L WJ200-004L		10A, AIC 200kA		MMS-32H, 240V,40A	
WJ200-007L WJ200-015L		15A, AIC 200kA	30A	or MMS-63H, 240V,54A	
WJ200-022L	Class J,	20A, AIC 200kA			
WJ200-037L	Class J, Class CC,	30A, AIC 200kA			
WJ200-055L WJ200-075L	Class G, Class T	60A, AIC 200kA	4004	MMS-100H,	
WJ200-110L WJ200-150L		80A, AIC 200kA	100A	240V,80A	
WJ200-004H WJ200-007H WJ200-015H WJ200-022H		10A, AIC 200kA	20A	MMS-32H,	
WJ200-030H WJ200-040H		15A, AIC 200kA		480V,40A or	
WJ200-055H WJ200-075H		30A, AIC 200kA	40A	MMS-63H, 480V,52A	
WJ200-110H WJ200-150H		50A, AIC 200kA	400		

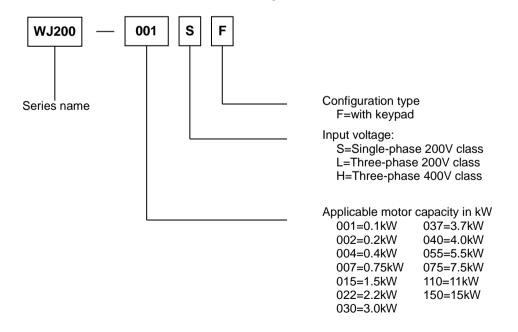
#### **Inverter Specification Label**

The Hitachi WJ200 inverters have product labels located on the right side of the housing, as pictured below. Be sure to verify that the specifications on the labels match your power source, and application safety requirements.



#### **Inverter Specification Label**

The model number for a specific inverter contains useful information about its operating characteristics. Refer to the model number legend below:



## **WJ200 Inverter Specifications**

## Model-specific tables for 200V and 400V class inverters

The following tables are specific to WJ200 inverters for the 200V and 400V class model groups. Note that <u>"General Specifications" on page in this chapter apply</u> to both voltage class groups. Footnotes for all specification tables follow the table below.

	Item			Single-phase 200V class Specifications						
WJ200 inve	rters, 200V	models		001SF	002SF	004SF	007SF	015SF	022SF	
Applicable r	notor size	kW	VT	0.2	0.4	0.55	1.1	2.2	3.0	
			CT	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
		HP	VT	1/4	1/2	3/4	1.5	3	4	
			CT	1/8	1/4	1/2	1	2	3	
Rated capa	city (kVA)	200V	VT	0.4	0.6	1.2	2.0	3.3	4.1	
			CT	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.7	2.7	3.8	
		240V	VT	0.4	0.7	1.4	2.4	3.9	4.9	
			CT	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	3.3	4.5	
Rated input	voltage			Single-phase: 200V-15% to 240V +10%, 50/60Hz ±5%						
Rated outpu	ut voltage			Three-phase: 200 to 240V (proportional to input voltage)						
Rated outpu	ut current (A	١)	VT	1.2	1.9	3.5	6.0	9.6	12.0	
			CT	1.0	1.6	3.0	5.0	8.0	11.0	
Starting tord	que			200% at 0.5Hz						
Braking	Without re	esistor			100%:	≤50Hz		70%: ≤ 50Hz	20%: ≤ 50Hz	
					50%:	≤60Hz		50%: ≤ 60Hz	20%: ≤ 60Hz	
	With resis	tor				150%			100%	
DC braking	DC braking				riable oper	ating frequ	ency, time,	and braking	force	
Cooling me	thod			Self-cooling Force ventilation				entilation		
Weight	Weight			1.0	1.0	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	
			lb	2.2	2.2	2.4	3.5	4.0	4.0	

### WJ200 Inverter Specifications, continued...

	Item			Three-phase 200V class Specifications					
WJ200 inverter	s, 200V m	odels		001LF	002LF	004LF	007LF	015LF	022LF
Applicable moto	Applicable motor size k			0.2	0.4	0.75	1.1	22	3.0
			CT	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2
		HP	VT	1/4	1/2	1	1.5	3	4
			CT	1/8	1/4	1/2	1	2	3
Rated capacity	(kVA)	200V	VT	0.4	0.6	12	2.0	3.3	4.1
			CT	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.7	2.7	3.8
		240V	VT	0.4	0.7	1.4	2.4	3.9	4.9
			CT	0.3	0.6	12	2.0	3.3	4.5
Rated input vol	tage			Three-pha	ase: 200V-1	15% to 240\	V +10%, 50	)/60Hz ±5%	
Rated output vo	oltage			Three-phase: 200 to 240V (proportional to input voltage)					
Rated output cu	urrent (A)		VT	12	1.9	3.5	6.0	9.6	12.0
			CT	1.0	1.6	3.0	5.0	8.0	11.0
Starting torque						200% a	t 0.5Hz		
Braking	Without r	esistor			100%::	≤50Hz			20%: ≤ 50Hz
-									20%: ≤ 60Hz
	With resi	stor				150%			100%
DC braking				Varia	able operat	ing frequen	cy, time, ar	nd braking f	orce
Cooling method	Cooling method				Self-cooling Force ventilation			ion	
Weight kg			1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.8	
			lb	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.6	3.5	4.0

	Item				Three-pl	nase 200V	class Speci	fications	
WJ200 inverte	ers, 200V m	odels		037LF	055LF	075LF	110LF	150LF	
Applicable mo	Applicable motor size kW		VT	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	
			CT	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
		HP	VT	7.5	10	15	20	25	
			CT	5	7.5	10	15	20	
Rated capacit	y (kVA)	200V	VT	6.7	10.3	13.8	19.3	23.9	
			CT	6.0	8.6	11.4	16.2	20.7	
		240V	VT	8.1	12.4	16.6	23.2	28.6	
			CT	7.2	10.3	13.7	19.5	24.9	
Rated input vo	oltage			Three-pha	ase: 200V-1	15% to 240'	V +10%, 50	)/60Hz ±5%	)
Rated output	voltage			Three-phase: 200 to 240V (proportional to input voltage)					ltage)
Rated output	current (A)		VT	19.6	30.0	40.0	56.0	69.0	
•			CT	17.5	25.0	33.0	47.0	60.0	
Starting torque	е					200% a	it 0.5Hz		
Braking	Without i	esistor			2	20%:≤50H	Z		
					2	20%:≤60H	Z		
	With resi	stor		100%		80	1%		
DC braking	•			Varia	able operati	ing frequen	cy, time, ar	nd braking f	orce
Cooling metho	Cooling method				Force ventilation				
Weight	Kg	2.0	3.3	3.4	5.1	7.4			
-			lb	4.4	7.3	7.5	11.2	16.3	

### WJ200 Inverter Specifications, continued...

	Item				Three-pl	nase 400V	class Speci	fications	
WJ200 inverters,	400V m	odels		004HF	007HF	015HF	022HF	030HF	040HF
Applicable motor	size	kW	VT	0.75	1.5	22	3.0	4.0	5.5
			CT	0.4	0.75	1.5	22	3.0	4.0
		HP	VT	1	2	3	4	5	7.5
			CT	1/2	1	2	3	4	5
Rated capacity (k	(VA)	380V	VT	1.3	2.6	3.5	4.5	5.7	7.3
			CT	1.1	2.2	3.1	3.6	4.7	6.0
		480V	VT	1.7	3.4	4.4	5.7	7.3	9.2
			CT	1.4	2.8	3.9	4.5	5.9	7.6
Rated input voltage	ge			Three-pha	ase: 380V-1	15% to 480	V +10%, 50	/60Hz ±5%	1
Rated output volta	age			Three-phase: 380 to 480V (proportional to input voltage)					
Rated output curr	ent (A)		VT	2.1	4.1	5.4	6.9	8.8	11.1
			CT	1.8	3.4	4.8	5.5	72	9.2
Starting torque						200% a	it 0.5Hz		
Braking V	Nithout r	esistor		10	00%:≤50⊢	łz	70%: ≤ 50Hz	20%: ≤	50Hz
				5	50%:≤60H	Z	20%: ≤ 60Hz	20%: ≤	60Hz
V	Vith resis	stor			150%			100%	
DC braking				Varia	able operati	ing frequen	cy, time, an	d braking f	orce
Cooling method	Cooling method				ooling		Force ventilation		
Weight kg			1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	
			lb	3.3	3.5	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.6

Ite	m			Three-pl	nase 400V	class Speci	ifications	
WJ200 inverters, 400	V models		055HF	075HF	110HF	150HF		
Applicable motor size	kW	VT	7.5	11	15	18.5		
		CT	5.5	7.5	11	15		
	HP	VT	10	15	20	25		
		CT	7.5	10	15	20		
Rated capacity (kVA)	380V	VT	11.5	15.1	20.4	25.0		
		CT	9.7	11.8	15.7	20.4		
	480V	VT	14.5	19.1	25.7	31.5		
		CT	12.3	14.9	19.9	25.7		
Rated input voltage			Three-pha	ase: 380V-1	15% to 480	V +10%, 50	)/60Hz ±5%	) )
Rated output voltage			Three	-phase: 38	0 to 480V (	proportiona	al to input vo	oltage)
Rated output current	(A)	VT	17.5	23.0	31.0	38.0		
		CT	14.8	18.0	24.0	31.0		
Starting torque					200% a	t 0.5Hz		
Braking With	out resistor			20%:≤	≤50Hz			
				20%:≤	≤60Hz			
With	resistor			80	1%			
DC braking			Varia	able operati	ing frequen	cy, time, ar	nd braking f	orce
Cooling method	Cooling method			Force ventilation				
Weight kg			3.5	3.5	4.7	5.2		
-		lb	7.7	7.7	10.4	11.5		

The following table shows which models need derating.

1-ph 200V class	Need	3-ph 200V class	Need	3-ph 400V class	Need
	derating		derating		derating
WJ200-001S	_	WJ200-001L	_	WJ200-004H	✓
WJ200-002S	_	WJ200-002L	✓	WJ200-007H	✓
WJ200-004S	✓	WJ200-004L	✓	WJ200-015H	_
WJ200-007S	✓	WJ200-007L	_	WJ200-022H	_
WJ200-015S	_	WJ200-015L	_	WJ200-030H	_
WJ200-022S	_	WJ200-022L	_	WJ200-040H	✓
_	_	WJ200-037L	✓	WJ200-055H	_
_	_	WJ200-055L	_	WJ200-075H	✓
_	_	WJ200-075L	✓	WJ200-110H	✓
_	_	WJ200-110L	✓	WJ200-150H	✓
_	_	WJ200-150L	✓	_	_

✓ : need derating— : need no derating

Use the derating curves to help determine the optimal carrier frequency setting for your inverter and find the output current derating. Be sure to use the proper curve for your particular WJ200 inverter model number.

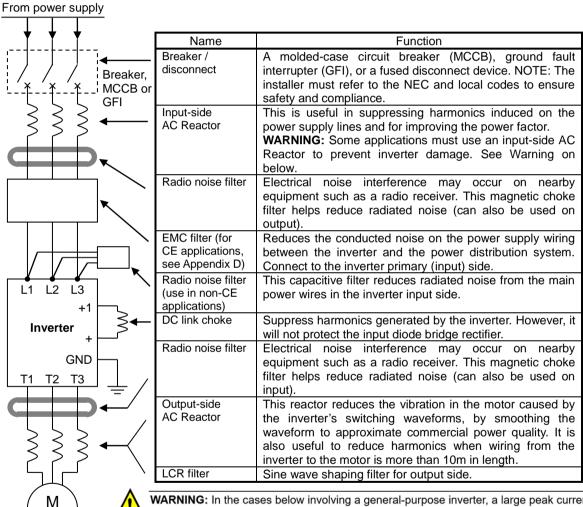
※For details on derating, refer to the instruction manual.

## **Basic System Description**

Thermal

switch

A motor control system will obviously include a motor and inverter, as well as a circuit breaker or fuses for safety. If you are connecting a motor to the inverter on a test bench just to get started, that's all you may need for now. But a system can also have a variety of additional components. Some can be for noise suppression, while others may enhance the inverter's braking performance. The figure and table below show a system with all the **optional** components you might need in your finished application.



**WARNING:** In the cases below involving a general-purpose inverter, a large peak current can flow on the power supply side, sometimes destroying the converter module:

- 1. The unbalance factor of the power supply is 3% or higher.
- The power supply capacity is at least 10 times greater than the inverter capacity (or the power supply capacity is 500kVA or more).
- 3. Abrupt power supply changes are expected, due to conditions such as:
  - a. Several inverters are interconnected with a short bus.
  - b. A thyristor converter and an inverter are interconnected with a short bus.
  - c. An installed phase advance capacitor opens and closes.

Where these conditions exist or when the connected equipment must be highly reliable, you MUST install an input-side AC reactor of 3% (at a voltage drop at rated current) with respect to the supply voltage on the power supply side. Also, where the effects of an indirect lightning strike are possible, install a lightning conductor.

#### **Determining Wire and Fuse Sizes**

The maximum motor currents in your application determines the recommended wore size. The following table gives the wire size in AWG. The "Power Lines" column applies to the inverter input power, output wires to the motor, the earth ground connection, and any other components shown in the "Basic System Description" on page 9. The "Signal Lines" column applies to any wire connecting to the two green connectors just inside the front cover panel.

M	otor	Outp	ut			Applicable equipment		
k\	W	Н	Р	Inverter Model	Power Line Cable	Fuse (UL-rated,	Signal Line	
VT	СТ	VT	СТ	mverter moder	(See Note 3)	class J, 600V , Maximum allowable current)	Cable	
0.2	0.1	1/4	1/8	WJ200-001SF	AWG16 / 1.3mm <sup>2</sup>			
0.4	0.2	1/2	1/4	WJ200-002SF	H-IV cable(75°C)	10A	ļ	
0.55	0.4	3/4	1/2	WJ200-004SF	, ,			
1.1	0.75	1.5	1	WJ200-007SF	AWG12 / 3.3mm <sup>2</sup> H-IV cable(75°C)	20A		
2.2	1.5	3	2	WJ200-015SF	AWG10 / 5.3mm <sup>2</sup>	30A		
3.0	2.2	4	3	WJ200-022SF	H-IV cable(60/75°C)	SUA		
0.2	0.1	1/4	1/8	WJ200-001LF				
0.4	0.2	1/2	1/4	WJ200-002LF	AWG16 / 1.3mm <sup>2</sup>	10A		
0.75	0.4	1	1/2	WJ200-004LF	H-IV cable(60/75°C)			
1.1	0.75	1.5	1	WJ200-007LF				
2.2	1.5	3	2	WJ200-015LF	AWG14 / 2.1mm <sup>2</sup> H-IV cable(75°C)	15A		
3.0	2.2	4	3	WJ200-022LF	AWG12 / 3.3mm <sup>2</sup> H-IV cable(75°C)	20A		
5.5	3.7	7.5	5	WJ200-037LF	AWG10 / 5.3mm <sup>2</sup> H-IV cable(75°C)	30A	18 to 28 AWG / 0.14	
7.5	5.5	10	7.5	WJ200-055LF	W 1200-0551 F AWG6 / 13mm <sup>2</sup>	to 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>		
11	7.5	15	10	WJ200-075LF	H-IV cable(75°C)	60A	shielded wire	
15	11	20	15	WJ200-110LF	AWG4 / 21mm <sup>2</sup> H-IV cable(75°C)	80A	(See Note 4)	
18.5	15	25	20	WJ200-150LF	AWG2 / 34mm <sup>2</sup> H-IV cable(75°C)	80A		
0.75	0.4	1	1/2	WJ200-004HF	AWG16 / 1.3mm <sup>2</sup>			
1.5	0.75	2	1	WJ200-007HF	H-IV cable(60/75°C)	10A		
2.2	1.5	3	2	WJ200-015HF	,	IUA		
3.0	2.2	4	3	WJ200-022HF	AWG14 / 2.1mm <sup>2</sup>			
4.0	3.0	5	4	WJ200-030HF	H-IV cable(60/75°C)			
5.5	4.0	7.5	5	WJ200-040HF	AWG12 / 3.3mm <sup>2</sup> H-IV cable(75°C)	15A		
7.5	5.5	10	7.5	WJ200-055HF	AWG10/ 5.3mm <sup>2</sup>	201		
11	7.5	15	10	WJ200-075HF	H-IV cable(75°C)	30A		
15	11	20	15	WJ200-110HF	AWG6 / 13mm <sup>2</sup>	50A		
18.5	15	25	20	WJ200-150HF	H-IV cable(75°C)	DUA		

**Note 1:** Field wiring must be made by a UL-Listed and CSA-certified closed-loop terminal connector sized for the wire gauge involved. Connector must be fixed by using the crimping tool specified by the connector manufacturer.

**Note 2:** Be sure to consider the capacity of the circuit breaker to be used.

Note 3: Be sure to use a larger wire gauge if power line length exceeds 66ft. (20m).

Note 4: Use 18 AWG / 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> wire for the alarm signal wire ([AL0], [AL1], [AL2] terminals).

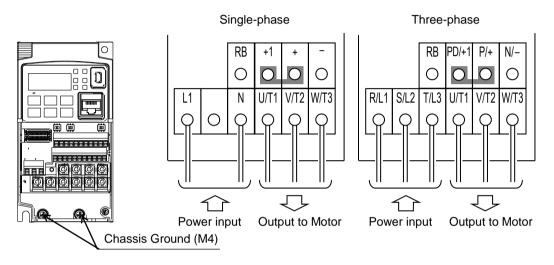
#### Wire the Inverter Input to a Supply

In this step, you will connect wiring to the input of the inverter. First, you must determine whether the inverter model you have required three-phase power only, or single-phase power only. All models have the same power connection terminals [R/L1], [S/L2], and [T/L3]. So you must refer to the specifications label (on the side of the inverter) for the acceptable power source types! For inverters that can accept single-phase power and are connected that way, terminal [S/L2] will remain unconnected.

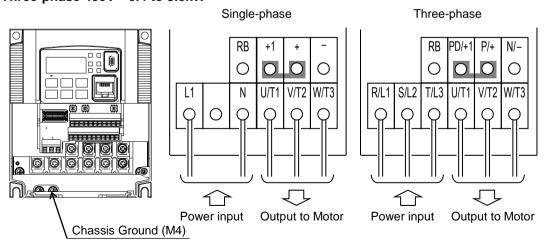
Note the use of ring lug connectors for a secure connection.

When tightening the fixing screw for external option PCB cover and terminal cover use 0.2 to 0.3N-m (2 to 3kgf-cm) of tightening torque.

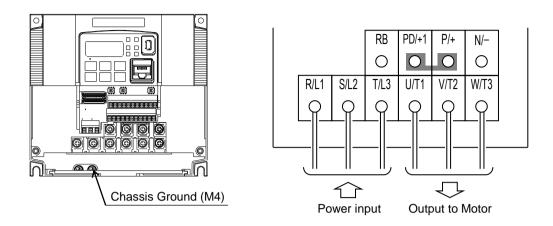
#### Single-phase 200V 0.1 to 0.4kW Three-phase 200V 0.1 to 0.75kW



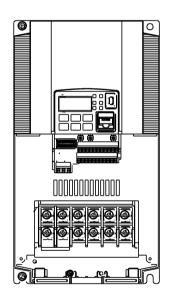
Single-phase 200V 0.75 to 2.2kW Three-phase 200V 1.5, 2.2kW Three-phase 400V 0.4 to 3.0kW

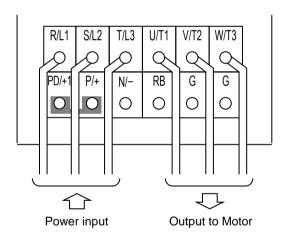


## Three-phase 200V 3.7kW Three-phase 400V 4.0kW

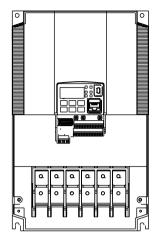


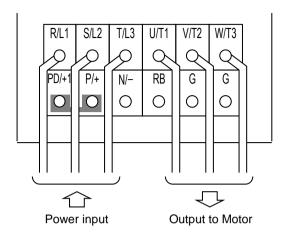
Three-phase 200V 5.5, 7.5kW Three-phase 400V 5.5, 7.5kW



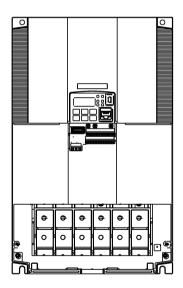


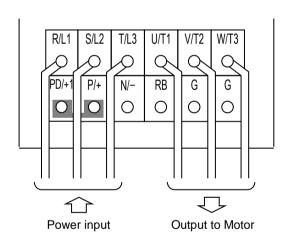
#### Three-phase 200V 11kW Three-phase 400V 11, 15kW





Three-phase 200V 15kW



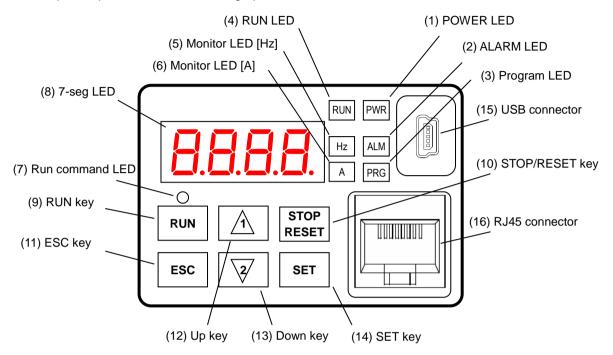




**NOTE**: An inverter powered by a portable power generator may receive a distorted power waveform, overheating the generator. In general, the generator capacity should be five times that of the inverter (kVA).

## **Using the Front Panel Keypad**

Please take a moment to familiarize yourself with the keypad layout shown in the figure below. The display is used in programming the inverter's parameters, as well as monitoring specific parameter values during operation.

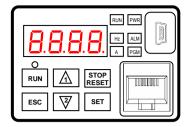


**Key and Indicator Legend** 

Rey and indicator					
Items	Contents				
(1) POWER LED	Turns ON (Green) while the inverter is powered up.				
(2) ALARM LED	Turns ON (Red) when the inverter trips.				
(3) Program LED	<ul> <li>Turns ON (Green) when the display shows changeable parameter.</li> <li>Blinks when there is a mismatch in setting.</li> </ul>				
(4) RUN LED	Turns ON (Green) when the inverter is driving the motor.				
(5) Monitor LED [Hz]	Turns ON (Green) when the displayed data is frequency related.				
(6) Monitor LED [A]	Turns ON (Green) when the displayed data is current related.				
(7) Run command LED	Turns ON (Green) when a Run command is set to the operator. (Run key is effective.)				
(8) 7-seg LED	Shows each parameter, monitors etc.				
(9) RUN key	Makes inverter run.				
(10) STOP/RESET key	<ul> <li>Makes inverter decelerates to a stop.</li> <li>Reset the inverter when it is in trip situation</li> </ul>				
(11) ESC key	<ul> <li>Go to the top of next function group, when a function mode is shown</li> <li>Cancel the setting and return to the function code, when a data is shown</li> <li>Moves the cursor to a digit left, when it is in digit-to-digit setting mode</li> <li>Pressing for 1 second leads to display data of dDD I, regardless of current display.</li> </ul>				
(12) Up key	➤ Increase or decrease the data.				
(13) Down key	Pressing the both keys at the same time gives you the digit-to-digit edit.				
(14) SET key	<ul> <li>Go to the data display mode when a function code is shown</li> <li>Stores the data and go back to show the function code, when data is shown.</li> <li>Moves the cursor to a digit right, when it is in digit-to-digit display mode</li> </ul>				
(15) USB connector	Connect USB connector (mini-B) for using PC communication				
(16) RJ45 connector	Connect RJ45 jack for remote operator				

#### Keys, Modes, and Parameters

The purpose of the keypad is to provide a way to change modes and parameters. The term *function* applies to both monitoring modes and parameters. These are all accessible through *function codes* that are primary 4-character codes. The various functions are separated into related groups identifiable by the left-most character, as the table shows.



Function Group	Type (Category) of Function	Mode to Access	PRG LED Indicator
"d"	Monitoring functions	Monitor	O
"F"	Main profile parameters	Program	•
"A"	Standard functions	Program	•
"b"	Fine tuning functions	Program	•
"C"	Intelligent terminal functions	Program	•
"H"	Motor constant related functions	Program	•
"P"	Pulse train input, torque, EzSQ, and communication related functions	Program	•
"U"	User selected parameters	Program	•
"E"	Error codes	_	_

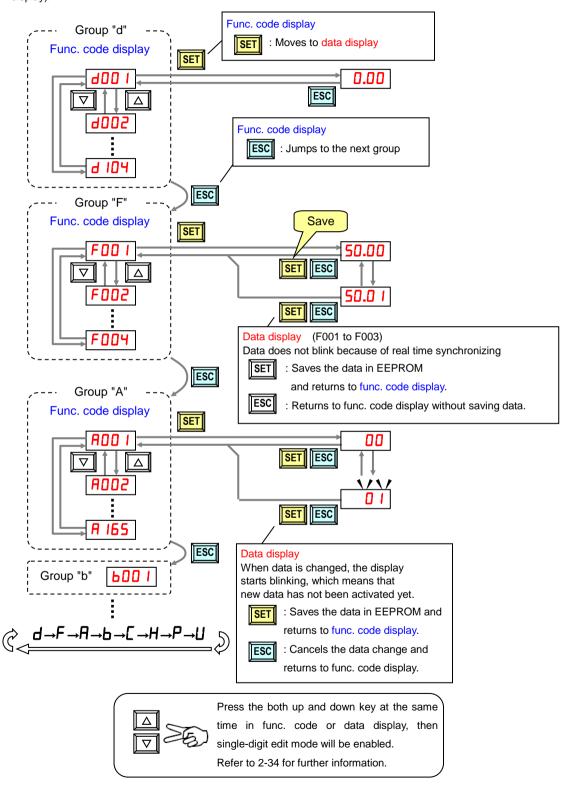
You can see from the following page how to monitor and/or program the parameters.

### **Keypad Navigation Map**

The WJ200 Series inverter drives have many programmable functions and parameters. These details are explained in Chapter 3 of the instruction Manual, but you need to access just a few items to perform the powerup test. The menu structure makes use of function codes and parameter codes to allow programming and monitoring with only a 4-digit display and keys and LEDs. So, it is important to become familiar with the basic navigation map of parameters and functions in the diagram below. You may later use this map as a reference.

#### Parameters and functions in the diagram

When Func. code is not displayed, change b037(Function code display restriction) from 04 (basic display) to 00 (Full display).

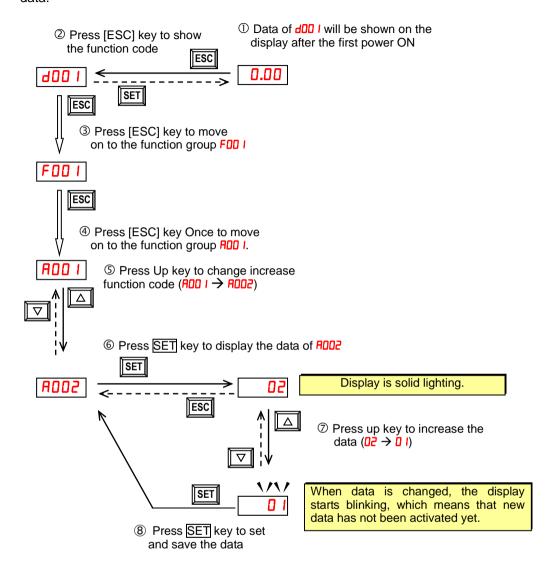




**NOTE**: Pressing the [ESC] key will make the display go to the top of next function group, regardless the display contents. (e.g.  $ADC I \rightarrow ECC \rightarrow DDC I$ )

#### [Setting example]

After power ON, changing from **D.DD** display to change the **RDD2** (Run command source) data.



SET :Fix and stores the data and moves back to the function code :Cancels the change and moves back to the function code



Function code **dxxx** are for monitor and not possible to change.

Function codes Fxxx other than F004 are reflected on the performance just after changing the data (before pressing SET key), and there will be no blinking.

	When a function code is shown	When a data is shown
ESC key	Move on to the next function group	Cancels the change and moves back to the function code
SET key	Move on to the data display	Fix and stores the data and moves back to the function code
△ key	Increase function code	Increase data value
∇ key	Decrease function code	Decrease data value

#### Note

Keep pressing for more than 1 second leads to d001 display, regardless the display situation. But note that the display will circulates while keep pressing the [ESC] key because of the original function of the key. (e.g.  $FDD I \rightarrow BDD I \rightarrow BDD I \rightarrow CDD I \rightarrow ...\rightarrow$  displays 5D.DD after 1 second)

## **Connecting to PLCs and Other Devices**

Hitachi inverters (drives) are useful in many types of applications. During installation, the inverter keypad (or other programming device) will facilitate the initial configuration. After installation, the inverter will generally receive its control commands through the control logic connector or serial interface from another controlling device. In a simple application such as single-conveyor speed control, a Run/Stop switch and potentiometer will give the operator all the required control. In a sophisticated application, you may have a programmable logic controller (PLC) as the system controller, with several connections to the inverter.

It is not possible to cover all the possible types of application in this Quick Reference Guide. It will be necessary for you to know the electrical characteristics of the devices you want to connect to the inverter. Then, this section and the following sections on I/O terminal functions can help you quickly and safely connect those devices to the inverter.



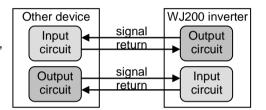
**CAUTION:** It is possible to damage the inverter or other devices if your application exceeds the maximum current or voltage characteristics of a connection point.

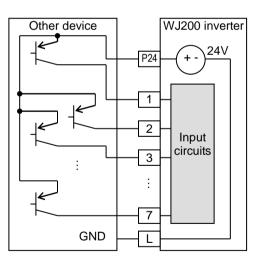
The connections between the inverter and other devices rely on the electrical input/output characteristics at both ends of each connection, shown in the diagram to the right. The inverter's configurable inputs accept either a sourcing or sinking output from an external device (such as PLC). This section shows the inverter's internal electrical component(s) at each I/O terminal. In some cases, you will need to insert a power source in the interface wiring.

In order to avoid equipment damage and get your application running smoothly, we recommend drawing a schematic of each connection between the inverter and the other device. Include the internal components of each device in the schematic, so that it makes a complete circuit loop.

After making the schematic, then:

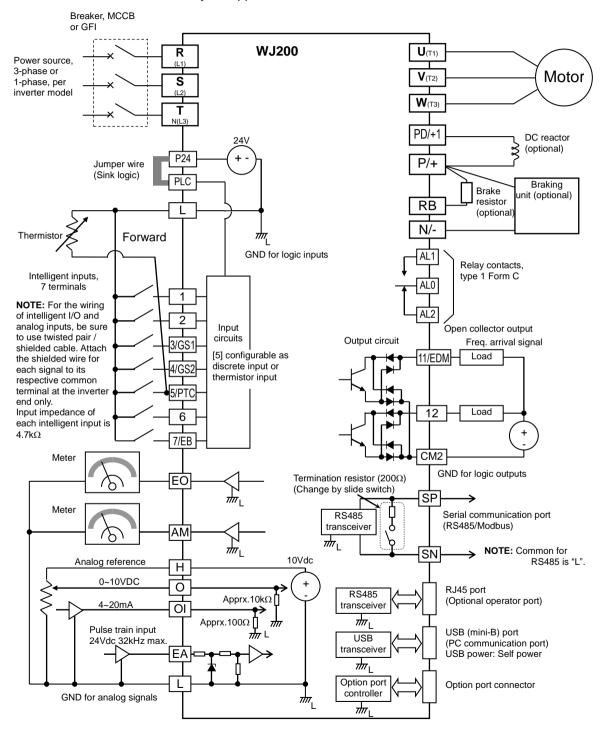
- Verify that the current and voltage for each connection is within the operating limits of each device.
- Make sure that the logic sense (active high or active low) of any ON/OFF connection is correct.
- **3.** Check the zero and span (curve end points) for analog connections, and be sure the scale factor from input to output is correct.
- **4.** Understand what will happen at the system level if any particular device suddenly loses power, or powers up after other devices.





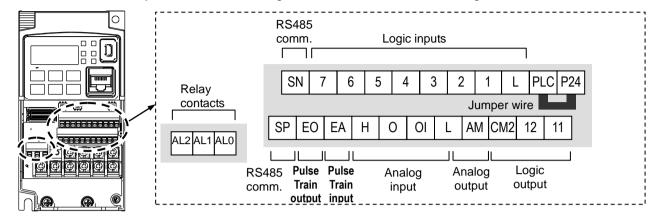
#### **Example Wiring Diagram**

The schematic diagram below provides a general example of logic connector wiring, in addition to basic power and motor wiring converted in Chapter 2 of the Instruction Manual. The goal of this chapter is to help you determine the proper connections for the various terminals shown below for your application needs.



## **Control Logic Signal Specifications**

The control logic connectors are located just behind the front housing cover. The relay contacts are just to the left of the logic connectors. Connector labeling is shown below.



Terminal Name	Description	Ratings
P24	+24V for logic inputs	24VDC, 100mA. (do not short to terminal L)
PLC	Intelligent input common	To change to sink type, remove the jumper wire between [PLC] and [L], and connect it between [P24] and [PLC]. In this case, connecting [L] to [1]~[7] makes each input ON. Please remove the jumper wire when using external power supply.
1 2 3/GS1 4/GS2 5/PTC 6 7/EB	Discrete logic inputs (Terminal [3],[4],[5] and [7] have dual function. See following description and related pages for the details.)	27VDC max. (use PLC or an external supply referenced to terminal L) ONvoltage min.18VDC OFFvoltage max.3VDC Load current 5mA(24VDC)
GS1(3)	Safe stop input GS1	Functionality is based on ISO13849-1
GS2(4)	Safe stop input GS2	See appendix for the details.
PTC(5)	Motor thermistor input	Connect motor thermistor between PTC and L terminal to detect the motor temperature. Set 19 in £005.
EB(7)	Pulse train input B	2kHz max. Common is [PLC]
EA	Pulse train input A	32kHz max. Common is [L]
L (in upper row) *1	GND for logic inputs	Sum of input [1]~[7] currents (return)
11/EDM	Discrete logic outputs [11] (Terminal [11] has dual function. See following description and related pages for the details.)	50mA max. ON state current, 27 VDC max. OFF state voltage Common is CM2 In case the EDM is selected, the functionality is based on ISO13849-1 4VDC max. ON state voltage depression
12	Discrete logic outputs [12]	50mA max. ON state current, 27 VDC max. OFF state voltage Common is CM2
CM2	GND for logic output	100 mA: [11], [12] current return
AM	Analog voltage output	0~10VDC 2mA maximum
EO	Pulse train output	10VDC 2mA maximum, 32kHz maximum
L (in bottom row) *2	GND for analog signals	Sum of [OI], [O], and [H] currents (return)
OI	Analog current input	4 to 19.6 mA range, 20 mA nominal, input impedance 100 $\Omega$

Terminal Name Description		Ratings		
0	Analog voltage input	0 to 9.8 VDC range, 10 VDC nominal,		
		input impedance 10 kΩ		
Н	+10V analog reference	10VDC nominal, 10mA max.		
SP, SN	Serial communication terminal	For RS485 Modbus communication.		
		250VAC, 2.5A (R load) max.		
	Intelligent output relay terminal	250VAC, 0.2A (I load, P.F.=0.4) max.		
AL0,AL1, AL2 *3		100VAC, 10mA min.		
ALU,ALI, ALZ 3		30VDC, 3.0A (R load) max.		
		30VDC, 0.7A (I load, P.F.=0.4) max.		
		5VDC, 100mA min.		

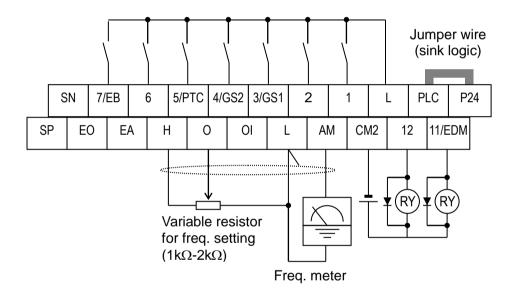
Note 1: The two terminals [L] are electrically connected together inside the inverter.

Note 2: We recommend using [L] logic GND (to the right) for logic input circuits and [L]

analog GND (to the left) for analog I/O circuits.

**Note 3:** Refer to page 39 for details of Alarm signals.

#### Wiring sample of control logic terminal (sink logic)



**Note**: If relay is connected to intelligent output, install a diode across the relay coil (reverse-biased) in order to suppress the turn-off spike.

### Caution for intelligent terminals setting

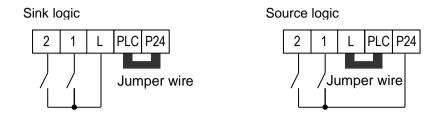
In turning on power when the input to the intelligent terminals become the following operations, the set data might be initialized.

Please ensure not becoming the following operations, in changing the function allocation of the intelligent input terminal.

- 1) Turning on power while [Intelligent input terminal 1/2/3 are ON] and [Intelligent input terminal 4/5/6/7 are OFF].
- 2) After 1)'s condition, turning off power.
- 3) After 2)'s condition, turning on power while [Intelligent input terminal 2/3/4 are ON] and [Intelligent input terminal 1/5/6/7 are OFF].

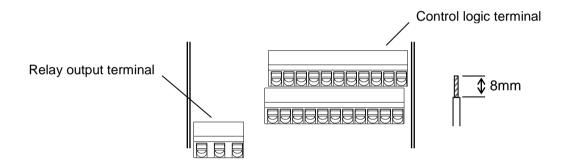
#### Sink/source logic of intelligent input terminals

Sink or source logic is switched by a jumper wire as below.



#### Wire size for control and relay terminals

Use wires within the specifications listed below. For safe wiring and reliability, it is recommended to use ferrules, but if solid or stranded wire is used, stripping length should be 8mm.



	Solid	Stranded	Ferrule
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)
Control logic terminal	0.2 to 1.5	0.2 to 1.0	0.25 to 0.75
	(AWG 24 to 16)	(AWG 24 to 17)	(AWG 24 to 18)
Relay terminal	0.2 to 1.5	0.2 to 1.0	0.25 to 0.75
	(AWG 24 to 16)	(AWG 24 to 17)	(AWG 24 to 18)

#### Recommended ferrule

For safe wiring and reliability, it is recommended to use following ferrules. When you use an option mounted, please use a rod terminal without sleeve to wire so that to avoid hitting the option case.

#### Rod terminal with sleeve

Wire size mm² (AWG)	Model name of ferrule *	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	Фd [mm]	ΦD [mm]	<del>&gt;   &lt; φ d</del>
0.25 (24)	AI 0.25-8YE	8	12.5	0.8	2.0	
0.34 (22)	AI 0.34-8TQ	8	12.5	0.8	2.0	
0.5 (20)	AI 0.5-8WH	8	14	1.1	2.5	
0.75 (18)	AI 0.75-8GY	8	14	1.3	2.8	φ D

#### Rod terminal without sleeve

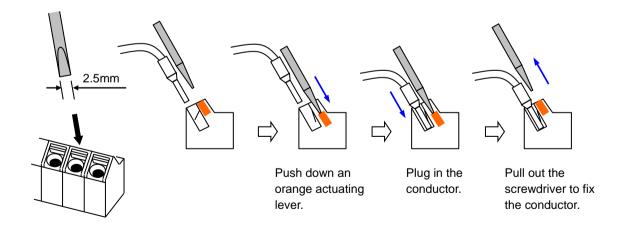
Wire size mm² (AWG)	Model name of ferrule *	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	Фd [mm]	ΦD [mm]	φ d
0.5 (20)	A 0,5-8	7.3	8	1.0	2.1	
0.75 (18)	A 0,75-8	7.3	8	1.2	2.3	$\phi D$

<sup>\*</sup> Supplier: Phoenix contact

Crimping pliers: CRIMPFOX 6 (CRIMPFOX UD 6-4 or CRIMPFOX ZA 3)

#### How to connect?

- (1) Push down an orange actuating lever by a slotted screwdriver (width 2.5mm max.).
- (2) Plug in the conductor.
- (3) Pull out the screwdriver then the conductor is fixed.



# Intelligent Terminal Listing Intelligent Inputs

Input Function Summary Table				
Symbol	Code	Function Name	Page	
FW	00	Forward Run/Stop		
RV	01	Reverse Run/Stop		
CF1	02	Multi-speed Select, Bit 0 (LSB)		
CF2	03	Multi-speed Select, Bit 1		
CF3	04	Multi-speed Select, Bit 2		
CF4	05	Multi-speed Select, Bit 3 (MSB)		
JG	06	Jogging		
DB	07	External DC braking		
SET	08	Set (select) 2nd Motor Data		
2CH	09	2-stage Acceleration and Deceleration		
FRS	11	Free-run Stop		
EXT	12	External Trip		
USP	13	Unattended Start Protection		
CS	14	Commercial power source switchover		
SFT	15	Software Lock		
AT	16	Analog Input Voltage/Current Select		
RS	18	Reset Inverter		
PTC	19	PTC thermistor Thermal Protection		
STA	20	Start (3-wire interface)		
STP	21	Stop (3-wire interface)		
F/R	22	FWD, REV (3-wire interface)		
PID	23	PID Disable		
PIDC	24	PID Reset		
UP	27	Remote Control UP Function		
DWN	28	Remote Control Down Function		
UDC	29	Remote Control Data Clearing		
OPE	31	Operator Control		
SF1~SF7	32~38	Multi-speed Select,Bit operation Bit 1~7		
OLR	39	Overload Restriction Source Changeover		
TL	40	Torque Limit Selection		
TRQ1	41	Torque limit switch 1		
TRQ2	42	Torque limit switch 2		
BOK	44	Brake confirmation		
LAC	46	LAD cancellation		
PCLR	47	Pulse counter clear		
ADD	50	ADD frequency enable		
F-TM	51	Force Terminal Mode		
ATR	52	Permission for torque command input		
KHC	53	Clear watt-hour data		
MI1~MI7	56~62	General purpose input (1)~(7)		
AHD	65	Analog command hold		
CP1~CP3	66~68	Multistage-position switch (1)~(3)		
ORL	69	Limit signal of zero-return		
ORG	70	Trigger signal of zero-return		
SPD	73	Speed/position changeover		
GS1	77	STO1 input (Safety related signal)		
GS2	78	STO2 input (Safety related signal)		
485	81	Starting communication signal		
PRG	82	Executing EzSQ program		
HLD	83	Retain output frequency		
ROK	84	Permission of Run command		
EB	85	Rotation direction detection (phase B)		

Input Function Summary Table				
Symbol	Code	Function Name	Page	
DISP	86	Display limitation		
PSET	91	"PSET" simple position control retains preset place		
no	255	No assignment		

## Intelligent Outputs

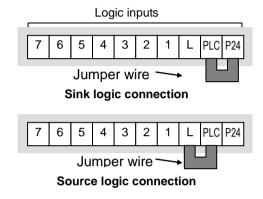
	Input Function Summary Table				
Symbol	Code	Function Name	Page		
RUN	00	Run Signal			
FA1	01	Frequency Arrival Type 1–Constant Speed			
FA2	02	Frequency Arrival Type 2–Over frequency			
OL	03	Overload Advance Notice Signal			
OD	04	PID Deviation error signal			
AL	05	Alarm Signal			
FA3	06	Frequency Arrival Type 3–Set frequency			
OTQ	07	Over/under Torque Threshold			
UV	09	Undervoltage			
TRQ	10	Torque Limited Signal			
RNT ONT	11 12	Run Time Expired			
THM		Power ON time Expired			
BRK	13 19	Thermal Warning Brake Release Signal			
BER	20	Brake Error Signal			
ZS	21	Zero Hz Speed Detection Signal			
DSE	22	Speed Deviation Excessive			
POK	23	Positioning Completion			
FA4	24	Frequency Arrival Type 4–Over frequency			
FA5	25	Frequency Arrival Type 5–Set frequency			
OL2	26	Overload Advance Notice Signal 2			
ODc	27	Analog Voltage Input Disconnect Detection			
OIDc	28	Analog Current input Disconnect Detection			
FBV	31	PID Second Stage Output			
NDc	32	Network Disconnect Detection			
LOG1~3	33~35	Logic Output Function 1~3			
WAC	39	Capacitor Life Warning Signal			
WAF	40	Cooling Fan Warning Signal			
FR	41	Starting Contact Signal			
OHF	42	Heat Sink Overheat Warning			
LOC	43	Low load detection			
MO1~3	44~46	General Output 1~3			
IRDY	50	Inverter Ready Signal			
FWR	51	Forward Operation			
RVR MJA	52	Reverse Operation			
WCO	53 54	Major Failure Signal			
WCOI	55 55	Window Comparator for Analog Voltage Input Window Comparator for Analog Current Input			
FREF	55 58	Frequency Command Source			
REF	58 	Run Command Source			
SETM	60	2 <sup>nd</sup> Motor in operation			
EDM	62	STO (Safe Torque Off) Performance Monitor			
	02	(Output terminal 11 only)			
OP	63	Option control signal			
no	255	No assignment			

## **Using Intelligent Input Terminals**

Terminals [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6] and [7] are identical, programmable inputs for general use. The input circuits can use the inverter's internal (isolated) +24V field supply or an external power supply. This section describes input circuits operation and how to connect them properly to switches or transistor outputs on field devices.

The WJ200 inverter features selectable *sinking* or *sourcing* inputs. These terms refer to the connection to the external switching device—it either *sinks* current (from the input to GND) or *sources* current (from a power source) into the input. Note that the sink/source naming convention may be different in your particular country or industry. In any case, just follow the wiring diagrams in this section for your application.

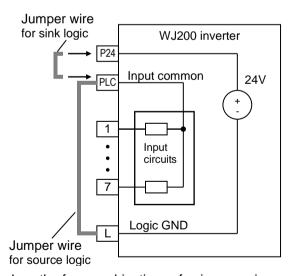
The inverter has a jumper wire for configuring the choice of sinking or sourcing inputs. To access it, you must remove the front cover of the inverter housing. In the figure to the top right, the jumper wire is shown as attached to the logic terminal block (connector). If you need to change to the source type connection, remove the jumper wire and connect it as shown in the figure at the right.





**CAUTION:** Be sure to turn OFF power to the inverter before changing the jumper wire position. Otherwise, damage to the inverter circuitry may occur.

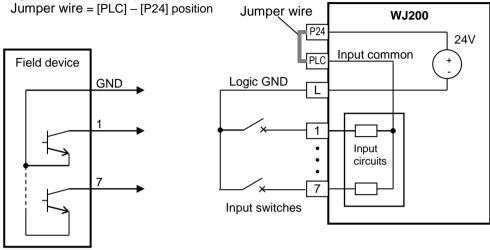
[PLC] Terminal Wiring - The [PLC] terminal (Programmable Logic Control terminal) is named to include various devices that can connect to the inverter's logic inputs. In the figure to the right, note the [PLC] terminal and the jumper wire. Locating the jumper wire between [PLC] and [L] sets the input logic source type, which is the default setting for EU and US versions. In this case, you connect input terminal to [P24] to make it active. If instead you locate the jumper wire between [PLC] and [P24], the input logic will be sink type. In this case, you connect the input terminal to [L] to make it active.



The wiring diagram on the following pages show the four combinations of using sourcing or sinking inputs, and using the internal or an external DC supply.

The two diagrams below input wiring circuits using the inverter's internal +24V supply. Each diagram shows the connection for simple switches, or for a field device with transistor outputs. Note that in the lower diagram, it is necessary to connect terminal [L] only when using the field device with transistors. Be sure to use the correct connection of the jumper wire shown for each wiring diagram.

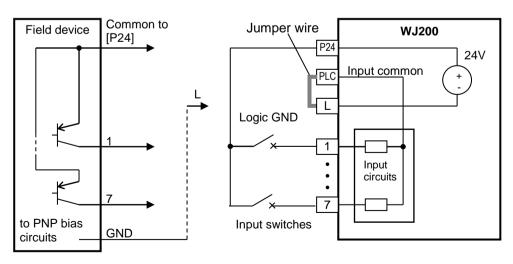
#### Sinking Inputs, Internal Supply



## Sourcing Inputs, Internal Supply

Open collector outputs, NPN transistors

Jumper wire = [PLC] - [L] position

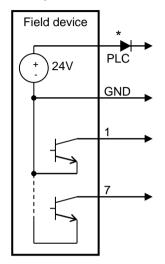


PNP transistor sousing outputs

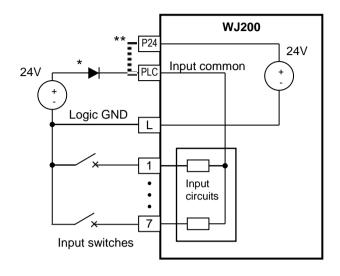
The two diagrams below show input wiring circuits using an external supply. If using the "Sinking Inputs, External Supply" in below wiring diagram, be sure to remove the jumper wire, and use a diode (\*) with the external supply. This will prevent a power supply contention in case the jumper wire is accidentally placed in the incorrect position. For the "Sourcing Inputs, External Supply", please connect the jumper wire as drawn in the diagram below.

#### Sinking Inputs, External Supply

Jumper wire = Removed



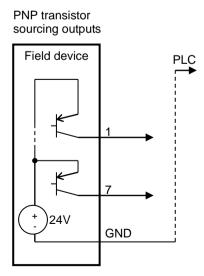
Open collector outputs, NPN transistors

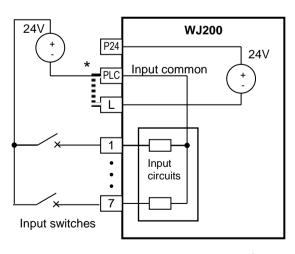


- \* Note: If the external power supply to GND is (optionally) connected to [L], then install the above diode.
- \*\* Note: Make sure to remove the jumper wire in case of using an external power supply.

#### Sourcing Inputs, External Supply

Jumper wire = Removed





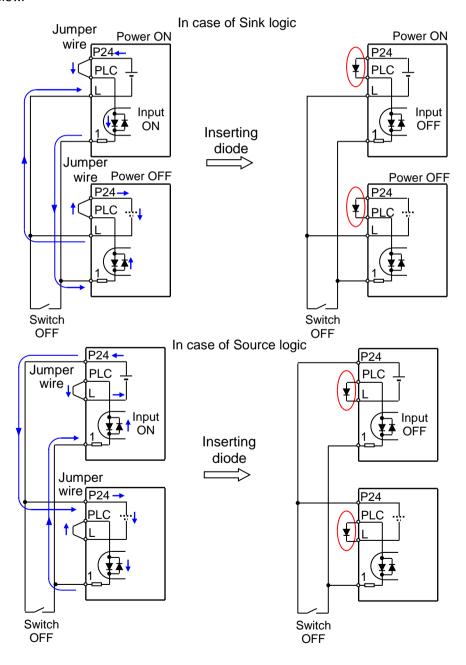
\* Note: Make sure to remove the jumper wire in case of using an external power supply.



**CAUTION:** When using with plural inverters connected, connect a diode between sink logic: P24 and PLC and between source logic: L and PLC.

The power to the inverter control part can be supplied externally as shown below. Except driving motor, it is possible read and write the parameters by keypad and via communication even the drive itself is not powered.

By having ability inverter doesn't block the current flowing into itself when it is not powered. This may cause the closed circuit when two or more inverters are connected to common I/O wiring as shown below to result in unexpected turning the on the input. To avoid this closed circuit, please put the diode (rated:50V/0.1A) in the path as described below.



### Forward Run/Stop and Reverse Run/Stop Commands:

When you input the Run command via the terminal [FW], the inverter executes the Forward Run command (high) or Stop command (low). When you input the Run command via the terminal [RV], the inverter executes the Reverse Run command (high) or Stop command (low).

Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name	State	Description				
00	FW	Forward Run/Stop	ON	Inverter is in Run Mode, motor runs forward				
			OFF	Inverter is in Stop Mode, motor stops				
01	RV	Reverse Run/Stop	ON	Inverter is in Run Mode, motor runs reverse				
			OFF	Inverter is in Stop Mode, motor stops				
Valid fo	lid for inputs: C001~C007			Example				
Require	ed settings	A002=01						
Notes:  When comminveriable when [RV] the m	n the Forward nands are act ter enters the n a terminal a function is co notor starts ro	Run and Reverse Run tive at the same time, the	ne W] or osed, al is	RV FW 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 L PLC P24				



NOTE: The parameter F004, Keypad Run Key Routing, determines whether the single Run key issues a Run FWD command or Run REV command. However, it has no effect on the [FW] and [RV] input terminal operation.



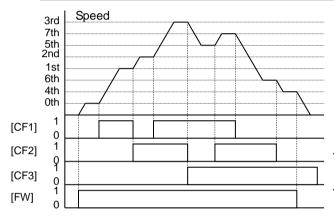
WARNING: If the power is turned ON and the Run command is already active, the motor starts rotation and is dangerous! Before turning power ON, confirm that the Run command is not active.

## Multi-Speed Select ~Binary Operation

The inverter can store up to 16 different target frequencies (speeds) that the motor output uses for steady-state run condition. These speeds are accessible through programming four of the intelligent terminals as binary-encoded inputs CF1 to CF4 per the table to the right.



NOTE: When choosing a subset of speeds to use, always start at the top of the table, and with the least-significant bit: CF1, CF2, etc.



Multi- speed	Input Function					
	CF4	CF3	CF2	CF1		
Speed 0	0	0	0	0		
Speed 1	0	0	0	1		
Speed 2	0	0	1	0		
Speed 3	0	0	1	1		
Speed 4	0	1	0	0		
Speed 5	0	1	0	1		
Speed 6	0	1	1	0		
Speed 7	0	1	1	1		
Speed 8	1	0	0	0		
Speed 9	1	0	0	1		
Speed 10	1	0	1	0		
Speed 11	1	0	1	1		
Speed 12	1	1	0	0		
Speed 13	1	1	0	1		
Speed 14	1	1	1	0		
Speed 15	1	1	1	1		

The example with eight speeds in the figure left shows how input switches configured for CF1-CF3 functions can change the motor speed in real time.

NOTE: Speed 0 depends on ADD I parameter value.

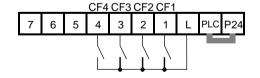
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name	State	Description
02	CF1	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 0, logical 1
		Bit 0 (LSB)	OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 0, logical 0
03	CF2	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 1, logical 1
		Bit 1	OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 1, logical 0
04	CF3	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 2, logical 1
		Bit 2	OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 2, logical 0
05	CF4	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 3, logical 1
		Bit 3 (MSB)	OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 3, logical 0
	-			

Valid for inputs: COO 1~COO7 FOO I. ROO 1=02. Required settings A020 to A035

#### Notes:

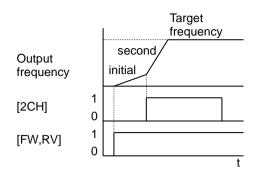
- When programming the multi-speed settings, be sure to press the SET key each time and then set the next multi-speed setting. Note that when the key is not pressed, no data will be set.
- When a multi-speed setting more than 50Hz (60Hz) is to be set, it is necessary to program the maximum frequency **FDD4** high enough to allow that speed

Example



### Two Stage Acceleration and Deceleration

When terminal [2CH] is turned ON, the inverter changes the rate of acceleration deceleration from the initial settings (FDD2 and FDD3) to use the second set of acceleration/ deceleration values. When the terminal is turned OFF, the inverter is returned to the original acceleration and deceleration time (F002 acceleration time 1. and deceleration time 1). Use AD92 (acceleration time 2) and ADS3 (deceleration time 2) to set second acceleration stage and deceleration times.



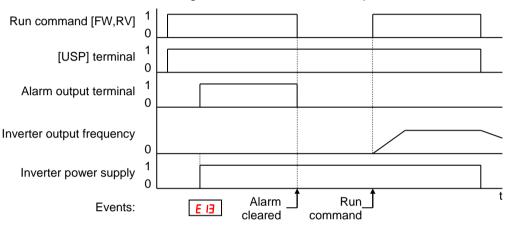
In the graph shown above, the [2CH] becomes active during the initial acceleration. This causes the inverter to switch from using acceleration 1 (FDD2) to acceleration 2 (RDD2).

Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name   State		Description										
09	2CH	Two-stage Accelera- ON tion and		Frequency output uses 2nd-stage acceleration 2 and deceleration 2 values										
		Deceleration	OFF	Frequency output uses the initial acceleration 1 and deceleration 1 values										
Valid for inputs:		COO I~COO7		Example										
Require	d settings	A092, A093, A094=00												
Notes: • Function RD94 selects the method for seconstage acceleration. It must be set = DD to se the input terminal method in order for the [20] terminal assignment to operate.		elect	[	7	6	5 S	4	3	2	1	L	PLC	P24	

### **Unattended Start Protection**

If the Run command is already set when power is turned ON, the inverter starts running immediately after powerup. The Unattended Start Protection (USP) function prevents that automatic startup, so that the inverter *will not* run without outside intervention. When USP is active and you need to reset an alarm and resume running, either turn the Run command OFF, or perform a reset operation by the terminal [RS] input or the keypad Stop/reset key.

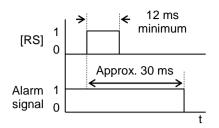
In the figure below, the [USP] feature is enabled. When the inverter power turns ON, the motor does not start, even though the Run command is already active. Instead, it enters the USP trip state, and displays **E I3** error code. This requires outside intervention to reset the alarm by turning OFF the Run command per this example (or applying a reset). Then the Run command can turn ON again and start the inverter output.



Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name	State	Description											
13	USP	Unattended Start Protection	ON	On powerup, the inverter will not resume a Run command (mostly used in the US)											
			OFF	On po		•									
Valid fo	r inputs:	COO I~COO7		Exam	ple										
	ed settings	(none)								USP					
cance inverte Even v the ter voltag will be When after th occur. three	led by a reserver restarts runwhen the triporminal [RS] On the performed. The running cone power is to When this furnished.	SP error occurs and it is trom a [RS] terminal in aning immediately. state is canceled by turn N and OFF after an uncommand is active immediated ON, a USP error anction is used, wait for a feet the powerup to gen	ning der action ediately will at least		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	L	PLO	C P24	

### **Reset Inverter**

The [RS] terminal causes the inverter to execute the reset operation. If the inverter is in Trip Mode, the reset cancels the Trip state. When the signal [RS] is turned ON and OFF, the inverter executes the reset operation. The minimum pulse width for [RS] must be 12 ms or greater. The alarm output will be cleared within 30 ms after the onset of the Reset command.





**WARNING:** After the Reset command is given and the alarm reset occurs, the motor will restart suddenly if the Run command is already active. Be sure to set the alarm reset after verifying that the Run command is OFF to prevent injury to personnel.

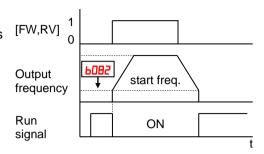
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name	State	Description				
18	RS	Reset Inverter	ON	The motor output is turned OFF, the Trip Mode is				
				cleared (if it exists), and powerup reset is applied				
			OFF	Normal power ON operation				
Valid fo	r inputs:	COO I~COO7		Example				
Require	ed settings	(none)		RS				
keypa turns (	d displays Ro OFF, the disp ng the Stop/F ate a reset op	erminal [RS] input is ON stating segments. After lay recovers automatical Reset key of the keypaderation only when an a	RS ally. I can	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 L PLC P24				

- A terminal configured with the [RS] function can only be configured for normally open operation. The terminal cannot be used in the normally closed contact state.
- When input power is turned ON, the inverter performs the same reset operation as it does when a pulse on the [RS] terminal occurs.
- The Stop/Reset key on the inverter is only operational for a few seconds after inverter powerup when a hand-held remote operator is connected to the inverter.
- If the [RS] terminal is turned ON while the motor is running, the motor will be free running (coasting).
- If you are using the output terminal OFF delay feature (any of [ 13 1, [ 133, [ 14 1 > 0.0 sec.), the [RS] terminal affects the ON-to-OFF transition slightly. Normally (without using OFF delays), the [RS] input causes the motor output and the logic outputs to turn OFF together, immediately. However, when any output uses an OFF delay, then after the [RS] input turns ON, that output will remain ON for an additional 1 sec. period (approximate) before turning OFF.

# **Using Intelligent Output Terminals**

## **Run Signal**

When the [RUN] signal is selected as an intelligent output terminal, the inverter outputs a signal on that terminal when it is in Run Mode. The output logic is active low, and is the open collector type (switch to ground).



Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name	State	Description			
00	RUN	Run Signal	ON	when inverter is in Run Mode			
			OFF	when inverter is in Stop Mode			
	r outputs:	11, 12, AL0 – AL2		Example for terminal [11]			
Require	ed settings	(none)		,			
the inv specif is the ON. • The e coil. N negati	verter output of ied by paraminitial inverter example circuitote the use of ve going turn	s the [RUN] signal when exceeds the start freque eter 6082. The start freque output frequency when the for terminal [11] drives of a diode to prevent the off spike generated by inverter's output transis	ency juency it turns a relay the coil	Inverter output terminal circuit RUN  CM2 11  + RY			
				Inverter logic circuit board RUN AL0 AL1 AL2			

## **Frequency Arrival Signals**

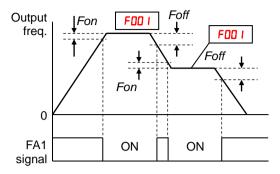
The *Frequency Arrival* group of outputs helps coordinate external systems with the current velocity profile of the inverter. As the name implies, output [FA1] turns ON when the output frequency arrives at the standard set frequency (parameter F001). Output [FA2] relies on programmable accel/ decel thresholds for increased flexibility. For example, you can have an output turn ON at one frequency during acceleration, and have it turn OFF at a different frequency during deceleration. All transitions have hysteresis to avoid output chatter if the output frequency is near one of the thresholds.

Option Code	Terminal Symbol FA1	Function Name	State	Description
02	FA1	_ ^		Boompton
		Frequency Arrival	ON	when output to motor is at the constant frequency
		Type 1 – Constant Speed	OFF	when output to motor is OFF, or in any acceleration or deceleration ramp
	FA2	Frequency Arrival	ON	when output to motor is at or above the set frequency
		Type 2 – Over	OFF	thresholds, even if in acceleration or decel ramps
		frequency	OFF	when output to motor is OFF, or during accel or decel before the respective thresholds are crossed
06	FA3	Frequency Arrival	ON	when output to motor is at the set frequency
		Type 3 – Set	OFF	when output to motor is OFF, or in any acceleration or
24	FA4	frequency Frequency Arrival	ON	deceleration ramp when output to motor is at or above the set frequency
	17(1	Type 4 – Over	011	thresholds, even if in acceleration or decel ramps
		frequency (2)	OFF	when output to motor is OFF, or during accel or decel
25	FA5	Frequency Arrival	ON	before the respective thresholds are crossed when output to motor is at the set frequency
	1710	Type 5 – Set	OFF	when output to motor is OFF, or in any acceleration or
		frequency (2)		deceleration ramp
Valid for Require	r outputs:	11, 12, AL0 – AL2		Example for terminal [11]
settings		C042, C043, C045, C046	,	,,
Notes: • For each	ch frequenc	y arrival threshold, the or eshold (turns ON early) b		Inverter output terminal circuit FA1
	maximum fre		)y 1%	<u> </u>
		FF as the output freque		CM2 11
	away from maximum from	the threshold, delayed by	y 2%	
The ex relay c	cample circuitoil. Note the	it for terminal [11] drives use of a diode to preven	nt the	T RY T
	om damaging	n-off spike generated by g the inverter's output	ше	Example for terminal [AL0], [AL1], [AL2]
				Inverter logic circuit board FA1 AL0 AL1 AL2 Power supply Load

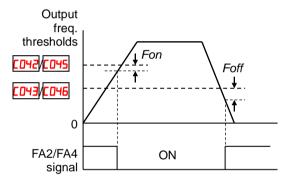
Frequency arrival output [FA1] uses the standard output frequency (parameter F001) as the threshold for switching. In the figure to the right, Frequency Arrival [FA1] turns ON when the output frequency gets within Fon Hz below or Fon Hz above the target constant frequency, where Fon is 1% of the set maximum frequency and Foff is 2% of the set maximum frequency. This provides hysteresis that prevents output chatter near the threshold value. The hysteresis effect causes the output to turn ON slightly early as the speed approaches the threshold. Then the turn-OFF point is slightly delayed. Note the active low nature of the signal, due to the open collector output.

Frequency arrival output [FA2/FA4] works the same way; it just uses two separate thresholds as shown in the figure to the right. These provide for separate acceleration and deceleration thresholds to provide more flexibility than for [FA1]. [FA2/FA4] uses [042/[045]] during acceleration for the ON threshold, and [043/[046]] during deceleration for the OFF threshold. This signal also is active low. Having different accel and decel thresholds provides an asymmetrical output function. However, you can use equal ON and OFF thresholds, if desired.

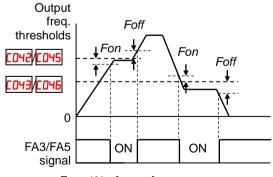
Frequency arrival output [FA3/FA5] works also the same way, only difference is arriving at set frequency.



Fon=1% of max. frequency Foff=2% of max. frequency



Fon=1% of max. frequency Foff=2% of max. frequency

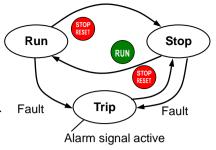


Fon=1% of max. frequency Foff=2% of max. frequency

### **Alarm Signal**

The inverter alarm signal is active when a fault has occurred and it is in the Trip Mode (refer to the diagram at right). When the fault is cleared the alarm signal becomes inactive.

We must make a distinction between the alarm *signal* AL and the alarm relay *contacts* [AL0], [AL1] and [AL2]. The signal AL is a logic function, which you can assign to the open collector output terminals [11], [12], or the relay outputs.



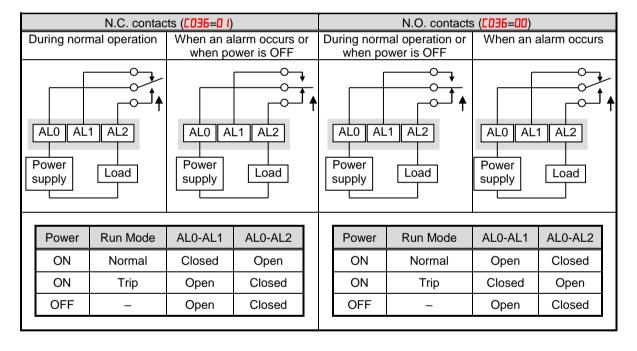
The most common (and default) use of the relay is for AL, thus the labeling of its terminals. Use an open collector output (terminal [11] or [12]) for a low-current logic signal interface or to energize a small relay (50 mA maximum). Use the relay output to interface to higher voltage and current devices (100VAC, 10 mA minimum).

Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name	State	Description			
05	AL	Alarm Signal	ON	when an alarm signal has occurred and has not been cleared			
			OFF	when no alarm has occurred since the last clearing of alarm(s)			
Valid fo	r outputs:	11, 12, AL0 – AL2		Example for terminal [11]			
Require	ed settings	CO3 I, CO32, CO36					
closed explar  In the power signal circuit  When time d	d (CD36=0 I). For the control of the	y is configured as normal Refer to the next page for configuration, an inverte N the alarm output, the alarm output, the alarm output is set to normally clonan 2 seconds occurs at a contact is closed.	er alarm control	Inverter output terminal circuit AL  CM2 11			
output differe [AL1], This safter the Logic contact	es, so the electent from the content from the content [AL2]. ignal is outpute trip conditional content so Signal Specification in the content so signal specification is setting the content so the conte	[12] are open collector tric specifications of [AL ontact output terminals [at with a delay (approx. 3 on.  pecifications are in "Corications" on page 21. The or different conditions are	ÄL0], 300 ms) ntrol ne	Inverter logic circuit board  ALO AL1 AL2  Power supply  Load			

The alarm relay output can be configured in two main ways:

- Trip/Power Loss Alarm The alarm relay is configured as normally closed ([0]5=0]) by default, shown below (left). An external alarm circuit that detects broken wiring also as an alarm connects to [AL0] and [AL1]. After powerup and short delay (< 2 seconds), the relay energizes and the alarm circuit is OFF. Then, either an inverter trip event or an inverter power loss will de-energize the relay and open the alarm circuit
- **Trip Alarm** Alternatively, you can configure the relay as normally open (£036=00), shown below (right). An external alarm circuit that detects broken wiring also as an alarm connects to [AL0] and [AL2]. After powerup, the relay energizes only when an inverter trip event occurs, opening the alarm circuit. However, in this configuration, an inverter power loss does not open the alarm circuit.

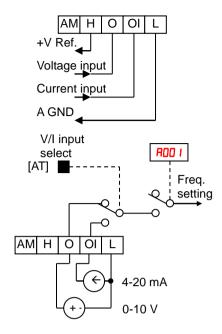
Be sure to use the relay configuration that is appropriate for your system design. Note that the external circuits shown assume that a closed circuit = no alarm condition (so that a broken wire also causes an alarm). However, some systems may require a closed circuit = alarm condition. In that case, then use the opposite terminal [AL1] or [AL2] from the ones shown.



## **Analog Input Operation**

The WJ200 inverters provide for analog input to command the inverter frequency output value. The analog input terminal group includes the [L], [OI], [O], and [H] terminals on the control logic terminal, which provide for Voltage [O] or Current [OI] input. All analog input signals must use the analog ground [L].

If you use either the voltage or current analog input, you must select one of them using the logic input terminal function [AT] analog type. Refer to the table on next page showing the activation of each analog input by combination of ROD5 set parameter and [AT] terminal condition. The [AT] terminal function is covered in "Analog Input Current/Voltage Select" in page 3-16 of Instruction Manual. Remember that you must also set ROD I = D I to select analog input as the frequency source.





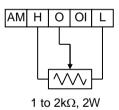
**NOTE**: If no logic input terminal is configured for the [AT] function, then inverter recognizes that [AT]=OFF and MCU recognizes [O]+[OI] as analog input.

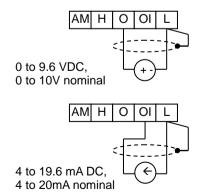
Using an external potentiometer is a common way to control the inverter output frequency (and a good way to learn how to use the analog inputs). The potentiometer uses the built-in 10V reference [H] and the analog ground [L] for excitation, and the voltage input [O] for the signal. By default, the [AT] terminal selects the voltage input when it is OFF.

Take care to use the proper resistance for the potentiometer, which is 1 to 2  $k\Omega$ , 2 Watts.

**Voltage Input** – The voltage input circuit uses terminals [L] and [O]. Attach the signal cable's shield wire only to terminal [L] on the inverter. Maintain the voltage within specifications (do not apply negative voltage).

**Current Input** – The current input circuit uses terminals [OI] and [L]. The current comes from a *sourcing* type transmitter; a *sinking* type will not work! This means the current must flow into terminal [OI], and terminal [L] is the return back to the transmitter. The input impedance from [OI] to [L] is 100 Ohms. Attach the cable shield wire only to terminal [L] on the inverter.





See I/O specs on page 21,22.

The following table shows the available analog input settings. Parameter #005 and the input terminal [AT] determine the External Frequency Command input terminals that are available, and how they function. The analog inputs [O] and [OI] use terminal [L] as the reference (signal return).

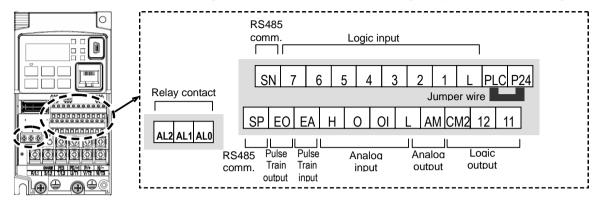
R005	[AT] Input	Analog Input Configuration
00	ON	[OI]
00	OFF	[0]
02	ON	Integrated POT on external operator
	OFF	[0]
03	ON	Integrated POT on external operator
	OFF	[OI]

### Other Analog Input-related topics:

- "Analog Input Settings"
- "Additional Analog Input Settings"
- "Analog Signal Calibration Settings"
- · "Analog Input Current/Voltage Select"
- · "ADD Frequency Enable"
- "Analog Input Disconnect Detect"

## **Pulse Train Input Operation**

The WJ200 inverter is capable of accepting pulse train input signals, that are used for frequency command, process variable (feedback) for PID control, and simple positioning. The dedicated terminal is called "EA" and "EB". Terminal "EA" is a dedicated terminal, and the terminal "EB" is an intelligent terminal, that has to be changed by a parameter setting.



Terminal Name	Description	Ratings
EA	Pulse train input A	27 VDC max.
		32kHz max.
		Reference voltage: Common is [L]
EB	Pulse train input B	27 VDC max.
(Input terminal 7)	(Set [007] to 85)	2kHz max.
		Reference voltage: Common is [PLC]

### (1) Frequency Command by pulse train input

When using this mode, you should set RDD I to Db. In this case the frequency is detected by input-capture, and calculated based on the ratio of designated max. frequency (under 32kHz). Only an input terminal "EA" will be used in this case.

### (2) Using for process variable of PID control

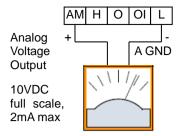
You can use the pulse train input for process variable (feedback) of PID control. In this case you need to set #075 to 03. Only "EA" input terminal is to be used.

### (3) Simple positioning by pulse train input

This is to use the pulse train input like an encoder signal. You can select three types of operation.

## **Analog Output Operation**

In inverter applications it is useful to monitor the inverter operation from a remote location or from the front panel of an inverter enclosure. In some cases, this requires only a panel-mounted volt meter. In other cases, a controller such as a PLC may provide the inverter's frequency command, and require inverter feedback data (such as output frequency or output current) to confirm actual operation. The analog output terminal [AM] serves these purposes.



See I/O specs on page 21,22

The inverter provides an analog voltage output on terminal [AM] with terminal [L] as analog GND reference. The [AM] can output inverter frequency or current output value. Note that the voltage range is 0 to +10V (positive-going only), regardless of forward or reverse motor rotation. Use CD28 to configure terminal [AM] as indicated below.

Func.	Code	Description
	00	Inverter output frequency
	01	Inverter output current
	02	Inverter output torque
	04	Inverter output voltage
	05	Inverter input power
C028	06	Electronic Thermal Load Ratio
	07	LAD frequency
	10	Heat sink temperature
	11	Output torque (with code)
	13	General output
	16	Option

The [AM] signal offset and gain are adjustable, as indicated below.

Func.	Description	Range	Default
C 106	[AM] output gain	50. to 200.	100.
C 109	[AM] output offset	0. to 100.	0.

The graph below shows the effect of the gain and offset setting. To calibrate the [AM] output for your application (analog meter), follow the steps below:

- 1. Run the motor at the full scale speed, or most common operating speed.
  - a. If the analog meter represents output frequency, adjust offset ([ 109) first, and then use [ 106 to set the voltage for full scale output.
  - b. If [AM] represents motor current, adjust offset ([ 109) first, and then use b[ 106 to set the voltage for full scale output. Remember to leave room at the upper end of the range for increased current when the motor is under heavier loads.

#### AM output offset adjustment AM output gain adjustment AM output AM output 10V 10V 106 = 50. to 200 109 = 0. to 100Parallel movemer 5V 5V Full scale (FS) Full scale (FS) 1/2 FS 1/2 FS Hz or A Hz or A



NOTE: As mentioned above, first adjust the offset, and then adjust the gain. Otherwise the required performance cannot be obtained because of the parallel movement of the offset adjustment.

## **Monitoring functions**



**NOTE:** Marking [ ✓ ],[ ★ ],[ \*1 ],in the table show following meaning.

✓: Configuration changes are possible during operation.

**X**: You cannot change the parameters during operation.

\*1: In case of (b031) soft lock selections"10", parameter changing during operation is possible.

Please change from "04 (Basic display)" to "00 (Full display)" in parameter

**b037** (Function code display restriction), in case some parameters cannot be displayed.

### **IMPORTANT**

Please be sure to set the motor nameplate data into the appropriate parameters

to ensure proper operation and protection of the motor:

- b012 is the motor overload protection value
- A082 is the motor voltage selection
- H003 is the motor kW capacity
- H004 is the number of motor poles

Please refer to the appropriate pages in this guide and the Instruction Manual for further details.

	"d" Function			
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Units
d001	Output frequency monitor	Real time display of output frequency to motor from 0.00 to 400.0Hz If <b>b163</b> is set high, output frequency ( <b>F001</b> ) can be changed by up/down key with d001 monitoring.	<b>✓</b>	Hz
d002	Output current monitor	Filtered display of output current to motor, range is 0.0 to 655.3 ampere (~99.9 ampere for 1.5kW and less)	_	А
d003	Rotation direction monitor	Three different indications:  "F"Forward  "a"Stop  "r"Reverse	-	-
d004	Process variable (PV), PID feedback monitor	"r"Reverse Process variable (PV), Displays the scaled PID process		% times constant

	"d" Fur	nction	Run	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Units
d005	Intelligent input terminal status	Displays the state of the intelligent input terminals:  ON  OFF  7 6 5 4 3 2 1	_	-
d006	Intelligent output terminal status	Terminal numbers  Displays the state of the intelligent output terminals:		
		ON OFF Relay 12 11	_	-
d007	Scaled output frequency monitor	Displays the output frequency scaled by the constant in <b>b086</b> .  Decimal point indicates range:  0 to 3999	<b>✓</b>	Hz times constant
d008	Actual frequency monitor	Displays the actual frequency, range is -400 to 400 Hz	_	Hz
d009	Torque command monitor	Displays the torque command, range is -200 to 200 %	-	%
d010	Torque bias monitor	Displays the torque bias value, range is -200 to 200 %	_	%
d012	Output torque monitor	Displays the output torque, range is -200 to 200 %	_	%
d013	Output voltage monitor	Voltage of output to motor, Range is 0.0 to 600.0V	_	V
d014	Input power monitor	Displays the input power, range is 0 to 999.9 kW	_	kW
d015	Watt-hour monitor	Displays watt-hour of the inverter, Range is 0. to 9999.(0 to 9999) / 1000 to 9999 (10000 to 99999)/ 100 to 999 (100,000 to 999,000)	_	
d016	Elapsed RUN time monitor	Displays total time the inverter has been in RUN mode in hours.  Range is 0. to 9999.(0 to 9999) / 1000 to 9999 (10000 to 99999) / [100 to [999] (100,000 to 999,000)]	-	hr
d017	Elapsed power-on time monitor	Displays total time the inverter has been powered up in hours.  Range is 0. to 9999.(0 to 9999) / 1000 to 9999 (10000 to 99999) / 100 to \( \) \	-	hr
d018	Heat sink temperature monitor	Temperature of the cooling fin, range is -20~150	_	°C
d022	Life check monitor	Displays the state of lifetime of electrolytic capacitors on the PWB and cooling fan.  Lifetime expired Normal Cooling fan Electrolytic caps	_	-

	"d" Fui	nction	Run	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Units
d023	Program counter monitor [EzSQ]	Range is 0 to 1024	-	_
d024	Program number monitor [EzSQ]	Range is 0 to 9999	-	-
d025	User monitor 0 [EzSQ]	Result of EzSQ execution, range is -2147483647~2147483647	_	_
d026	User monitor 1 [EzSQ]	Result of EzSQ execution, range is -2147483647~2147483647	_	-
d027	User monitor 2 [EzSQ]	Result of EzSQ execution, range is -2147483647~2147483647	_	-
d029	Positioning command monitor	Displays the positioning command, range is -268435455~+268435455	-	-
d030	Current position monitor	Displays the current position, range is –268435455~+268435455	_	-
d050	Dual monitor	Displays two different data configured in <b>b160</b> and <b>b161</b> .	_	-
d060	Inverter mode monitor	Displays currently selected inverter mode: I-C:IM CT mode/I-V:IM VT mode/P:PM mode	-	_
d062	Frequency source monitor	0Operator 1-151-15 Multi-speed 16Jog frequency 18Modbus communication 19Option 21Potentiometer(available with OPE-SR or OPE-SRmini) 22Pulse train 23 Calculate function output 24EzSQ / 25 [O] input 26 [OI] input / 27 [O] + [OI] input	-	-
d063	Run command source monitor	1Control terminal / 2Operator 3Modbus network / 4Option	-	_
d080	Trip counter	Number of trip events, Range is 0. to 9999. (0 to 9999) / 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65530)	_	events
d081	Trip monitor 1	Displays trip event information:  • Error code	-	_
d082	Trip monitor 2	Output frequency at trip point     Motor current at trip point	_	-
d083	Trip monitor 3	DC bus voltage at trip point	_	_
d084	Trip monitor 4	Cumulative inverter operation time at trip point	_	_
d085	Trip monitor 5  Trip monitor 6	Cumulative power-ON time at trip point	_	_
d090	Warning monitor	Displays the warning code	_	_
d102	DC bus voltage monitor	Voltage of inverter internal DC bus,	_	-
d103	BRD load ratio monitor	Range is 0.0 to 999.9 / 1000. Usage ratio of integrated brake	_	V
	Electronic thermal monitor	chopper, range is 0.0~100.0%  Accumulated value of electronic	_	%
d104		thermal detection, range is from 0.0~100.0%	_	%
d130	Analog input O monitor	0 to 1023	_	-

	"d" Function		Run	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Units
d131	Analog input OI monitor	0 to 1023	_	-
d133	Pulse train input monitor	0.00 to 99.99 /100.0[%]	-	_
d153	PID deviation monitor	-999 to 9999. [%]	_	_
d155	PID output monitor	0.00 to 100.0[%] (A071 = 01) -100. to 100.0[%] (A071 = 02)	_	_

### **Main Profile Parameters**



NOTE: Marking [ ✓ ],[ x ],[ \*1 ],in the table show following meaning.
✓ : Configuration changes are possible during operation.
x: You cannot change the parameters during operation.

\*1: In case of (b031) soft lock selections"10", parameter changing during operation is possible.

	"F" Function		Run	Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
F001	Output frequency setting	Standard default target frequency that determines constant motor speed, range is 0.0 / start frequency to maximum frequency (A004) 0.0 to 100.0[%] if enables PID	<b>\</b>	0.00	Hz
F002	Acceleration time (1)	Standard default acceleration, range is 0.00 to 3600 s.	✓	10.0	s
F202	Acceleration time (1), 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		✓	10.0	s
F003	Deceleration time (1)	Standard default deceleration, range is 0.00 to 3600 s.	✓	10.0	s
F203	Deceleration time (1), 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		✓	10.0	s
F004	Keypad RUN key routing	Two options; select codes:  00Forward  01Reverse	×	00	_

## **Standard Functions**



NOTE: Marking [ ✓ ],[ ★ ],[ \*1 ],in the table show following meaning. ✓ : Configuration changes are possible during operation.

**X**: You cannot change the parameters during operation.

\*1: In case of (b031) soft lock selections"10", parameter changing during operation is possible.

	"A" Fu	nction	Run	Defau	ılts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
A001	Frequency source	Eight options; select codes: <b>00</b> POT on ext. operator  *Valid when connecting the	×	02	-
A201	Frequency source, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	OPE-SR/SRmini 01Control terminal *Set to "01" when connecting the WJ-VL or External volume via control terminal 02Function F001 setting 03Modbus network input 04Option 06Pulse train input 07via EzSQ 10Calculate function output	×	02	_
A002	Run command source	Four options; select codes:  01Control terminal  02Run key on keypad, or	×	02	_
A202	Run command source, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	digital operator <b>03</b> Modbus network input <b>04</b> Option	×	02	_
A003	Base frequency	Settable from 30 Hz to the maximum frequency( <b>A004</b> )	×	60.0	Hz
A203	Base frequency, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	Settable from 30 Hz to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> maximum frequency( <b>A204</b> )	×	60.0	Hz
A004	Maximum frequency	Settable from the base frequency to 400 Hz	×	60.0	Hz
A204	Maximum frequency, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	Settable from the 2 <sup>nd</sup> base frequency to 400 Hz	×	60.0	Hz
A005	[AT] selection	Three options; select codes:  00Select between [O] and [OI] at [AT] (ON=OI, OFF=O)  02Select between [O] and external POT at [AT] (ON=POT, OFF=O)  03Select between [OI] and external POT at [AT] (ON=POT, OFF=OI)	×	00	-
A011	[O] input active range start frequency	The output frequency corresponding to the analog input range starting point, range is 0.00 to 400.0	*1	0.00	Hz

	"A" Fur	nction	Run	Defau	ılts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
A012	[O] input active range end frequency	The output frequency corresponding to the analog input range ending point, range is 0.0 to 400.0	*1	0.00	Hz
A013	[O] input active range start voltage	The starting point (offset) for the active analog input range, range is 0. to A014 value (%)	*1	0.	%
A014	[O] input active range end voltage	The ending point (offset) for the active analog input range, range is A013 value to 100.(%)	*1	100.	%
A015	[O] input start frequency enable	Two options; select codes: <b>00</b> Use offset ( <b>A011</b> value) <b>01</b> Use 0Hz	*1	01	_
A016	Analog input filter	Range n = 1 to 31, 1 to 30 : $\times$ 2ms filter 31: 500ms fixed filter with $\pm$ 0.1Hz hys.	*1	8.	Spl.
A017	EzSQ select	00Disable 01PRG terminal 02Always	✓	00	-
A019	Multi-speed operation selection	Select codes: 00Binary operation (16 speeds selectable with 4 terminals) 01Bit operation (8 speeds selectable with 7 terminals)	×	00	_
A020	Multi-speed freq. 0	Defines the first speed of a multi-speed profile, range is 0.0 / start frequency to 400Hz  A020 = Speed 0 (1st motor)	<b>✓</b>	0.0	Hz
A220	Multi-speed freq. 0, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	Defines the first speed of a multi-speed profile or a 2nd motor, range is 0.0 / start frequency to 400Hz  A220 = Speed 0 (2nd motor)	✓	0.0	Hz
A021 to A035	Multi-speed freq. 1 to 15 (for both motors)	Defines 15 more speeds, range is 0.0 / start frequency to 400 Hz. A021=Speed 1 ~ A035=Speed15	<b>✓</b>	See next row	Hz
		A021 ~ A035	✓	0.0	Hz
A038	Jog frequency	Defines limited speed for jog, range is from start frequency to 9.99 Hz	✓	6.00	Hz
A039	Jog stop mode	Define how end of jog stops the motor; six options:  00Free-run stop     (invalid during run)  01Controlled deceleration     (invalid during run)  02DC braking to stop     (invalid during run)  03Free-run stop     (valid during run)  04Controlled deceleration     (valid during run)  05DC braking to stop     (valid during run)	*1	04	-

	"A" Function		Run	Defaults	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
A041	Torque boost select	Two options: <b>00</b> Manual torque boost <b>01</b> Automatic torque boost	×	00	_
A241	Torque boost select, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	·	×	00	_
A042	Manual torque boost value	Can boost starting torque between 0 and 20% above normal V/f curve,	<b>✓</b>	1.0	%
A242	Manual torque boost value, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	range is 0.0 to 20.0%	<b>✓</b>	1.0	%
A043	Manual torque boost frequency	Sets the frequency of the V/f breakpoint for torque boost, range is 0.0 to 50.0%	✓	5.0	%
A243	Manual torque boost frequency, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		<b>✓</b>	5.0	%
A044	V/f characteristic curve	Four available V/f curves;  00Constant torque  01Reduced torque (1.7)	×	00	_
A244	V/f characteristic curve, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	02Free V/F 03*Sensorless vector (SLV) *Only CT mode	×	00	_
A045	V/f gain	Sets voltage gain of the inverter, range is 20. to 100.%	<b>✓</b>	100.	%
A245	V/f gain, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		<b>✓</b>	100.	%
A046	Voltage compensation gain for automatic torque boost	Sets voltage compensation gain under automatic torque boost, range is 0. to 255.	<b>✓</b>	100.	_
A246	Voltage compensation gain for automatic torque boost, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		<b>✓</b>	100.	_
A047	Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost	Sets slip compensation gain under automatic torque boost, range is 0. to 255.	<b>✓</b>	100.	_
A247	Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		<b>✓</b>	100.	_
A051	DC braking enable	Three options; select codes:  00Disable  01Enable during stop  02Frequency detection	*1	00	_
A052	DC braking frequency	The frequency at which DC braking begins, range is from the start frequency (b082) to 60Hz	*1	0.5	Hz
A053	DC braking wait time	The delay from the end of controlled deceleration to start of DC braking (motor free runs until DC braking begins), range is 0.0 to 5.0 sec.	*1	0.0	s
A054	DC braking force for deceleration	Level of DC braking force, settable from 0 to 100%	*1	50.	%

	"A" Fund	ction	Run	Defau	ılts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
A055	DC braking time for deceleration	Sets the duration for DC braking, range is from 0.0 to 60.0 seconds.	*1	0.5	s
A056	DC braking / edge or level detection for [DB] input	Two options; select codes: <b>00</b> Edge detection <b>01</b> Level detection	*1	01	-
A057	DC braking force at start	Level of DC braking force at start, settable from 0 to 100%	*1	0.	%
A058	DC braking time at start	Sets the duration for DC braking, range is from 0.0 to 60.0 seconds	*1	0.0	S
A059	Carrier frequency during DC braking	Carrier frequency of DC braking performance, range is from 2.0 to 15.0kHz	*1	5.0	kHz
A061	Frequency upper limit	Sets a limit on output frequency less than the maximum frequency (A004). Range is from frequency lower limit (A062) to maximum frequency (A004). 0.0 setting is disabled >0.0 setting is enabled	*1	0.00	Hz
A261	Frequency upper limit, 2nd motor	Sets a limit on output frequency less than the maximum frequency (A204). Range is from frequency lower limit (A262) to maximum frequency (A204). 0.0 setting is disabled >0.0 setting is enabled	*1	0.00	Hz
A062	Frequency lower limit	Sets a limit on output frequency greater than zero. Range is start frequency (b082) to frequency upper limit (A061) 0.0 setting is disabled >0.0 setting is enabled	*1	0.00	Hz
A262	Frequency lower limit, 2nd motor	Sets a limit on output frequency greater than zero. Range is start frequency (b082) to frequency upper limit (A261) 0.0 setting is disabled >0.0 setting is enabled	*1	0.00	Hz
A063 A065 A067	Jump freq. (center) 1 to 3	Up to 3 output frequencies can be defined for the output to jump past to avoid motor resonances (center frequency) Range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.0 0.0 0.0	Hz
A064 A066 A068	Jump freq. width (hysteresis) 1 to 3	Defines the distance from the center frequency at which the jump around occurs Range is 0.0 to 10.0 Hz	*1	0.5 0.5 0.5	Hz
A069	Acceleration hold frequency	Sets the frequency to hold acceleration, range is 0.0 to 400.0Hz	*1	0.00	Hz
A070	Acceleration hold time	Sets the duration of acceleration hold, range is 0.0 to 60.0 s.	*1	0.0	s

	"A" Fun	ction	Run	Defau	ılts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
A071	PID enable	Enables PID function, three option codes: 00PID Disable 01PID Enable 02PID Enable with reverse output	*1	00	-
A072	PID proportional gain	Proportional gain has a range of 0.00 to 25.00	✓	1.0	_
A073	PID integral time constant	Integral time constant has a range of 0.0 to 3600 s.	✓	1.0	s
A074	PID derivative time constant	Derivative time constant has a range of 0.0 to 100 s.	✓	0.00	S
A075	PV scale conversion	Process Variable (PV), scale factor (multiplier), range of 0.01 to 99.99	*1	1.00	_
A076	PV source	Selects source of Process Variable (PV), option codes: 00[OI] terminal (current in) 01[O] terminal (voltage in) 02Modbus network 03Pulse train input 10Calculate function output	*1	00	-
A077	Reverse PID action	Two option codes: <b>00</b> PID input = SP-PV <b>01</b> PID input = -(SP-PV)	*1	00	_
A078	PID output limit	Sets the limit of PID output as percent of full scale, range is 0.0 to 100.0%	*1	0.0	%
A079	PID feed forward selection	Selects source of feed forward gain, option codes:  00Disabled  01[O] terminal (voltage in)  02[OI] terminal (current in)	*1	00	_
A081	AVR function select	Automatic (output) voltage regulation, selects from three type of AVR functions, three	×	02	_
A281	AVR function select, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	option codes: <b>00</b> AVR enabled <b>01</b> AVR disabled <b>02</b> AVR enabled except during deceleration	×	02	_
A082	AVR voltage select	200V class inverter settings: 200/215/220/230/240 400V class inverter settings:	×	200/ 400	V
A282	AVR voltage select, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	380/400/415/440/460/480	×	200/ 400	V
A083	AVR filter time constant	Define the time constant of the AVR filter, range is 0 to 10 s.	*1	0.300	s
A084	AVR deceleration gain	Gain adjustment of the braking performance, range is 50 to 200%	*1	100.	%

	"A" Fund	tion	Run	Defau	ılts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
A085	Energy-saving operation mode	Two option codes:  00Normal operation  01Energy-saving operation	×	00	-
A086	Energy-saving mode tuning	Range is 0.0 to 100 %.	✓	50.0	%
A092	Acceleration time (2)	Duration of 2 <sup>nd</sup> segment of acceleration, range is: 0.00 to 3600 s.	<b>✓</b>	10.00	S
A292	Acceleration time (2), 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		✓	10.00	s
A093	Deceleration time (2)	Duration of 2 <sup>nd</sup> segment of deceleration, range is: 0.00 to 3600 s.	<b>✓</b>	10.00	S
A293	Deceleration time (2), 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		✓	10.00	s
A094	Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile	Three options for switching from 1st to 2nd accel/decel: <b>00</b> 2CH input from terminal	×	00	_
A294	Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	01Transition frequency 02Forward and reverse	×	00	-
A095	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point	Output frequency at which Accel1 switches to Accel2, range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	×	0.0	Hz
A295	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		×	0.0	Hz
A096	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point	Output frequency at which Decel1 switches to Decel2, range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	×	0.0	Hz
A296	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		×	0.0	Hz
A097	Acceleration curve selection	Set the characteristic curve of Acc1 and Acc2, five options:  00linear  01S-curve  02U-curve  03Inverse U-curve  04EL S-curve	×	01	-
A098	Deceleration curve selection	Set the characteristic curve of Dec1 and Dec2, options are same as above (A097)	×	01	-
A101	[OI] input active range start frequency	The output frequency corresponding to the analog input range starting point, range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.00	Hz
A102	[OI] input active range end frequency	The output frequency corresponding to the current input range ending point, range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.0	Hz
A103	[OI] input active range start current	The starting point (offset) for the current input range, range is 0. to A104 value (%)	*1	20.	%

	"A" Fund	tion	Run	Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
A104	[OI] input active range end current	The ending point (offset) for the current input range, range is A103 value to 100.(%)	*1	100.	%
A105	[OI] input start frequency select	Two options; select codes:  00Use offset (A101 value)  01Use 0Hz	*1	00	-
A131	Acceleration curve constant	Range is 01(smallest swelling) to 10(largest swelling).	*1	02	-
A132	Deceleration curve constant	Range is 01 to 10.	*1	02	-
A141	A input select for calculate function	Seven options: 00Operator 01VR 02Terminal [O] input 03Terminal [OI] input 04RS485 05Option 07Pulse train input	*1	02	-
A142	B input select for calculate function	Seven options:  00Operator  01VR  02Terminal [O] input  03Terminal [OI] input  04RS485  05Option  07Pulse train input	*1	03	-
A143	Calculation symbol	Calculates a value based on the A input source (A141 selects) and B input source (A142 selects). Three options: 00ADD (A input + B input) 01SUB (A input - B input) 02MUL (A input * B input)	*1	00	-
A145	ADD frequency	An offset value that is applied to the output frequency when the [ADD] terminal is ON. Range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.00	Hz
A146	ADD direction select	Two options:  00Plus (adds A145 value to the output frequency setting)  01Minus (subtracts A145 value from the output frequency setting)	*1	00	-
A150	Curvature of EL-S-curve at the start of acceleration	Range is 0 to 50%	×	10.	%
A151	Curvature of EL-S-curve at the end of acceleration	Range is 0 to 50%	×	10.	%
A152	Curvature of EL-S-curve at the start of deceleration	Range is 0 to 50%	×	10.	%

	"A" Function		Run	Defau	faults	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units	
A153	Curvature of EL-S-curve at the end of deceleration	Range is 0 to 50%	×	10.	%	
A154	Deceleration hold frequency	Sets the frequency to hold deceleration, range is 0.0 to 400.0Hz	*1	0.0	Hz	
A155	Deceleration hold time	Sets the duration of deceleration hold, range is 0.0 to 60.0 s.	*1	0.0	s	
A156	PID sleep function action threshold	Sets the threshold for the action, set range 0.0~400.0 Hz	*1	0.00	Hz	
A157	PID sleep function action delay time	Sets the delay time for the action, set range 0.0~25.5 s.	*1	0.0	s	
A161	[VR] input active range start frequency	The output frequency corresponding to the [VR] input range starting point, range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.00	Hz	
A162	[VR] input active range end frequency	The output frequency corresponding to the [VR] input range ending point, range is 0. to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.00	Hz	
A163	[VR] input active range start	The starting point (offset) for the [VR] input range, range is 0. to A164 value (%)	*1	0.	%	
A164	[VR] input active range end	The ending point (offset) for the [VR] input range, range is A163 value to 100.(%)	*1	100.	%	
A165	[VR] input start frequency select	Two options; select codes: <b>00</b> Use offset ( <b>A161</b> value) <b>01</b> Use 0Hz	*1	01	-	

## **Fine Tuning Functions**



NOTE: Marking [ ✓ ],[ ★ ],[ \*1 ],in the table show following meaning. ✓: Configuration changes are possible during operation.

**X**: You cannot change the parameters during operation.

\*1: In case of (b031) soft lock selections"10", parameter changing during operation is possible.

	"b" Fur	ection	Run	Defau	Its
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b001	Restart mode on power failure / under-voltage trip	Select inverter restart method, Five option codes:  00Alarm output after trip, no automatic restart  01Restart at 0Hz  02Resume operation after	*1	00	
		frequency matching  03Resume previous freq. after freq. matching, then decelerate to stop and display trip info  04Resume operation after active freq. matching	· 1	00	_
b002	Allowable under-voltage power failure time	The amount of time a power input under-voltage can occur without tripping the power failure alarm. Range is 0.3 to 25 s. If under-voltage exists longer than this time, the inverter trips, even if the restart mode is selected.	*1	1.0	S
b003	Retry wait time before motor restart	Time delay after under-voltage condition goes away, before the inverter runs motor again. Range is 0.3 to 100 s.	*1	1.0	S
b004	Instantaneous power failure / under-voltage trip alarm enable	Three option codes:  00Disable  01Enable  02Disable during stop and decelerates to a stop	*1	00	-
b005	Number of restarts on power failure / under-voltage trip events	Two option codes: <b>00</b> Restart 16 times <b>01</b> Always restart	*1	00	_
b007	Restart frequency threshold	Restart the motor from 0Hz if the frequency becomes less than this set value during the motor is coasting, range is 0 to 400Hz	*1	0.00	Hz

	"b" Fur	nction	Run	Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b008	Restart mode on over voltage / over current trip	Select inverter restart method, Five option codes:  00Alarm output after trip, no automatic restart  01Restart at 0Hz  02Resume operation after frequency matching  03Resume previous freq. after active freq. matching, then decelerate to stop and display trip info  04Resume operation after active freq. matching	*1	00	_
b010	Number of retry on over voltage / over current trip	Range is 1 to 3 times	*1	3	times
b011	Retry wait time on over voltage / over current trip	Range is 0.3 to 100 s.	*1	1.0	S
b012	Level of electronic thermal	Set a level between 20% and 100% for the rated inverter current.	*1	Rated current for	Α
b212	Level of electronic thermal, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		*1	each inverter model	А
b013	Electronic thermal characteristic	Select from three curves, option codes:	*1	01	_
b213	Electronic thermal characteristic, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	00Reduced torque 01Constant torque 02Free setting	*1	01	-
b015	Free setting electronic thermal ~freq.1	Range is 0 to 400Hz	*1	0.0	Hz
b016	Free setting electronic thermal ~current1	Range is 0 to inverter rated current Amps	*1	0.00	Amps
b017	Free setting electronic thermal ~freq.2	Range is 0 to 400Hz	*1	0.0	Hz
b018	Free setting electronic thermal ~current2	Range is 0 to inverter rated current Amps	*1	0.00	Amps
b019	Free setting electronic thermal ~freq.3	Range is 0 to 400Hz	*1	0.0	Hz
b020	Free setting electronic thermal ~current3	Range is 0 to inverter rated current Amps	*1	0.00	Amps
b021	Overload restriction operation mode	Select the operation mode during overload conditions, four options,	*1	01	-
b221	Overload restriction operation mode, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	option codes:  00Disabled  01Enabled for acceleration and constant speed  02Enabled for constant speed only  03Enabled for acceleration and constant speed, increase speed at regeneration.	*1	01	-
b022	Overload restriction level	Sets the level of overload restriction, between 20% and 200% of the rated current of the inverter, setting	*1	Rated current x 1.5	Amps
b222	Overload restriction level, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	resolution is 1% of rated current	*1	Rated current x 1.5	Amps

	"b" Fun	ection	Run	Defau	Its
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b023	Deceleration rate at overload restriction	Sets the deceleration rate when inverter detects overload, range is	*1	1.0	s
b223	Deceleration rate at overload restriction, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	0.1 to 3000.0, resolution 0.1	*1	1.0	S
b024	Overload restriction operation mode 2	Select the operation mode during overload conditions, four options, option codes:  00Disabled  01Enabled for acceleration and constant speed  02Enabled for constant speed only  03Enabled for acceleration and constant speed, increase speed at regeneration.	*1	01	-
b025	Overload restriction level 2	Sets the level of overload restriction, between 20% and 200%(CT mode)/150%(VT mode) of the rated current of the inverter.	*1	Rated current x 1.5	
b026	Deceleration rate 2 at overload restriction	Sets the deceleration rate when inverter detects overload, range is 0.1 to 3000.0, resolution 0.1	*1	1.0	S
b027	OC suppression selection	Three option codes:  00Disabled  01Enabled without voltage reduction  02Enable with voltage reduction	*1	01	-
b028	Current level of active freq. matching	Sets the current level of active freq. matching, between 20% and 200%(CT mode)/150%(VT mode) of the rated current of the inverter.	*1	Rated current	А
b029	Deceleration rate of active freq. matching	Sets the deceleration rate when active freq. matching restart, range is 0.1 to 3000.0, resolution 0.1	*1	0.5	S
b030	Start freq. of active freq. matching	Three option codes:  00freq at previous shutoff  01start from max. Hz  02start from set frequency	*1	00	_
b031	Software lock mode selection	Prevents parameter changes, in five options, option codes:  00all parameters except b031 are locked when [SFT] terminal is ON  01all parameters except b031 and output frequency F001 are locked when [SFT] terminal is ON  02all parameters except b031 are locked  03all parameters except b031 and output frequency F001 are locked  10High level access including b031	*1	01	
b033	Motor cable length parameter	Set range is 5 to 20.	✓	10.	-

	"b" Fui	nction	Run	Defau	Its
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b034	Run/power ON warning time	Range is, <b>0.</b> :Warning disabled <b>1.</b> to <b>9999.</b> : 10~99,990 hr (unit: 10) <b>1000</b> to <b>6553</b> : 100,000~655,350 hr (unit: 100)	*1	0.	hr
b035	Rotation direction restriction	Three option codes: 00No restriction 01Reverse rotation is restricted 02Forward rotation is restricted	×	00	_
b036	Reduced voltage start selection	Set range, <b>0</b> (disabling the function), <b>1</b> (approx. 6ms) to <b>255</b> (approx. 1.5s)	*1	2	_
b037	Function code display restriction	Six option codes: 00Full display 01Function-specific display 02User setting (and b037) 03Data comparison display 04Basic display 05Monitor display only	*1	04	-
b038	Initial display selection	000Func. code that SET key pressed last displayed.(*) 001~030d001~d030 displayed 201F001 displayed 202B display of LCD operator	*1	001	-
b039	Automatic user parameter registration	Two option codes:  00Disable  01Enable	*1	00	
b040	Torque limit selection	Four option codes:  00Quadrant-specific setting mode  01Terminal-switching mode  02Analog voltage input mode(O)  03Option board	*1	00	
b041	Torque limit 1 (fwd/power)	Torque limit level in forward powering quadrant, range is 0 to 200%/no(disabled)	*1	200	%
b042	Torque limit 2 (rev/regen.)	Torque limit level in reverse regen. quadrant, range is 0 to 200%/no(disabled)	*1	200	%
b043	Torque limit 3 (rev/power)	Torque limit level in reverse powering quadrant, range is 0 to 200%/no(disabled)	*1	200	%
b044	Torque limit 4 (fwd/regen.)	Torque limit level in forward regen. quadrant, range is 0 to 200%/no(disabled)	*1	200	%
b045	Torque LAD STOP selection	Two option codes:  00Disable  01Enable	*1	00	
b046	Reverse run protection	Two option codes:  00No protection  01Reverse rotation is restricted	*1	01	_
b049	Dual Rating Selection	<b>00</b> (CT mode) / <b>01</b> (VT mode)	×	00	

	"b" Fur	ection	Run	Defau	Ilts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b050	Controlled deceleration on power loss	Four option codes:  00Disable  01Decelerates to a stop  02Decelerates to a stop with DC bus voltage controlled  03Decelerates to a stop with DC bus voltage controlled, then restart	×	00	_
b051	DC bus voltage trigger level of ctrl. decel.	Setting of DC bus voltage to start controlled decel. operation. Range is 0.0 to 1000.0	×	220.0/ 440.0	V
b052	Over-voltage threshold of ctrl. decel.	Setting the OV-LAD stop level of controlled decel. operation. Range is 0.0 to 1000.0	×	360.0/ 720.0	V
b053	Deceleration time of ctrl. decel.	Range is 0.01 to 3600.0	×	1.0	s
b054	Initial freq. drop of ctrl. decel.	Setting of initial freq. drop. Range is 0.0 to 10.0 Hz	×	0.0	Hz
b060	Maximum-limit level of window comparator (O)	Set range, 0.to100. {lower limit: b061 + b062 x 2} (%)	✓	100.	%
b061	Minimum-limit level of window comparator (O)	Set range, 0.to100. {upper limit: b060 - b062 x 2} (%) (Max of 0%)	✓	0.	%
b062	Hysteresis width of window comparator (O)	Set range, 0.to10. {upper limit: (b060 - b061) / 2} (%) (Max of 10%)	✓	0.	%
b063	Maximum-limit level of window comparator (OI)	Set range, 0.to100. {lower limit: b064 + b065 x 2} (%) (Min of 0%)	✓	100.	%
b064	Minimum-limit level of window comparator (OI)	Set range, 0.to100. {upper limit: b063 - b065 x 2} (%) (Max of 0%)	✓	0.	%
b065	Hysteresis width of window comparator (OI)	Set range, 0.to10. {upper limit: (b063 - b064) / 2} (%) (Max of 10%)	✓	0.	%
b070	Operation level at O disconnection	Set range, 0 to 100%, or "no" (ignore)	*1	no	_
b071	Operation level at OI disconnection	Set range, 0 to 100%, or "no" (ignore)	*1	no	_
b075	Ambient temperature setting	Set range is, -10~50 °C	✓	40	°C
b078	Watt-hour clearance	Two option codes:  00OFF  01ON (press STR then clear)	<b>✓</b>	00	-
b079	Watt-hour display gain	Set range is, 1.~1000.	✓	1.	
b082	Start frequency	Sets the starting frequency for the inverter output, range is 0.01 to 9.99 Hz	*1	0.50	Hz
b083	Carrier frequency	Sets the PWM carrier (internal switching frequency), range is 2.0 to 15.0 kHz (derating required depending on the model)	*1	2.0	kHz
b084	Initialization mode (parameters or trip history)	Select initialized data, five option codes:  00Initialization disabled  01Clears Trip history  02Initializes all Parameters  03Clears Trip history and initializes all parameters  04Clears Trip history and initializes all parameters and EzSQ program	×	00	_

	"b" Fur	nction	Run	Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b085	Country for initialization	Select default parameter values for country on initialization, two option codes: <b>00</b> area A <b>01</b> area B	×	00	_
b086	Frequency scaling conversion factor	Specify a constant to scale the displayed frequency for <b>d007</b> monitor, range is 0.01 to 99.99	<b>✓</b>	1.00	-
b087	STOP key enable	Select whether the STOP key on the keypad is enabled, three option codes:  00Enabled  01Disabled always  02Enabled only for trip reset	*1	00	-
b088	Restart mode after FRS	Selects how the inverter resumes operation when free-run stop (FRS) is cancelled, three options:  00Restart from 0Hz  01Restart from frequency detected from real speed of motor (freq. matching)  02Restart from frequency detected from real speed of motor (active freq. matching)	*1	00	-
b089	Automatic carrier frequency reduction	Three option codes:  00Disabled  01Enabled, depending on the output current  02Enabled, depending on the heat-sink temperature	×	01	-
b090	Dynamic braking usage ratio	Selects the rate of use (in %) of the regenerative braking resistor per 100 sec. intervals, range is 0.0 to 100%.  0%: Function disabled >0%: Enabled, per value	*1	0.0	%
b091	Stop mode selection	Select how the inverter stops the motor, two option codes:  00DEC (decelerate to stop)  01FRS (free-run to stop)	*1	00	-
b092	Cooling fan control	Selects when the fan is ON during inverter operation, three options:  00Fan is always ON  01Fan is ON during run, OFF during stop (5 minute delay from ON to OFF)  02Fan is temperature controlled	*1	01	-
b093	Clear elapsed time of cooling fan	Two option codes: 00Count 01Clear	×	00	_
b094	Initialization target data	Select initialized parameters, four option codes:  00All parameters  01All parameters except in/output terminals and communication.  02Only registered parameters in Uxxx.  03All parameters except registered parameters in Uxxx and b037.	×	00	_

	"b" Fur	nction	Run	Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b095	Dynamic braking control (BRD) selection	Three option codes:  00Disable  01Enable during run only  02Enable always	*1	01	_
b096	BRD activation level	Range is: (200V class): 330 to 380V(up to 390V:Ver. 3.1 or after) (400V class): 660 to 760V (up to 780V:Ver. 3.1 or after)	*1	360/ 720	>
b097	BRD resistor value	Min.Resistance up to 600.0	*1	Min.Resist ance	Ω
b100	Free V/F setting, freq.1	Set range, 0 to value of b102	×	0.	Hz
b101	Free V/F setting, voltage.1	Set range, 0.0 to 800.0V	×	0.0	V
b102	Free V/F setting, freq.2	Set range, value of b100 to b104	×	0.	Hz
b103	Free V/F setting, voltage.2	Set range, 0.0 to 800.0V	×	0.0	V
b104	Free V/F setting, freq.3	Set range, value of b102 to b106	×	0.	Hz
b105	Free V/F setting, voltage.3	Set range, 0.0 to 800.0V	×	0.0	V
b106	Free V/F setting, freq.4	Set range, value of b104 to b108	×	0.	Hz
b107	Free V/F setting, voltage.4	Set range, 0.0 to 800.0V	×	0.0	V
b108	Free V/F setting, freq.5	Set range, value of b106 to b110	×	0.	Hz
b109	Free V/F setting, voltage.5	Set range, 0.0 to 800.0V	×	0.0	V
b110	Free V/F setting, freq.6	Set range, value of b108 to b112	×	0.	Hz
b111	Free V/F setting, voltage.6	Set range, 0.0 to 800.0V	×	0.0	V
b112	Free V/F setting, freq.7	Set range, b110 to 400	×	0.	Hz
b113	Free V/F setting, voltage.7	Set range, 0.0 to 800.0V	×	0.0	V
b120	Brake control enable (refer to chapter ver.3 in instruction manual)	Three option codes:  00Disable  01P012=00:Enable/ P012=02:Enable with DC breaking at positioning end  02P012=00:Enable/ P012=02:Enable without DC breaking at positioning end	*1	00	-
b121	Brake Wait Time for Release	Set range: 0.00 to 5.00 s	*1	0.00	S
b122	Brake Wait Time for Acceleration	Set range: 0.00 to 5.00 s	*1	0.00	s
b123	Brake Wait Time for Stopping	Set range: 0.00 to 5.00 s	*1	0.00	S
b124	Brake Wait Time for Confirmation	Set range: 0.00 to 5.00 sec	*1	0.00	s
b125	Brake release freq.	Set range: 0 to 400Hz	*1	0.00	Hz
b126	Brake release current	Set range: 0 to 200% of inverter rated current	*1	(rated current)	А
b127	Braking freq. setting	Set range: 0 to 400Hz	*1	0.00	Hz

	"b" Fun	ection	Run	Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b130	Deceleration overvoltage suppression enable	00Disabled 01Enabled 02Enabled with accel.	*1	00	-
b131	Decel. overvolt. suppress level	DC bus voltage of suppression. Range is: 200V class330 to 395 400V class660 to 790	*1	380 /760	V
b132	Decel. overvolt. suppress const.	Accel. rate when b130=02. Set range: 0.10 to 30.00 s	*1	1.00	S
b133	Decel. overvolt. suppress proportional gain	Proportional gain when b130=01. Range is: 0.00 to 5.00	✓	0.20	_
b134	Decel. overvolt. suppress integral time	Integration time when b130=01. Range is: 0.00 to 150.0	✓	1.0	S
b145	GS input mode (refer to chapter ver.3.1 in instruction manual)	Seven option codes:  00No trip (Hardware shutoff only)  01E37  02E98/E99/-S  03E99/-S  04S  05E99/-S/-F**  06S/-F**  (02 to 06:Ver. 3.1 or after)	*1	00	-
b146	Delay time of release operation (Ver.3.1 or after)	Valid only when b145 = 05, Range is 0.00 to 2.00 s.	*1	0.00	s
b147	Special monitor display cancellation (Ver.3.1 or after)	Two option codes:  00Cancellation of special display is invalid  01Cancellation of special display is valid	*1	00	-
b148	Special monitor display re-display time (Ver.3.1 or after)	Time to return to special display, Range is 1 to 30 s.	*1	30	s
b150	Display ex.operator connected	When an external operator is connected via RS-422 port, the built-in display is locked and shows only one "d" parameter configured in: d001 ~ d060	<b>✓</b>	001	-
b160	1st parameter of Dual Monitor	Set any two "d" parameters in b160 and b161, then they can be monitored in d050. The two	✓	001	_
b161	2nd parameter of Dual Monitor	parameters are switched by up/down keys. Set range: d001 ~ d030	<b>✓</b>	002	_
b163	Frequency set in monitoring	Two option codes: <b>00</b> Freq. set disabled <b>01</b> Freq. set enabled	✓	00	-
b164	Automatic return to the initial display	10 min. after the last key operation, display returns to the initial parameter set by <b>b038</b> . Two option codes: <b>00</b> Disable <b>01</b> Enable	<b>✓</b>	00	-

	"b" Fur	nction	Run	Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
b165	Ex. operator com. loss action	Five option codes:  00Trip  01Trip after deceleration to a stop  02Ignore  03Coasting (FRS)  04Decelerates to a stop	<b>√</b>	02	-
b166	Data Read/Write select	00 Read/Write OK 01 Read/Write Disable	*1	00	-
b171	Inverter mode selection	Three option codes: 00No function 01Std. IM (Induction Motor) 03PM (Permanent Magnet Motor)	×	00	-
b180	Initialization trigger (*)	This is to perform initialization by parameter input with b084, b085 and b094. Two option codes: 00Initialization disable 01Perform initialization	×	00	-
b190	Password Settings A	0000(Invalid Password) 0001-FFFF(Password)	×	0000	-
b191	Password authentication A	0000-FFFF	×	0000	-
b192	Password Settings B	0000(Invalid Password) 0001-FFFF(Password)	×	0000	-
b193	Password authentication B	0000-FFFF	×	0000	-
b910	Electronic thermal subtraction function selection	00OFF 01Linear subtraction:     pre-fixed ratio 02Linear subtraction:     ratio set in b911 03Subtraction with first-order lag filter: ratio set in b912	*1	00	-
b911	Thermal subtraction time	0.10 to 100000.00[s] (upper four digits are shown) Out of warranty when setting less than initial value (600[s]) [this function is valid when electronic thermal protection selection (b910)=02]	*1	600.00	s
b912	Thermal subtraction time constant	0.10 to 100000.00[s] (upper four digits are shown) Out of warranty when setting less than initial value (120[s]) [this function is valid when electronic thermal protection selection (b910)=03]	*1	120.00	s
b913	Thermal accumulation gain	1.0 to 200.0 [%] Out of warranty when setting less than initial value (100[%])	*1	100.0	%

<sup>(\*)</sup>When 01 is set on b180, and SET key is pressed, initialization starts immediately and there is not any way to restore the previous parameter setting. WJ200 doesn't have a method to trigger the initialization by key action as the other Hitachi inverter models have.

## **Intelligent Terminal Functions**



NOTE: Marking [ ✓ ],[ ★ ],[ \*1 ],in the table show following meaning.
✓: Configuration changes are possible during operation.
★: You cannot change the parameters during operation.

\*1: In case of (b031) soft lock selections"10", parameter changing during operation is possible.

	"C" Fu	Run	Defaul	ts	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
C001	Input [1] function	Select input terminal [1] function, 69 options (see next section)	*1	00 [FW]	-
C002	Input [2] function	Select input terminal [2] function, 69 options (see next section)	*1	01 [RV]	-
C003	Input [3] function [GS1 assignable]	Select input terminal [3] function, 69 options (see next section)	*1	02 [CF1]	-
C004	Input [4] function [GS2 assignable]	Select input terminal [4] function, 69 options (see next section)	*1	03 [CF2]	_
C005	Input [5] function [PTC assignable]	Select input terminal [5] function, 69 options (see next section)	*1	09 [2CH]	_
C006	Input [6] function	Select input terminal [6] function, 69 options (see next section)	*1	18 [RS]	_
C007	Input [7] function	Select input terminal [7] function, 69 options (see next section)	*1	13 [USP]	-
C011	Input [1] active state	Select logic conversion, two option codes:	*1	00	_
C012	Input [2] active state	00normally open [NO]	*1	00	_
C013	Input [3] active state	01normally closed [NC]	*1	00	_
C014	Input [4] active state		*1	00	_
C015	Input [5] active state		*1	00	_
C016	Input [6] active state		*1	00	_
C017	Input [7] active state		*1	00	-
C021	Output [11] function [EDM assignable]	49 programmable functions available for logic (discrete) outputs	*1	01 [FA1]	-
C022	Output [12] function	(see next section)	*1	00 [RUN]	_
C026	Alarm relay function	49 programmable functions available for logic (discrete) outputs (see next section)	*1	05 [AL]	_

	"C" Fu	Run			
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
C027	[EO] terminal selection (Pulse/PWM output)	13 programmable functions:  00Output frequency (PWM)  01Output current (PWM)  02Output torque (PWM)  03Output frequency (Pulse train)  04Output voltage (PWM)  05Input power (PWM)  06Electronic thermal load ratio (PWM)  07LAD frequency (PWM)  08Output current (Pulse train)  10Heat sink temperature (PWM)  12General output (PWM)  15Pulse train input monitor  16Option(PWM)	*1	07 [LAD]	_
C028	[AM] terminal selection (Analog voltage output 010V)	11 programmable functions: 00Output frequency 01Output current 02Output torque 04Output voltage 05Input power 06Electronic thermal load ratio 07LAD frequency 10Heat sink temperature 11Output torque (with code) 13General output 16Option	*1	07 [LAD]	
C030	Digital current monitor reference value	Current with digital current monitor output at 1,440Hz Range is 20%~200% of rated current	~	Rated current	А
C031	Output [11] active state	Select logic conversion, two option codes:	*1	00	_
C032	Output [12] active state	00normally open [NO] 01normally closed [NC]	*1	00	-
C036	Alarm relay active state		*1	01	-
C038	Output mode of low current detection	00During acceleration, deceleration and constant speed 01During constant speed only	*1	01	_
C039	Low current detection level	Set the level of low load detection, range is 0.0 to 2.0*inverter rated current	the level of low load detection, ge is 0.0 to 2.0*inverter rated		А
C040	Output mode of overload warning	Two option codes:  00During accel., decel. and constant speed  01During constant speed only	*1	01	_
C041	Overload warning level	Sets the overload warning signal level between 0% and 200% (from 0 to two time the rated current of the inverter)	~	Rated current x 1.15	А
C241	Overload warning level, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	Sets the overload warning signal level between 0% and 200% (from 0 to two time the rated current of the inverter)	✓	Rated current x 1.15	А

"C" Function				Defaults		
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units	
C042	Frequency arrival setting for acceleration	Sets the frequency arrival setting threshold for the output frequency during acceleration, range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.0	Hz	
C043	Frequency arrival setting for deceleration	Sets the frequency arrival setting threshold for the output frequency during deceleration, range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.0	Hz	
C044	PID deviation level	Sets the allowable PID loop error magnitude (absolute value), SP-PV, range is 0.0 to 100%	*1	3.0	%	
C045	Frequency arrival setting 2 for acceleration	Set range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.00	Hz	
C046	Frequency arrival setting 2 for deceleration	Set range is 0.0 to 400.0 Hz	*1	0.00	Hz	
C047	Pulse train input/output scale conversion	If EO terminal is configured as pulse train input (C027=15), scale conversion is set in C047. Pulse-out = Pulse-in × (C047) Set range is 0.01 to 99.99	<b>✓</b>	1.00		
C052	PID FBV output high limit	When the PV exceeds this value, the PID loop turns OFF the PID second stage output, range is 0.0 to 100%	*1	100.0	%	
C053	PID FBV output low limit	When the PV goes below this value, the PID loop turns ON the PID second stage output, range is 0.0 to 100%	*1	0.0	%	
C054	Over-torque/under-torque selection	Two option codes:  00Over-torque  01Under-torque	*1	00	-	
C055	Over/under-torque level (Forward powering mode)	Set range is 0 to 200%	*1	100.	%	
C056	Over/under-torque level (Reverse regen. mode)	Set range is 0 to 200%	*1	100.	%	
C057	Over/under-torque level (Reverse powering mode)	Set range is 0 to 200%	*1	100.	%	
C058	Over/under-torque level (Forward regen. mode)	Set range is 0 to 200%	*1	100.	%	
C059	Signal output mode of Over/under-torque	Two option codes:  00During accel., decel. and constant speed  01During constant speed only	*1	01	-	
C061	Electronic thermal warning level	Set range is 0 to 100% Setting 0 means disabled.	*1	<b>*1</b> 90 %		
C063	Zero speed detection level	Set range is 0.0 to 100.0Hz	etting officeris disabled.			
C064	Heat sink overheat warning	Set range is 0 to 110 °C	*1	100.	°C	

	"C" Fu	nction	Run	Defaults	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
C071	Communication speed	Eight option codes:  032,400 bps  044,800 bps  059,600 bps  0619,200 bps  0738,400 bps  0857,600 bps  0976,800 bps  10115,200 bps	*1	05	baud
C072	Modbus address	Set the address of the inverter on the network. Range is 1 to 247	*1	1.	_
C074	Communication parity	Three option codes:  00No parity  01Even parity  02Odd parity	*1	00	-
C075	Communication stop bit	Two option codes: 11 bit 22 bit	*1	1	bit
C076	Communication error select	Selects inverter response to communications error. Five options:  00Trip  01Decelerate to a stop and trip  02Disable  03Free run stop (coasting)  04Decelerates to a stop	*1	02	-
C077	Communication error time-out	Sets the communications watchdog timer period. Range is 0.00 to 99.99 s. 0.0 = disabled	*1	0.00	s
C078	Communication wait time	Time the inverter waits after receiving a message before it transmits. Range is 0. to 1000. ms.	*1	0.	ms
C081	O input span calibration	Scale factor between the external frequency command on terminals L–O (voltage input) and the frequency output, range is 0.0 to 200%	~	100.0	%
C082	OI input span calibration	Scale factor between the external frequency command on terminals L–OI (currnt input) and the frequency output, range is 0.0 to 200%	~	100.0	%
C085	Thermistor input (PTC) span calibration	Scale factor of PTC input. Range is 0.0 to 200%	✓	100.0	%
C091	Debug mode enable	Factory use only. Do not change.			
C096	Communication selection	00Modbus-RTU 01 EzCOM 02 EzCOM <administrator></administrator>	<b>X</b> 00		_
C098	EzCOM start adr. of master	1. to 8.	×	1.	_
C099	EzCOM end adr. of master	1. to 8.	×	1.	_
C100	EzCOM starting trigger	00 Input terminal 01 Always	×	00	_

	"C" Fu	Run	Default	S	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
C101	Up/Down memory mode selection	Controls speed setpoint for the inverter after power cycle.  Two option codes:  00Clear last frequency (return to default frequency F001)  01Keep last frequency adjusted by UP/DWN	*1	00	-
C102	Reset selection	Determines response to Reset input [RS]. Four option codes:  00Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition, stops inverter if in Run Mode  01Cancel trip state at signal OFF transition, stops inverter if in Run Mode  02Cancel trip state at input ON transition, no effect if in Run Mode  03Clear the memories only related to trip status	<b>√</b>	00	_
C103	Restart mode after reset	Determines the restart mode after reset is given, three option codes:  00Start with 0 Hz  01Start with freq. matching  02Start with active freq. matching	*1	00	-
C104	UP/DWN clear mode	Freq. set value when UDC signal is given to the input terminal, two option codes:  000 Hz  01Original setting (in the EEPROM memory at power on)	*1	00	-
C105	EO gain adjustment	Set range is 50 to 200%	✓	100.	%
C106	AM gain adjustment	Set range is 50 to 200%	✓	100.	%
C109	AM bias adjustment	Set range is 0 to 100%	✓	0.	%
C111	Overload warning level 2	Sets the overload warning signal level between 0% and 200% (from 0 to two time the rated current of the inverter)	✓	Rated current x 1.15	А
C130	Output [11] on delay	Set range is 0.0 to 100.0 sec.	*1	0.0	s
C131	Output [11] off delay		*1	0.0	s
C132	Output [12] on delay	Set range is 0.0 to 100.0 s.	*1	0.0	s
C133	Output [12] off delay	<b>*1</b> 0.0		0.0	S
C140	Relay output on delay	Set range is 0.0 to 100.0 s.	*1	0.0	s
C141	Relay output off delay		*1	0.0	s
C142	Logic output 1 operand A	All the programmable functions available for logic (discrete) outputs	*1	00	_
C143	Logic output 1 operand B	except LOG1 to LOG3, OPO, no	*1	00	_

	"C" Fu	"C" Function Rui			
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
C144	Logic output 1 operator	Applies a logic function to calculate [LOG] output state, Three options:  00[LOG] = A AND B  01[LOG] = A OR B  02[LOG] = A XOR B	*1	00	-
C145	Logic output 2 operand A	All the programmable functions available for logic (discrete) outputs	*1	00	_
C146	Logic output 2 operand B	except LOG1 to LOG3, OPO, no	*1	00	_
C147	Logic output 2 operator	Applies a logic function to calculate [LOG] output state, Three options:  00[LOG] = A AND B  01[LOG] = A OR B  02[LOG] = A XOR B	*1	00	-
C148	Logic output 3 operand A	All the programmable functions	*1	00	_
C149	Logic output 3 operand B	available for logic (discrete) outputs except LOG1 to LOG3, OPO, no	*1	01	_
C150	Logic output 3 operator	Applies a logic function to calculate [LOG] output state, Three options:  00[LOG] = A AND B  01[LOG] = A OR B  02[LOG] = A XOR B	*1	00	_
C160	Input [1] response time	Sets response time of each input	*1	1.	_
C161	Input [2] response time	terminal, set range: <b>0</b> (x 2 [ms]) to <b>200</b> (x 2 [ms])	*1	1.	_
C162	Input [3] response time	(0 to 400 [ms])	*1	1.	_
C163	Input [4] response time	1	*1	1.	_
C164	Input [5] response time	1	*1	1.	_
C165	Input [6] response time		*1	1.	-
C166	Input [7] response time		*1	1.	_
C169	Multistage speed/position determination time	Set range is 0. to 200. (x 10ms)	*1	0.	_
C900	IRDY action selection	00 Before Ver. 3.0 01 Ver. 3.0 and after If you set "01 : Ver. 3.0 and after", "GS1 and GS2 Both Close (operation possible side)" is added to condition of IRDY turning ON as "Logical product".	*1	01	_
C901	Processing cycle of overload advance notice signal select (Ver.3.1 or after)	<b>00</b> 40 msec. <b>01</b> 2 msec.	*1	00	-
C902	Filter time constant for overload advance notice signal (Ver.3.1 or after)	It effects detection of output current that is used for judgement of overload advance notice signal, range is 0 to 9999 ms.	*1	0	ms
C903	Overload advance notice signal hysteresis (Ver.3.1 or after)	The ratio for the rated current of each INV mode. It effects turning off of overload advance notice signal, range is 00.00 to 50.00 %	*1	10.00	%

**Input Function Summary Table** – This table shows all functions for intelligent input at a glance. Detailed description of these functions, related parameters and settings, and example wiring diagrams are in "Using Intelligent Input Terminals" on page 27.

Ŭ	Input Function Summary Table					
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name		Description		
00	FW	FORWARD Run/Stop	ON OFF	Inverter is in Run Mode, motor runs forward Inverter is in Stop Mode, motor stops		
01	RV	Reverse Run/Stop	ON OFF	Inverter is in Run Mode, motor runs reverse Inverter is in Stop Mode, motor stops		
02	CF1	Multi-speed Select, Bit 0 (LSB)	ON OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 0, logical 1 Binary encoded speed select, Bit 0, logical 0		
03	CF2	Multi-speed Select, Bit 1	ON OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 1, logical 1 Binary encoded speed select, Bit 1, logical 0		
04	CF3	Multi-speed Select, Bit 2	ON OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 2, logical 1 Binary encoded speed select, Bit 2, logical 0		
05	CF4	Multi-speed Select, Bit 3 (MSB)	ON OFF	Binary encoded speed select, Bit 2, logical 0  Binary encoded speed select, Bit 3, logical 1  Binary encoded speed select, Bit 3, logical 0		
06	JG	Jogging	ON OFF	Inverter is in Run Mode, output to motor runs at jog parameter frequency Inverter is in Stop Mode		
07	DB	External DC braking	ON	DC braking will be applied during deceleration		
08	SET	Set (select) 2nd Motor	OFF	DC braking will not be applied The inverter uses 2nd motor parameters for generating frequency output to motor		
00	OLI	Data	OFF	The inverter uses 1st (main) motor parameters for generating frequency output to motor		
09	2CH	2-stage Acceleration	ON	Frequency output uses 2nd-stage acceleration and deceleration values		
		and Deceleration	OFF	Frequency output uses standard acceleration and deceleration values		
11	FRS	Free-run Stop	ON OFF	Causes output to turn OFF, allowing motor to free run (coast) to stop  Output operates normally, so controlled deceleration stop motor		
12	EXT	External Trip	ON	When assigned input transitions OFF to ON, inverter latches trip event and displays <b>E 12</b>		
12	LXI	External IIIp	OFF	No trip event for ON to OFF, any recorded trip events remain in history until reset		
13	USP	Unattended Start	ON	On powerup, the inverter will not resume a Run command (mostly used in the US)		
		Protection  Commercial power	OFF	On powerup, the inverter will resume a Run command that was active before power loss  Motor can be driven by commercial power		
14	CS	Commercial power source switchover	ON OFF	Motor is driven via the inverter		
15	SFT	Software Lock	ON OFF	The keypad and remote programming devices are prevented from changing parameters  The parameters may be edited and stored		
16	AT	Analog Input Voltage/Current Select	ON OFF	Refer to "Analog Input Operation" on page 41.		
18	RS	Reset Inverter	ON OFF	The trip condition is reset, the motor output is turned OFF, and powerup reset is asserted  Normal power-ON operation		
19	PTC	PTC thermistor Thermal Protection (C005 only)	ANLG	When a thermistor is connected to terminal [5] and [L], the inverter checks for over-temperature and will cause trip event and turn OFF output to motor		

		Input F	unctio	n Summary Table
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name		Description
			OPEN	A disconnect of the thermistor causes a trip event, and the inverter turns OFF the motor
20	STA	Start	ON	Starts the motor rotation
	OTD	(3-wire interface)	OFF	No change to present motor status
21	STP	Stop (3-wire interface)	ON OFF	Stops the motor rotation
22	F/R	FWD, REV	ON	No change to present motor status  Selects the direction of motor rotation: ON = FWD.
	1710	(3-wire interface)	011	While the motor is rotating, a change of F/R will start a
		,		deceleration, followed by a change in direction
			OFF	Selects the direction of motor rotation: OFF = REV.
				While the motor is rotating, a change of F/R will start a deceleration, followed by a change in direction
23	PID	PID Disable	ON	Temporarily disables PID loop control.
23			0.1	Inverter output turns OFF as long as
				PID Enable is active (A071=01)
			OFF	Has no effect on PID loop operation, which operates
24	PIDC	PID Reset	ON	normally if PID Enable is active (A071=01)  Resets the PID loop controller.
24	FIDC	FID Reset	ON	The main consequence is that the integrator sum is
				forced to zero
			OFF	No effect on PID controller
27	UP	Remote Control UP	ON	Accelerates (increases output frequency) motor from
		Function (motorized speed pot.)	OFF	current frequency Output to motor operates normally
	514/41			
28	DWN	Remote Control Down Function	ON	Decelerates (decreases output frequency) motor from current frequency
		(motorized speed pot.)	OFF	Output to motor operates normally
29	UDC	Remote Control Data	ON	Clears the UP/DWN frequency memory by forcing
		Clearing		it to equal the set frequency parameter F001.
				Setting C101 must be set=00 to enable
			OFF	this function to work UP/DWN frequency memory is not changed
31	OPE	Operator Control	ON	Forces the source of the output frequency setting
•		'		A001 and the source of the Run command A002
				to be from the digital operator
			OFF	Source of output frequency set by <b>A001</b> and source of
32	SF1	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Run command set by <b>A002</b> is used  Bit encoded speed select, Bit 1, logical 1
32	0. 1	Bit operation Bit 1	OFF	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 1, logical 0
33	SF2	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 2, logical 1
		Bit operation Bit 2	OFF	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 2, logical 0
34	SF3	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 3, logical 1
25	SF4	Bit operation Bit 3 Multi-speed Select,	OFF ON	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 3, logical 0 Bit encoded speed select, Bit 4, logical 1
35	JF4	Bit operation Bit 4	OFF	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 4, logical 1  Bit encoded speed select, Bit 4, logical 0
36	SF5	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 4, logical 1
		Bit operation Bit 5	OFF	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 5, logical 0
37	SF6	Multi-speed Select,	ON	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 6, logical 1
20	CE7	Bit operation Bit 6 Multi-speed Select,	OFF ON	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 6, logical 0
38	SF7	Bit operation Bit 7	OFF	Bit encoded speed select, Bit 7, logical 1 Bit encoded speed select, Bit 7, logical 0
39	OLR	Overload Restriction	ON	Perform overload restriction
		Source Changeover	OFF	Normal operation
40	TL	Torque Limit Selection	ON	Setting of <b>b040</b> is enabled
			OFF	Max. torque is limited with 200%
41	TRQ1	Torque limit switch 1	ON	Torque limit related parameters of Powering/regen, and

		Input F	unctio	n Summary Table
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name		Description
			OFF	FW/RV modes are selected by the combinations of
42	TRQ2	Torque limit switch 2	ON	these inputs.
			OFF	
44	BOK	Brake confirmation	ON	Brake wait time ( <b>b124</b> ) is valid
	1.40	LAB	OFF	Brake wait time ( <b>b124</b> ) is not valid
46	LAC	LAD cancellation	ON	Set ramp times are ignored. Inverter output immediately follows the freq. command.
			OFF	Accel. and/or decel.
			0.1	is according to the set ramp time
47	PCLR	Pulse counter clear	ON	Clear the position deviation data
			OFF	Maintain the position deviation data
50	ADD	ADD frequency enable	ON	Adds the A145 (add frequency) value
				to the output frequency
			OFF	Does not add the A145 value to the
	F-TM	Fana Tamain al Maria	ON	output frequency
51	F-1 IVI	Force Terminal Mode	ON	Force inverter to use input terminals for output frequency and
				Run command sources
			OFF	Source of output frequency set by
			0	<b>A001</b> and source of Run command
				set by A002 is used
52	ATR	Enable torque	ON	Torque control command input is enabled
		command input	OFF	Torque control command input is disabled
53	KHC	Clear watt-hour data	ON	Clear watt-hour data
			OFF	No action
56	MI1	General purpose input	ON	General purpose input (1) is made ON under EzSQ
		(1)	OFF	General purpose input (1) is made OFF under EzSQ
57	MI2	General purpose input	ON	General purpose input (2) is made ON under EzSQ
	MIO	(2)	OFF	General purpose input (2) is made OFF under EzSQ
58	MI3	General purpose input (3)	ON OFF	General purpose input (3) is made ON under EzSQ
59	MI4	General purpose input	ON	General purpose input (3) is made OFF under EzSQ General purpose input (4) is made ON under EzSQ
39	IVIIT	(4)	OFF	General purpose input (4) is made OFF under EzSQ
60	MI5	General purpose input	ON	General purpose input (5) is made ON under EzSQ
		(5)	OFF	General purpose input (5) is made OFF under EzSQ
61	MI6	General purpose input	ON	General purpose input (6) is made ON under EzSQ
		(6)	OFF	General purpose input (6) is made OFF under EzSQ
62	MI7	General purpose input	ON	General purpose input (7) is made ON under EzSQ
		(7)	OFF	General purpose input (7) is made OFF under EzSQ
65	AHD	Analog command hold	ON	Analog command is held
	CP1	Multiotogo position	OFF	Analog command is not held
66	CPT	Multistage-position switch (1)	ON OFF	Multistage position commands are set according to the combination of these switches.
67	CP2	Multistage-position	ON	Combination of these switches.
"	0, 2	switch (2)	OFF	
68	CP3	Multistage-position	ON	
		switch (3)	OFF	
69	ORL	Limit signal of homing	ON	Limit signal of homing is ON
			OFF	Limit signal of homing is OFF
70	ORG	Trigger signal of	ON	Starts homing operation
		homing	OFF	No action
73	SPD	Speed/position	ON	Speed control mode
<del></del>	004	changeover	OFF	Position control mode
77	GS1	GS1 input	ON	EN60204-1 related signals:
70	CCO	CS2 input	OFF	Signal input of "Safe torque off" function.
78	GS2	GS2 input	ON	

	Input Function Summary Table							
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name	Description					
			OFF					
81	485	Start EzCOM	ON	Starts EzCOM				
			OFF	No execution				
82	PRG	Executing EzSQ	ON	Executing EzSQ program				
		program	OFF	No execution				
83	HLD	Retain output	ON	Retain the current output frequency				
		frequency	OFF	No retention				
84	ROK	Permission of Run	ON	Run command permitted				
		command	OFF	Run command is not permitted				
85	EB	Rotation direction	ON	Forward rotation				
		detection (C007 only)	OFF	Reverse rotation				
86	DISP	Display limitation	ON	Only a parameter configured in <b>b038</b> is shown				
			OFF	All the monitors can be shown				
91	PSET	"PSET" simple	ON	A value of (P083 x 4) is set as present place				
		position control retains	OFF	DC braking will not be applied				
		preset place						
255	no	No assignment	ON	(input ignored)				
			OFF	(input ignored)				

**Output Function Summary Table** – This table shows all functions for the logical outputs (terminals [11], [12] and [AL]) at a glance. Detailed descriptions of these functions, related parameters and settings, and example wiring diagrams are in "Using Intelligent Output Terminals" on page 36.

Output Function Summary Table						
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name		Description		
00	RUN	Run Signal	ON	When the inverter is in Run Mode.		
			OFF	When the inverter is in Stop Mode.		
01	FA1	Frequency Arrival Type	ON	When output to motor is at the set frequency.		
		1–Constant Speed	OFF	When output to motor is OFF, or in any		
		<u> </u>		acceleration or deceleration ramp.		
02	FA2	Frequency Arrival Type 2–Over frequency	ON	When output to motor is at or above the set freq, even if in accel ( <b>C042</b> ) or decel ( <b>C043</b> ) ramps.		
			OFF	When output to motor is OFF,		
	01		ON.	or at a level below the set frequency.		
03	OL	Overload Advance	ON	When output current is more than the set		
		Notice Signal 1	OFF	threshold ( <b>C041</b> ) for the overload signal.		
			OFF	When output current is less than the set threshold for the overload signal.		
0.4	OD	Output Deviation	ON	When PID error is more than the set threshold for		
04	OD	for PID Control	UN	the deviation signal.		
		TOTAL DOGINGO	OFF	When PID error is less than the set threshold for		
				the deviation signal.		
05	AL	Alarm Signal	ON	When an alarm signal has occurred and has not		
		S S		been cleared.		
			OFF	When no alarm has occurred since the last		
				cleaning of alarm(s).		
06	FA3	Frequency Arrival Type	ON	When output to motor is at the set frequency,		
		3–Set frequency		during accel (C042) and decel (C043).		
			OFF	When output to motor is OFF,		
				or is not at a level of the set frequency.		
07	OTQ	Over/under Torque	ON	Estimated motor torque exceeds		
		Signal	OFF	the specified level.		
			OFF	Estimated motor torque is lower than the specified level.		
09	UV	Undervoltage	ON	Inverter is in Undervoltage.		
UĐ	OV	Ondervoltage	OFF	Inverter is in Ondervoltage.		
10	TRQ	Torque Limited Signal	ON	Torque limit function is executing.		
10		Torquo Emmou Oigna	OFF	Torque limit function is not executing.		
11	RNT	Run Time Expired	ON	Total running time of the inverter exceeds		
• • •	13.41	Γιαπ τιπο Εχριισα	0.1	the specified value.		
			OFF	Total running time of the inverter does not exceed		
				the specified value.		
12	ONT	Power ON time Expired	ON	Total power ON time of the inverter exceeds		
				the specified value.		
			OFF	Total power ON time of the inverter does not		
				exceed the specified value.		
13	THM	Thermal Warning	ON	Accumulated thermal count exceeds		
				the <b>C061</b> set value.		
			OFF	Accumulated thermal count does not exceed the <b>C061</b> set value.		
40	BRK	Brake Pelesse Signal	ON			
19	DKK	Brake Release Signal		Output for brake release.		
			OFF	No action for brake.		
20	BER	Brake Error Signal	ON	Brake error has occurred.		
-•			OFF	Brake performance is normal.		
			J	2.s.te portermaneo le norman		

		Output Fu	nction	Summary Table
Option Code	Terminal Symbol	Function Name		Description
21	ZS	Zero Hz Speed Detection Signal	ON	Output frequency falls below the threshold specified in <b>C063</b> .
			OFF	Output frequency is higher than the threshold specified in <b>C063</b> .
22	DSE	Speed Deviation Excessive	ON	Deviation of speed command and actual speed exceeds the specified value <b>P027</b> .
			OFF	Deviation of speed command and actual speed does not exceed the specified value <b>P027</b> .
23	POK	Positioning Completion	ON OFF	Positioning is completed. Positioning is not completed.
24	FA4	Frequency Arrival Type 4–Over frequency	ON	When output to motor is at or above the set freq., even if in accel ( <b>C045</b> ) or decel ( <b>C046</b> ) ramps.
		. Cronnequency	OFF	When output to motor is OFF, or at a level below the set frequency.
25	FA5	Frequency Arrival Type 5–Set frequency	ON	When output to motor is at the set frequency, during accel (C045) and decel (C046).
		. ,	OFF	When output to motor is OFF, or is not at a level of the set frequency.
26	OL2	Overload Advance Notice Signal 2	ON	When output current is more than the set threshold (C111) for the overload signal.
			OFF	When output current is less than the set threshold for the overload signal.
27	ODc	Analog Voltage Input Disconnect Detection	ON	When the [O] input value < <b>b070</b> setting (signal loss detected).
28	OIDc	Analog Current input	OFF ON	When no signal loss is detected.  When the [OI] input value < <b>b071</b> setting (signal
		Disconnect Detection	OFF	loss detected). When no signal loss is detected.
31	FBV	PID Second Stage Output	ON	Transitions to ON when the inverter is in RUN Mode and the PID Process Variable (PV) is less than the Feedback Low Limit ( <b>C053</b> ).
			OFF	Transitions to OFF when the PID Process Variable (PV) exceeds the PID High Limit ( <b>C052</b> ), and transitions to OFF when the inverter goes from Run Mode to Stop Mode.
32	NDc	Network Disconnect Detection	ON	When the communications watchdog timer (period specified by <b>C077</b> ) has time out.
			OFF	When the communications watchdog timer is satisfied by regular communications activity.
33	LOG1	Logic Output Function 1	ON OFF	When the Boolean operation specified by C143 has a logical "1" result.  When the Boolean operation specified by C143
24	LOG2	Logic Output Function 2	ON	has a logical "0" result.  When the Boolean operation specified by C146
34	2002	Logic Output i diletion 2	OFF	has a logical "1" result.  When the Boolean operation specified by C146
25	1000	Logio Output Function C		has a logical "0" result.  When the Boolean operation specified by C149
35	LOG3	Logic Output Function 3	ON OFF	has a logical "1" result.  When the Boolean operation specified by C149
				has a logical "0" result.
39	WAC	Capacitor Life Warning Signal	ON	Lifetime of internal capacitor has expired.
40	WAF	Cooling Fan Warning	OFF ON	Lifetime of internal capacitor has not expired.  Lifetime of cooling fan has expired.
40	VVAF	Signal		
			OFF	Lifetime of cooling fan has not expired.

	Terminal Symbol FR	Function Name		Description
41	FR			Description
		Starting Contact Signal	ON	Either FW or RV command is given to the inverter.
			OFF	No FW or RV command is given to the inverter, or both are given to the inverter.
42	OHF	Heat Sink Overheat Warning	ON	Temperature of the heat sink exceeds a specified value ( <b>C064</b> ).
			OFF	Temperature of the heat sink does not exceed a specified value ( <b>C064</b> ).
43	LOC	Low load detection	ON	Motor current is less than the specified value ( <b>C039</b> ).
			OFF	Motor current is not less than the specified value (C039).
44	MO1	General Output 1	ON OFF	General output 1 is ON. General output 1 is OFF.
45	MO2	General Output 2	ON	General output 2 is ON.
			OFF	General output 2 is OFF.
46	MO3	General Output 3	ON	General output 3 is ON.
F0	IRDY	Invertor Boody Signal	OFF	General output 3 is OFF.  Inverter can receive a run command.
50	ועטו	Inverter Ready Signal	ON OFF	Inverter can receive a run command.  Inverter cannot receive a run command.
51	FWR	Forward Rotation	ON	Inverter is driving the motor in forward direction.
			OFF	Inverter is not driving the motor in forward direction.
52	RVR	Reverse Rotation	ON OFF	Inverter is driving the motor in reverse direction.  Inverter is not driving the motor in reverse direction.
53	MJA	Major Failure Signal	ON OFF	Inverter is tripping with major failure.  Inverter is normal, or is not tripping with major failure.
54	WCO	Window Comparator for Analog Voltage Input	ON	Analog voltage input value is inside of the window comparator.
			OFF	Analog voltage input value is outside of the window comparator.
55	WCOI	Window Comparator for Analog Current Input	ON	Analog current input value is inside of the window comparator.
			OFF	Analog current input value is outside of the window comparator.
58	FREF	Frequency Command Source	ON OFF	Frequency command is given from the operator.
		Jource	OFF	Frequency command is not given from the operator.
59	REF	Run Command Source	ON	Run command is given from the operator.
	CCTN4	and Motor Calastian	OFF	Run command is not given from the operator.
60	SETM	2 <sup>nd</sup> Motor Selection	ON OFF	2 <sup>nd</sup> motor is being selected. 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor is not being selected.
62	EDM	STO (Safe Torque Off) Performance Monitor	ON	STO is being performed.
		(Output terminal 11 only)	OFF	STO is not being performed.
63	OPO	Option card output	ON OFF	(output terminal for option card).
64	GSS	GS synchronization	ON	(output terminal for option card). GS1/2 signal is synchronized.
(	Ver.3.2 or after)	output	OFF	GS1/2 signal is NOT synchronized.
255	no	No assignment	ON	(input ignored)
	·		OFF	(input ignored)

## **Motor Constants Functions**



NOTE: Marking [ ✓ ],[ 🗙 ],[ \*1 ],in the table show following meaning. ✓ : Configuration changes are possible during operation.

**X**: You cannot change the parameters during operation.

\*1: In case of (b031) soft lock selections"10", parameter changing during operation is possible.

	"H" Fu	ınction	Run	Default	S
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
H001	Auto-tuning selection	Three option codes:  00Disabled  01Enabled with motor stop  02Enabled with motor rotation	×	00	-
H002	Motor constant selection	Two option codes:  00Hitachi standard motor  02Auto tuned data	×	00	-
H202	Motor constant selection, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	02Auto tuned data	×	00	-
H003	Motor capacity	Sixteen selections: 0.1/0.2/0.4/0.55/0.75/1.1/1.5/2.2/	×	Specified by the capacity of	kW
H203	Motor capacity, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	3.0/3.7/4.0/5.5/7.5/11/15/18.5	×	each inverter model	kW
H004	Motor poles setting	Twenty four selections:	×	4	pole
H204	Motor poles setting, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	274707-740740	×	4	pole
H005	Motor speed response constant	Set range is 1 to 1000	✓	100.	-
H205	Motor speed response constant, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor		✓	100.	-
H006	Motor stabilization constant	Motor constant (factory set), range is 0 to 255	✓	100.	-
H206	Motor stabilization constant, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor	g	✓	100.	-
H020	Motor constant R1 (Hitachi motor)	0.001~65.535Ω	×		Ω
H220	Motor constant R1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Hitachi motor)		×		Ω
H021	Motor constant R2 (Hitachi motor)	0.001~65.535Ω	×		Ω
H221	Motor constant R2, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Hitachi motor)		×		Ω
H022	Motor constant L (Hitachi motor)	0.01~655.35mH	×	Specified by the capacity of	mH
H222	Motor constant L, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Hitachi motor)		×	each inverter mode	mH
H023	Motor constant I0 (Hitachi motor)	0.01~655.35A			Α
H223	Motor constant I0, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Hitachi motor)		×		Α
H024	Motor constant J (Hitachi motor)	0.001~9999 kgm <sup>2</sup>	×		kgm <sup>2</sup>
H224	Motor constant J, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Hitachi motor)		×		kgm²

	"H" Fı	Run	Default	S	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
H030	Motor constant R1 (Auto tuned data)	0.001~65.535Ω	×		Ω
H230	Motor constant R1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Auto tuned data)		×		Ω
H031	Motor constant R2 (Auto tuned data)	0.001~65.535Ω	×		Ω
H231	Motor constant R2, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Auto tuned data)		×		Ω
H032	Motor constant L (Auto tuned data)	0.01~655.35mH	×	Specified by the capacity of	mH
H232	Motor constant L, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Auto tuned data)		×	each inverter mode	mH
H033	Motor constant I0 (Auto tuned data)	0.01~655.35A	×		Α
H233	Motor constant I0, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Auto tuned data)		×		А
H034	Motor constant J (Auto tuned data)	0.001~9999 kgm <sup>2</sup>	×		kgm²
H234	Motor constant J, 2 <sup>nd</sup> motor (Auto tuned data)		×		kgm²
H050	Slip compensation P gain for V/f control with FB	0.00-10.00	✓	0.2	Times
H051	Slip compensation I gain for V/f control with FB	01000.	✓	2.	S

## **PM Motor Constants Functions**

"H" Function			Run Defa		ılts	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units	
H102	PM motor code setting	00Hitachi standard (Use H106-H110 at motor constants) 01Auto-Tuning (Use H109-H110, H111-H113 at motor constants)	×	00	-	
H103	PM motor capacity	0.1/0.2/0.4/0.55/0.75/1.1/1.5/2.2/ 3.0/3.7/4.0/5.5/7.5/11.0/15.0/18.5	×	kW dependent	kW	
H104	PM motor pole setting	2/4/6/8/10/12/14/16/18/20/22/24/26/ 28/30/32/34/36/38/40/42/44/46/48	×	kW dependent	Pole	
H105	PM Rated Current	(0.00-1.00) × Rated current of the inverter [A]	×	kW dependent	А	
H106	PM const R(Resistance)	0.001-65.535 [Ω]	×	kW dependent	Ω	
H107	PM const Ld (d-axis inductance)	0.01-655.35 [mH]	×	kW dependent	mH	
H108	PM const Lq (q-axis inductance)	0.01-655.35 [mH]	×	kW dependent	mH	
H109	PM const Ke (Induction voltage constant)	0.0001-6.5535 [V/(rad/s)]	×	kW dependent	V/(rad/ s)	

"H" Function				Defaults	
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
H110	PM const J (Moment of inertia)	0.001-9999.000 [kgm²]	×	kW dependent	kgm²
H111	PM const R (Resistance, Auto)	0.001-65.535 [Ω]	×	kW dependent	Ω
H112	PM const Ld (d-axis inductance, Auto)	0.01-655.35 [mH]	×	kW dependent	mH
H113	PM const Lq (q-axis inductance, Auto)	0.01-655.35 [mH]	×	kW dependent	mH
H116	PM Speed Response	1-1000 [%]	✓	100	%
H117	PM Starting Current	20.00-100.00 [%]	×	70.00[%]	%
H118	PM Starting Time	0.01-60.00 [s]	×	1.00[s]	S
H119	PM Stabilization Constant	0-120 [%]	✓	100[%]	%
H121	PM Minimum Frequency	0.0-25.5 [%]	✓	8.0 [%]	%
H122	PM No-Load Current	0.00-100.00 [%]	✓	10.00 [%]	%
H123	PM Starting Method Select	00 Normal 01 Initial Magnet Position Estimation	×	0	-
H131	PM Initial Magnet Position Estimation 0V Wait Times	0-255	×	10	-
H132	PM Initial Magnet Position Estimation Detect Wait Times	0-255	×	10	-
H133	PM Initial Magnet Position Estimation Detect Times	0-255	×	30	-
H134	PM Initial Magnet Position Estimation Voltage Gain	0-200	×	100	-

## **Expansion Card Functions**



NOTE: Marking [ ✓ ],[ ★ ],[ \*1 ],in the table show following meaning.
✓: Configuration changes are possible during operation.

**X**: You cannot change the parameters during operation.

\*1: In case of (b031) soft lock selections"10", parameter changing during operation is possible.

<sup>&</sup>quot;P" parameters will be appeared when the expansion option is connected.

	"P" Function			Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
P001	Reaction when option card error occurs	Two option codes:  00Inverter trips  01Ignores the error (Inverter continues operation)	*1	00	-
P003	[EA] terminal selection	Three option codes:  00Speed reference (incl. PID)  01For control with encoder feedback  02Extended terminal for EzSQ	×	00	-
P004	Pulse train input mode selection for feedback	Four option codes:  00Single-phase pulse [EA]  012-phase pulse (90° difference) 1  ([EA] and [EB])  022-phase pulse (90° difference) 2  ([EA] and [EB])  03Single-phase pulse [EA] and direction signal [EB]	×	00	
P011	Encoder pulse setting	Sets the pulse number (ppr) of the encoder, set range is 32 to1024 pulses	×	512.	-
P012	Simple positioning selection	Two option codes: <b>00</b> simple positioning deactivated <b>01</b> simple positioning activated	×	00	-
P014	Creep pulse ratio	0.0 to 400.0[%]	X	125.0	%
P015	Creep Speed	Set range is start frequency ( <b>b082</b> ) to 10.00 Hz	*1	5.00	Hz
P017	Positioning completion range	0 to 10000 [pulse]	×	50	Pulse
P026	Over-speed error detection level	Set range is 0.0 to 150.0%	*1	115.0	%
P027	Speed deviation error detection level	Set range is 0.00 to 120.00 Hz	*1	10.00	Hz
P031	Acceleration/Deceleration setting source selection	00Operator, 03EzSQ	×	00	-
P033	Torque command input selection	Four option codes:  00Analog voltage input [O]  01Analog current input [OI]  03Operator, 06Option	×	00	-
P034	Torque command level input	Set range is 0 to 200%	✓	0.	%
P036	Torque bias mode selection	Three option codes: 00No bias 01Operator 05Option	×	00	-
P037	Torque bias value setting	Range is -200 to 200%	✓	0.	%

	"P" Function			Defaul	ts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
P038	Torque bias polarity selection	Two option codes:  00According to the sign  01According to the rotation direction	×	00	-
P039	Speed limit of Torque control (Forward rotation)	Set range is 0.00~120.00Hz.	×	0.00	Hz
P040	Speed limit of Torque control (Reverse rotation)	Set range is 0.00~120.00Hz.	×	0.00	Hz
P041	Speed / Torque control switching time	Set range is 0 to 1000 ms.	×	0.	ms
P044	Communication watchdog timer (for option)	Set range is 0.00 to 99.99s.	×	1.00	s
P045	Inverter action on communication error (for option)	<ul> <li>00(tripping),</li> <li>01(tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor),</li> <li>02(ignoring errors),</li> <li>03(stopping the motor after free-running),</li> <li>04(decelerating and stopping the motor)</li> </ul>	×	00	-
P046	DeviceNet polled I/O: Output instance number	00 to 20	×	1	-
P048	Inverter action on communication idle mode	<ul> <li>00(tripping),</li> <li>01(tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor),</li> <li>02(ignoring errors),</li> <li>03(stopping the motor after free-running),</li> <li>04(decelerating and stopping the motor)</li> </ul>	×	00	-
P049	Motor poles setting for RPM	0/2/4/6/8/10/12/14/16/18/20/22/24/ 26/28/30/32/34/36/38/40/42/44/46/48	×	0	Pole
P055	Pulse train input frequency scale setting	Sets the pulse numbers at max. frequency, set range is 1.0~32.0 kHz	*1	25.0	kHz
P056	Pulse train input frequency filter time constant setting	Set range is 0.01~2.00 s.	*1	0.10	s.
P057	Pulse train input bias setting	Set range is –100~100 %	*1	0.	%
P058	Limitation of the pulse train input setting	Set range is 0~100 %	*1	100.	%
P059	Lower cut off level of the input pulse	0.01 to 20.00[%]	*1	1.00	%
P060	Multistage position 0	P073 to P072	✓	0	Pulse
P061	Multistage position 1	(Displayed higher 4-digits only)	✓	0	Pulse
P062	Multistage position 2		✓	0	Pulse
P063	Multistage position 3		✓	0	Pulse
P064	Multistage position 4		✓	0	Pulse
P065	Multistage position 5		✓	0	Pulse
P066	Multistage position 6		✓	0	Pulse
P067	Multistage position 7		✓	0	Pulse
P068	Homing mode selection	00Low speed mode 01High speed mode	✓	00	-
P069	Homing direction	<ul><li>00Forward rotation side</li><li>01Reverse rotation side</li></ul>	✓	01	-

	"P" Fui	nction	Run	Defaul	ts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
P070	Low speed homing freq.	0.00 to 10.00Hz	✓	5.00	Hz
P071	High speed homing freq.	0.00 to 400.00Hz (Upper limit A004 value)	✓	5.00	Hz
P072	Position range (Forward)	0 to +268435455 (Higher 4-digits displayed)	✓	+2684354 55	Pulse
P073	Position range (Reverse)	-268435455 to 0 (Higher 4-digits displayed)	✓	-2684354 55	Pulse
P075	Positioning mode selection	00With limitation 01No limitation (shorter route) P004 is to be set 00 or 01	×	00	1
P077	Encoder disconnection timeout	0.0 to 10.0 s	✓	1.0	S
P080	Positioning restart range	0 to 9999. /1000 (10000) [pulse]	X	0	Pulse
P081	Store position at power off selection	<b>00</b> Not store <b>01</b> Store	*1	00	-
P082	Current position at power off	P073 to P072 (upper four digits are shown)	✓	0	Pulse
P083	Preset position data	P073 to P072 (upper four digits are shown)	✓	0	Pulse
P100 - P131	EzSQ user parameter U(00) ~ U(31)	Each set range is 0~65535	<b>✓</b>	0.	-
P140	EzCOM number of data	1 to 5	<b>√</b>	5	_
P141	EzCOM destination 1 adderss	1 to 247	<b>√</b>	1	_
P142	EzCOM destination 1 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>√</b>	0000	_
P143	EzCOM source 1 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>√</b>	0000	-
P144	EzCOM destination 2 adderss	1 to 247	<b>✓</b>	2	-
P145	EzCOM destination 2 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>✓</b>	0000	-
P146	EzCOM source 2 register	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P147	EzCOM destination 3 adderss	1 to 247	<b>✓</b>	3	-
P148	EzCOM destination 3 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>√</b>	0000	-
P149	EzCOM source 3 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>✓</b>	0000	-
P150	EzCOM destination 4 adderss	1 to 247	<b>√</b>	4	-
P151	EzCOM destination 4 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>√</b>	0000	_
P152	EzCOM source 4 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>✓</b>	0000	-
P153	EzCOM destination 5 adderss	1 to 247	<b>√</b>	5	-
P154	EzCOM destination 5 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>√</b>	0000	_
P155	EzCOM source 5 register	0000h to FFFFh	<b>√</b>	0000	_
P160	Option I/F command register to write 1	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P161	Option I/F command register to write 2	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P162	Option I/F command register to write 3	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P163	Option I/F command register to write 4	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P164	Option I/F command register to write 5	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P165	Option I/F command register to write 6	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-

	"P" Function			Defau	lts
Func. Code	Name	Description	Mode Edit	Initial data	Units
P166	Option I/F command register to write 7	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P167	Option I/F command register to write 8	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P168	Option I/F command register to write 9	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P169	Option I/F command register to write 10	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P170	Option I/F command register to read 1	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P171	Option I/F command register to read 2	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P172	Option I/F command register to read 3	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P173	Option I/F command register to read 4	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P174	Option I/F command register to read 5	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P175	Option I/F command register to read 6	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P176	Option I/F command register to read 7	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P177	Option I/F command register to read 8	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P178	Option I/F command register to read 9	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P179	Option I/F command register to read 10	0000h to FFFFh	✓	0000	-
P180	Profibus Node address	0 to 125	×	0.	-
P181	Profibus Clear Node address	00Clear 01Not Clear	×	00	-
P182	Profibus Map selection	00PPO 01Conventional 02Fixible Mode Format Selection	×	00	-
P185	CANOpen Node address	0 to 127	X	0	-
P186	CANOpen speed selection	00 to 08	X	06	-
P190	CompoNet Node address	0 to 63	X	0	-
P192	DeviceNet MAC ID	0 to 63	X	63	-
P195	ML2 frame length	00 (32bytes) / 01(17bytes)	X	00	-
P196	ML2 Node address	21h to 3Eh	×	21h	h
P900	Single-phase encoder pulse input half cycle / whole cycle select	00Half cycle 01Whole cycle	*1	00	-
P901	Filter time constant for speed detection	It effects speed detection by encoder pulse input, range is 0 to 9999 ms.	*1	20	ms

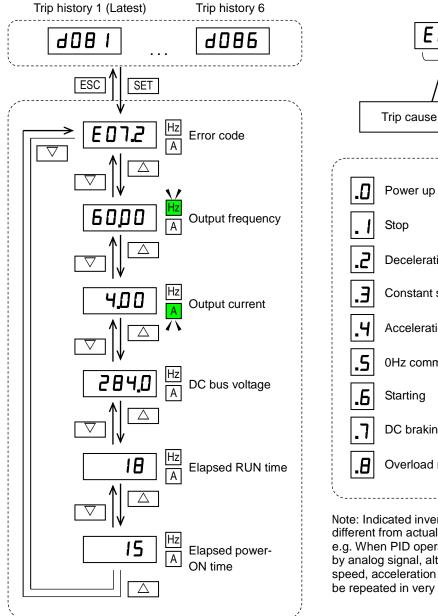
 $<sup>\</sup>divideontimes$  For P200 to P400 and U001 to U032, refer to the parameter list in the instruction manual and the detailed explanation on the reference page.

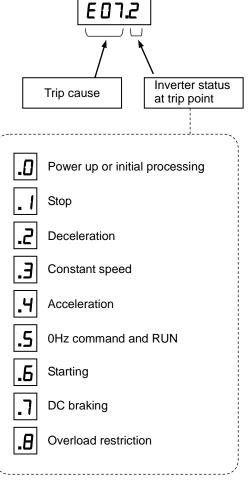
# Monitoring Trip Events, History, & Conditions

### **Trip History and Inverter Status**

We recommend that you first find the cause of the fault before clearing it. When a fault occurs, the inverter stores important performance data at the moment of the fault. To access the data, use the monitor function (dxxx) and select d081 details about the present fault. The previous 5 faults are stored in d082 to d086. Each error shifts d081-d085 to d082-d086, and writes the new error to d081.

The following Monitor Menu map shows how to access the error codes. When fault(s) exist, you can review their details by first selecting the proper function: **d081** is the most recent, and **d086** is the oldest.





Note: Indicated inverter status could be different from actual inverter behavior. e.g. When PID operation or frequency given by analog signal, although it seems constant speed, acceleration and deceleration could be repeated in very short cycle.

## **Error Codes**

An error code will appear on the display automatically when a fault causes the inverter to trip. The following table lists the cause associated with the error.

Error	Name	Cause(s)
Code		
E01	Over-current event while at constant speed	The inverter output was short-circuited, or the motor shaft is locked or has a heavy load. These conditions cause
E02	Over-current event during deceleration	excessive current for the inverter, so the inverter output is turned OFF.
E03	Over-current event during acceleration	The dual-voltage motor is wired incorrectly.
E04	Over-current event during other conditions	
E05	Overload protection	When a motor overload is detected by the electronic thermal function, the inverter trips and turns OFF its output.
E06	Braking resistor overload protection	When the BRD operation rate exceeds the setting of "b090", this protective function shuts off the inverter output and displays the error code.
E07	Over-voltage protection	When the DC bus voltage exceeds a threshold, due to regenerative energy from the motor.
E08	EEPROM error	When the built-in EEPROM memory has problems due to noise or excessive temperature, the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the motor.
E09	Under-voltage error	A decrease of internal DC bus voltage below a threshold results in a control circuit fault. This condition can also generate excessive motor heat or cause low torque. The inverter trips and turns OFF its output.
E10	Current detection error	If an error occurs in the internal current detection system, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code.
E11	CPU error	A malfunction in the built-in CPU has occurred, so the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the motor.
E12	External trip	A signal on an intelligent input terminal configured as EXT has occurred. The inverter trips and turns OFF the output to the motor.
E13	USP	When the Unattended Start Protection (USP) is enabled, an error occurred when power is applied while a Run signal is present. The inverter trips and does not go into Run Mode until the error is cleared.
E14	Ground fault	The inverter is protected by the detection of ground faults between the inverter output and the motor upon during powerup tests. This feature protects the inverter, and does not protect humans.
E15	Input over-voltage	The inverter tests for input over-voltage after the inverter has been in Stop Mode for 100 seconds. If an over-voltage condition exists, the inverter enters a fault state. After the fault is cleared, the inverter can enter Run Mode again.
E19	Inverter thermal detection system error	When the thermal sensor in the inverter module is not connected.
E21	Inverter thermal trip	When the inverter internal temperature is above the threshold, the thermal sensor in the inverter module detects the excessive temperature of the power devices and the inverter trips, turning the inverter output OFF.
E22	CPU communication error	When communication between two CPU fails, inverter trips and displays the error code.

Error Code	Name	Cause(s)
E25	Main circuit error (*3)	The inverter will trip if the power supply establishment is not recognized because of a malfunction due to noise or damage to the main circuit element.
E30	Driver error	An internal inverter error has occurred at the safety protection circuit between the CPU and main driver unit. Excessive electrical noise may be the cause. The inverter has turned OFF the IGBT module output.
E35	Thermistor	When a thermistor is connected to terminals [5] and [L] and the inverter has sensed the temperature is too high, the inverter trips and turns OFF the output.
E36	Braking error	When "01" has been specified for the Brake Control Enable (b120), the inverter will trip if it cannot receive the braking confirmation signal within the Brake Wait Time for Confirmation (b124) after the output of the brake release signal.
<b>E37</b>	Safe Stop	Safe stop signal is given.
E38	Low-speed overload protection	If overload occurs during the motor operation at a very low speed, the inverter will detect the overload and shut off the inverter output.
E40	Operator connection	When the connection between inverter and operator keypad failed, inverter trips and displays the error code.
E41	Modbus communication error	When "trip" is selected (C076=00) as a behavior in case of communication error, inverter trips when timeout happens.
E43	EzSQ invalid instruction	The program stored in inverter memory has been destroyed, or the PRG terminal was turned on without a program downloaded to the inverter.
E44	EzSQ nesting count error	Subroutines, if-statement, or for-next loop are nested in more than eight layers
E45	EzSQ instruction error	Inverter found the command which cannot be executed.
to <b>E59</b>	EzSQ user trip (0 to 9)	When user –defined trip happens, inverter trips and displays the error code.
E60	Option error (DeviceNet Communications error)	If the disconnection due to the Bus-Off signal or timeout occurs during the operation using DeviceNet commands, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code.  (The inverter will trip according to the settings of "P045" and "P048".)
E61	Option error (duplicated MACID)	If two or more devices having the same MAC ID are detected in the same network, the inverter will display the error code shown on the right.
E62	Option error (External trip)	If the Force Fault/Trip bit of Attribute 17 in the Instance 1 of the Control Supervisory object is set to "1", the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code shown on the right.
<b>E63</b> to <b>E68</b>	Option error	The inverter detects errors in the option board mounted in the optional slot.  For details, refer to the instruction manual for the mounted
E69	Option error (inverter communication error)	option board.  If timeout occurs during the communication between the inverter and DeviceNet option board, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code shown on the right.
E80	Encoder disconnection	If the encoder wiring is disconnected, an encoder connection error is detected, the encoder fails, or an encoder that does not support line driver output is used, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code shown on the right.

Error Code	Name	Cause(s)
E81	Excessive speed	If the motor speed rises to "maximum frequency (A004) x over-speed error detection level (P026)" or more, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code.
E83	Positioning range error	If current position exceeds the position range (P072-P073), the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code.
E98	States of GS1 and GS2	States of GS1 and GS2 are inconsistent.
E99	States of GS1/GS2 and EDM	States of GS1/GS2 and EDM are inconsistent.

#### Other indication

Error Code	Name	Descriptions	
Rotating	Reset	RS input is ON or STOP/RESET key is pressed.	
	Undervoltage	If input voltage is under the allowed level, inverter shuts off output and wait with this indication.	
0000	Waiting to restart	This indication is displayed after tripping before restarting.	
0000	Restricted operation command	Commanded RUN direction is restricted in b035.	
_ HE	Trip history initializing	Trip history is being initialized.	
	No data (Trip monitor)	No trip/waning data exists.	
Blinking	Communication error	Communication between inverter and digital operator fails.	
0	Auto-tuning completed	Auto-tuning is completed properly.	
	Auto-tuning error	Auto-tuning fails.	



NOTE: Reset is not allowed in 10 second after trip.

**NOTE**: When error E08, E11,E14 and E30 occur, reset operation by RS terminal or STOP/RESET key is not accepted. In this case, reset by cycling power. If still same error occurs, perform initialization.

## **Restoring Factory Default Settings**

You can restore all inverter parameters to the original factory (default) settings according to area of use. After initializing the inverter, use the powerup test in page 2-23 of the Instruction manual to get the motor running again. If operation mode (std. or high frequency) mode is changed, inverter must be initialized to activate new mode. To initialize the inverter, follow the steps below. If you forget password that restrict setting (b031) and (b037), you cannot cancel it. (So you cannot initialize when software lock is active, you note that the setting password.

- (1) Select initialization mode in **b084**.
- (2) If b084=02, 03 or 04, select initialization target data in b094.
- (3) If **b084=02**, **03** or **04**, select country code in **b085**.
- (4) Set **01** in **b180**.
- (5) The following display appears for a few seconds, and initialization is completed with d001 displayed.
  - \* Please change from"04 (Basic display)" to "00 (Full display)" in parameter b037 (Function code display restriction), in case some parameters cannot be displayed.

## **CE-EMC Installation Guidelines**

You are required to satisfy the EMC directive (2014/30/EU) when using a WJ200 inverter in an EU country.

To satisfy the EMC directive and to comply with standard, you need to use a dedicated EMC filter suitable for each model, and follow the guidelines in this section. Following table shows the compliance condition for reference.

Table 1. Condition for the compliance

Model	Cat.	Carrier f	Motor cable
All WJ200 series	C1	2kHz	20m (Shielded)

Table 2. Applicable EMC filter

Input class Inverter model   Filter model (Schaffne				
Input class	Inverter model	Filter model (Schaffner)		
	WJ200-001SF	<b>-0</b> 0 4000 0 0 -		
1-ph. 200V class	WJ200-002SF	FS24828-8-07		
	WJ200-004SF			
	WJ200-007SF	FS24828-27-07		
	WJ200-015SF			
	WJ200-022SF			
	WJ200-001LF			
	WJ200-002LF	FS24829-8-07		
	WJ200-004LF	F324629-6-07		
	WJ200-007LF			
	WJ200-015LF	FS24829-16-07		
3-ph. 200V class	WJ200-022LF	F324629-16-07		
	WJ200-037LF	FS24829-25-07		
	WJ200-055LF	FS24829-50-07		
	WJ200-075LF	1 324029-30-07		
	WJ200-110LF	FS24829-70-07		
	WJ200-150LF	FS24829-75-07		
	WJ200-004HF	ES24820 6 07		
	WJ200-007HF	FS24830-6-07		
	WJ200-015HF			
	WJ200-022HF	FS24830-12-07		
0 mb 400\/ al	WJ200-030HF			
3-ph. 400V class	WJ200-040HF	FS24830-15-07		
	WJ200-055HF	FC04000 00 07		
	WJ200-075HF	FS24830-29-07		
	WJ200-110HF	FC24020 40 07		
	WJ200-150HF	FS24830-48-07		
0.4401	anda ta barbartalli	and the contract of the first and the		

WJ200-110L and 150H needs to be installed in a metal cabinet and add ferrite core at the input cable to meet category C1. Unless otherwise category C2.

#### Important notes

- 1. Input choke or other equipment is required if necessary to comply with EMC directive from the harmonic distortion point of view (IEC 61000-3-2 and 4).
- 2. If the motor cable length exceeds 20m, use output choke to avoid unexpected problem due to the leakage current from the motor cable (such as malfunction of the thermal relay, vibration of the motor, etc..).
- **3.** As user you must ensure that the HF (high frequency) impedance between adjustable frequency inverter, filter, and ground is as small as possible.
  - Ensure that the connections are metallic and have the largest possible contact areas (zinc-plated mounting plates).
- Avoid conductor loops that act like antennas, especially loops that encompass large areas.
  - Avoid unnecessary conductor loops.
  - Avoid parallel arrangement of low-level signal wiring and power-carrying or noise-prone conductors.
- 5. Use shielded wiring for the motor cable and all analog and digital control lines.
  - Allow the effective shield area of these lines to remain as large as possible; i.e., do
    not strip away the shield (screen) further away from the cable end than absolutely
    necessary.
  - With integrated systems (for example, when the adjustable frequency inverter is communicating with some type of supervisory controller or host computer in the same control cabinet and they are connected at the same ground + PE-potential), connect the shields of the control lines to ground + PE (protective earth) at both ends. With distributed systems (for example the communicating supervisory controller or host computer is not in the same control cabinet and there is a distance between the systems), we recommend connecting the shield of the control lines only at the end connecting to the adjustable frequency inverter. If possible, route the other end of the control lines directly to the cable entry section of the supervisory controller or host computer. The shield conductor of the motor cables always must connect to ground + PE at both ends.
  - To achieve a large area contact between shield and ground + PE-potential, use a PG screw with a metallic shell, or use a metallic mounting clip.
  - Use only cable with braided, tinned copper mesh shield (type "CY") with 85% coverage.
  - The shielding continuity should not be broken at any point in the cable. If the use of reactors, contactors, terminals, or safety switches in the motor output is necessary, the unshielded section should be kept as short as possible.
  - Some motors have a rubber gasket between terminal box and motor housing. Very
    often, the terminal boxes, and particularly the threads for the metal PG screw
    connections, are painted. Make sure there is always a good metallic connection
    between the shielding of the motor cable, the metal PG screw connection, the
    terminal box, and the motor housing. If necessary, carefully remove paint between
    conducting surfaces.
- Take measures to minimize interference that is frequently coupled in through installation cables.
  - Separate interfering cables with 0.25m minimum from cables susceptible to
    interference. A particularly critical point is laying parallel cables over longer
    distances. If two cables intersect (one crosses over the other), the interference is
    smallest if they intersect at an angle of 90°. Cables susceptible to interference
    should therefore only intersect motor cables, intermediate circuit cables, or the
    wiring of a rheostat at right angles and never be laid parallel to them over longer
    distances.

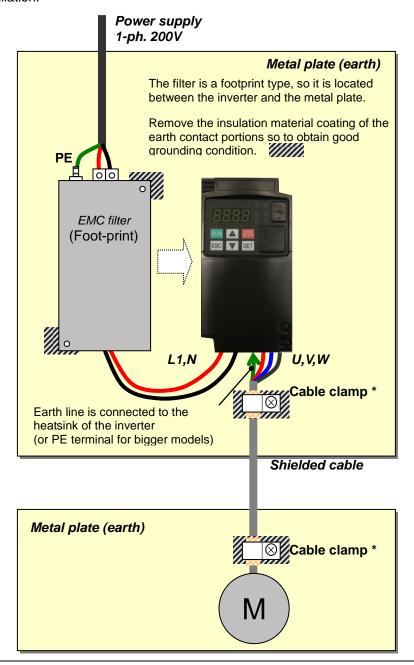
- 7. Minimize the distance between an interference source and an interference sink (interference- threatened device), thereby decreasing the effect of the emitted interference on the interference sink.
  - You should use only interference-free devices and maintain a minimum distance of 0.25 m from the adjustable frequency inverter.
- 8. Follow safety measures in the filter installation.
  - If using external EMC filter, ensure that the ground terminal (PE) of the filter is properly connected to the ground terminal of the adjustable frequency inverter. An HF ground connection via metal contact between the housings of the filter and the adjustable frequency inverter, or solely via cable shield, is not permitted as a protective conductor connection. The filter must be solidly and permanently connected with the ground potential so as to preclude the danger of electric shock upon touching the filter if a fault occurs.

To achieve a protective ground connection for the filter:

- Ground the filter with a conductor of at least 10 mm<sup>2</sup> cross-sectional area.
- Connect a second grounding conductor, using a separate grounding terminal parallel to the protective conductor. (The cross section of each single protective conductor terminal must be sized for the required nominal load.)

### Installation for WJ200 series (example of SF models)

Model LFx (3-ph. 200V class) and HFx (3-ph. 400V class) are same concept for the installation.



\*) Both earth portions of the shielded cable must be connected to the earth point by cable clamps.

Input choke or equipment to reduce harmonic current is necessary for CE marking (IEC 61000-3-2 and IEC61000-3-3) from the harmonic current point of view, even conducted emission and radiated emission passed without the input choke.

#### Hitachi EMC Recommendations



**WARNING:** This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified personal familiar with construction and operation of the equipment and the hazards involved. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.

Use the following checklist to ensure the inverter is within proper operating ranges and conditions.

- 1. The power supply to WJ200 inverters must meet these specifications:
  - Voltage fluctuation ±10% or less
  - Voltage imbalance ±3% or less
  - Frequency variation ±4% or less
  - Voltage distortion THD = 10% or less

#### 2. Installation measure:

 Use a filter designed for WJ200 inverter. Refer to the instruction of the applicable external EMC filter.

#### 3. Wiring:

- Shielded wire (screened cable) is required for motor wiring, and the length must be 20 meter or less.
- If the motor cable length exceeds the value shown above, use output choke to avoid unexpected problem due to the leakage current from the motor cable.
- The carrier frequency setting must be 2 kHz to satisfy EMC requirements.
- Separate the power input and motor wiring from the signal/process circuit wiring.
- **4.** Environmental conditions—when using a filter, follow these guidelines:
  - Ambient temperature: -10 to 50 °C (Derating is required when the ambient temperature of 40 °C or higher.)
  - Humidity: 20 to 90% RH (non-condensing)
  - Vibration: 5.9 m/s² (0.6 G) 10 to 55Hz
  - Location: 1000 meters or less altitude, indoors (no corrosive gas or dust)

# Functional Safety (EN ISO13849-1)

#### Introduction

The Gate Suppress function can be utilized to perform a safe stop according to the EN60204-1, stop category 0 (Uncontrolled stop by power removal) (as STO function of IEC/EN61800-5-2). It is designed to meet the requirements of the ISO13849-1, Cat.3 PL=d, IEC61508 SIL2 and IEC/EN61800-5-2 SIL2 only in a system in which EDM signal is monitored by an "external device monitor".

## Stop Category defined in EN60204-1

Category 0 : Uncontrolled stop by immediate (< 200 ms) shut-down of the power supply to the actuators. (as STO function of IEC/EN61800-5-2)

Category 1 : Controlled stop by interrupting the power supply to the actuator level if, for example, the hazardous movement has been brought to a standstill (time-delayed shut-down of the power supply).

(as SS1 function of IEC/EN61800-5-2)

Category 2: Controlled stop. The power supply to the drive element is not interrupted.

Additional measures to EN 1037 (protection from unexpected restart) are necessary. (as SS2 function of IEC/EN61800-5-2)

#### How it works

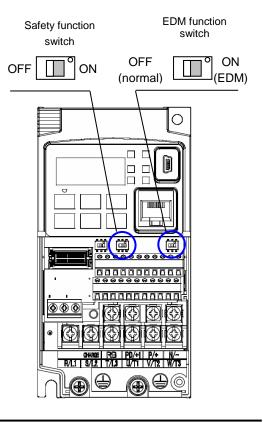
Interrupting the current to GS1 or GS2, for example removing the link between either GS1 or GS2 and PLC or both GS1/GS2 and PLC disables the drive output, i.e. the power supply to the motor is cut by stopping the switching of the output transistors in a safe way. EDM output is activated when GS1 and GS2 are given to the drive.

Always use both inputs to disable the drive. EDM output conducts when both GS1 and GS2 circuits are working properly. If for any reason only one channel is opened, the drive output is stopped but the EDM output is not activated. In this case the Safe Disable input wiring must be checked.

#### **Activation**

Turning on the safety switch automatically assign the GS1 input and GS2 input automatically.

To assign EDM (external device monitor) output,



please turn the EDM function switch on. EDM output is automatically assigned on intelligent output terminal 11.

(When safety switch or EDM switch is turned off, the intelligent input and output terminal assigned on will be set as "no" function, and contact will remain normally off.)

Always use both inputs to disable the drive. If for any reason only one channel is opened, the drive output is stopped but the EDM output is not activated. In this case the Safe Disable input wiring must be checked.

#### Installation

According to the safety standard listed above, please install referring to the example. Please be sure to use the both GS1 and GS2, and construct the system that GS1 and GS2 are both turned off when safety input is given to the inverter.



Be sure to carry out the proof test when installation is ready before operation.

When the Gate Suppress function is utilized, connect the drive to a safety certified interrupting device utilizing EDM output signal to reconfirm both safety inputs GS1 and GS2. Follow the wiring instructions in this QRG and the instruction manual.

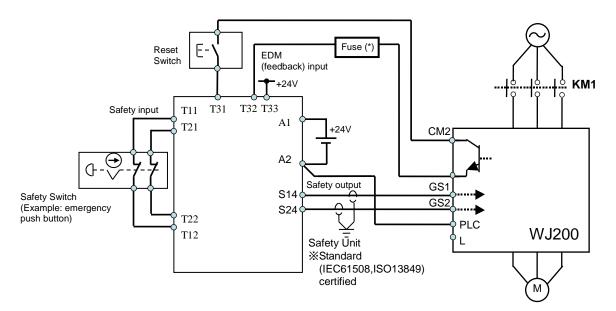
item	Function code	data	description
Input [3] and [4]	C003	77	GS1: Safety input 1 (Note 1)
function	C004	78	GS2 : Safety input 2 (Note 1)
Input [3] and [4]	C013	01	NC: Normally Closed (Note 1)
active state	C014	01	NC: Normally Closed (Note 1)
Output [11] function	C021	62	EDM : External Device Monitor(Note2)
Output [11] active state	C031	00	NO: Normally Open (Note 2)

Note 1) They are automatically set when safety switch is turned ON, cannot be changed.

Note 2) Those are automatically assigned when EDM switch is turned ON, cannot be changed.

### Wiring example

When the Gate Suppress function is utilized, connect the drive to a safety certified interrupting device utilizing EDM output signal to reconfirm both safety inputs GS1 and GS2. Follow the wiring instructions in the Instruction manual page 4-14.





(\*) Specification of the fuse:

The arch extinguishing fuse with rated voltage AC250V, rated current 100mA complies to either IEC6127 –2/-3/-4

Example)

SOC··· http://www.socfuse.com

EQ series AC250V, 100mA (UL, SEMKO, BSI)

Littlefuse · · · http://www.littelfuse.co.ip

216 series AC250V, 100mA (CCC, UL, CSA, SEMKO, CE, VDE)

Any external signal voltage connected to the WJ200 must be from a SELV Power Supply.

By pressing the emergency stop button, the current to GS1 and GS2 is shut off, and the inverter output is shut off. By this, motor is free-running. This behavior is according to the stop category 0 defined in EN60204.

- Note 1: Above is the example to use the intelligent input terminal with source logic. When it is used with sink logic, the wiring is to be modified.
- Note 2: The wire for safety relay and emergency input signal are to be shielded coaxial cable for example RS174/U (produced by LAPP) by MIL-C17, or KX2B by NF C 93-550 with diameter 2.9mm with less than 2 meters. Please be sure to ground the shielding.
- Note 3: All the inductance related parts such as relay and contactor are required to contain the over-voltage protection circuit.

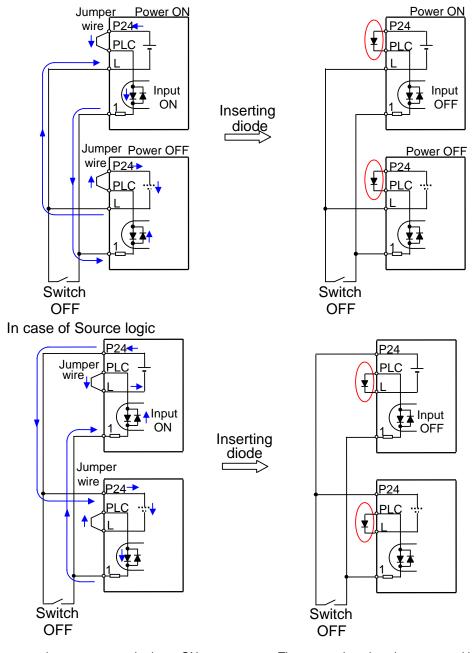


As described on page 4-14 of the Instruction manual, inverter doesn't block the current flowing into itself when it is not powered. This may cause the closed circuit when two or more inverters are connected to common I/O wiring as shown below to result in unexpected turning the on the input. This may lead to dangerous situation. To avoid this closed circuit, please put the diode (rated:50V/0.1A) in the path as described below.



IF the protection diodes used when the units are in wired parallel are only single diodes then their condition would be checked as part of the proof test.

#### In case of Sink logic



The current loop cause turn the input ON even the switch is off when diode is not inserted.

The current loop is to be prevented by inserting diode instead of Jumper wire.

### Components to be combined

Followings are the example of the safety devices to be combined.

Series	Model	Norms to comply	
GS9A 301		ISO13849-2 cat4, SIL3	
G9SX GS226-T15-RC		IEC61508 SIL1-3	
NE1A	SCPU01-V1	IEC61508 SIL3	

The configuration of and components used in any circuit other than an appropriately pre-approved safety module that interfaces with the WJ200 GS1/GS2 and EDM ports MUST be at least equivalent to Cat.3 PLd under ISO 13849-1:2006 in order to be able to claim an overall Cat.3 PLd for the WJ200 and external circuit combination.

The EMI level that the external module has been assessed to must be at least equivalent to that of Annex E in IEC 62061.

### Periodical check (proof test)

Proof test is essential to be able to reveal any dangerous undetected failures after a period of time, in this case 1 year. Carrying out this proof test at least one a year is the condition to comply the ISO13849-1 PLd.

- To activate (give current to) GS1 and GS2 simultaneously and separately to see output is allowed and EDM is conducting

Terminal	Status				
GS1	current OFF current ON		current OFF	current ON	
GS2	current OFF	current OFF	current ON	current ON	
EDM	conducted	not conducted	Not conducted	not conducted	
(output)	forbidden	forbidden	forbidden	Allowed	

- To activate (give current to) both GS1 and GS2 to see output is allowed and EDM is not conducting
- To activate (give current to) GS1, not to activate GS2 and see output is forbidden and EDM is not conducting
- To activate (give current to) GS2, not to activate GS1 and see output is forbidden and EDM is not conducting
- To deactivate (interrupt current to) both GS1 and GS2 to see output is forbidden and EDM is conducting

Be sure to carry out the prooftest when installation is ready before operation.



IF the protection diodes used when the units are in wired parallel are only single diodes then their condition would be checked as part of the proof test. Check to reconfirm that the diodes are not damaged when proof test is done.

## **Warning and Precautions**

To assure, that the Safe Disable function appropriately fulfills the safety requirements
of the application, a throughout risk assessment for the whole safety system has to be
carried out.



- The Safe Disable function does not cut the power supply to the drive and does not provide electrical isolation. Before any installation or maintenance work is done, the drives power supply must be switched off and place a tag/lock-out.
- 3. The wiring distance for the Safe Disable inputs should be shorter than 30 m.
- 4. The time from opening the Safe Disable input until the drive output is switched off is less than 10 ms.
- The digital outputs (relay and/or open collector) available on the drive must not be considered as safety related signals. The outputs of the external safety relay must be used for integration into a safety related control/command circuit.



6. Dangerous voltage exists even after the Safe Stop is activated. It does NOT mean that the main power has been removed.

#### EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (Copy)

We, Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd., of 1-1, Higashinarashino 7-chome, Narashino-shi, Chiba 275-8611 Japan declare under our sole responsibility that:-

the Hitachi Sanki WJ200 series of Inverter Drivers which consists of 27 models ranging from motor capacity 0.1kW to 15kW with the exact designated model numbers for the WJ200 series detailed as follows.

WJ200-(I)(II)(III)(IV)

(I)= 001, 002, 004, 007, 015, 022, 030, 037, 040, 055, 075, 110 or 150

(which stands for the applicable motor capacity in kW)

(II) = S, L or H

(S=single phase 200V power system;

L=3 phases 200V power system,

H=3 phases 400V power system)

(III) = F (product is provided with keypad)

(IV) = blank (These model numbers appear on the respective labels of these drives)

Serial number / (s) / range.....all models having the model code above

conforms to applicable Essential Health and Safety Requirements of the EU Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC) and the Protection Requirements of the EU EMC Directive (2014/30/EU).

The name and address of the person authorized to compile the technical file, established in the Community is:-

Hitachi Europe GmbH

Niederkasseler Lohweg 191, 40547 Duesseldorf, Germany.

An EC Type Examination Certificate (Nr. 01/205/5342.02/18) has been issued by Notified Body (0035) under the EU Machinery Directive by TUV Rheinland Industrie Services GmbH of Alboinstr, 58 12103 Berlin Germany.

Harmonised standards used to support this Declaration of Conformity as referred to in Article 7(2), include:-

Harmonised standards forming the basis of conformity for the EU Machinery Directive

IEC61800-5-2:2016

EN ISO 13849-1:2015

EN61800-5-1:2007

EN62061:2005/A2:2015

EN60204-1:2016

Harmonised standards forming the basis of conformity for the EU EMC Directive FN61800-3:2004/A1:2012

Place and date of the declaration:-

(left blank for DoC on user manual)

Identity and signature of the person empowered to draw up the declaration on behalf of the manufacturer

(left blank for DoC on user manual)